



EUROPEAN
COMMISSION

Brussels, **XXX**
SANTE/10785/2016 ANNEX
(POOL/E4/2016/10785/10785-EN
ANNEX.doc)
[...](2016) **XXX** draft

ANNEX 1

ANNEX

to the

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) .../...

**approving calcium magnesium oxide (burnt dolomitic lime) as an existing active
substance for use in biocidal products of product-types 2 and 3**

ANNEX

Common Name	IUPAC Name Identification Numbers	Minimum degree of purity of the active substance ¹	Date of approval	Expiry date of approval	Prod uct type	Specific conditions
Calcium magnesium oxide (burnt dolomitic lime)	IUPAC Name: Calcium magnesium oxide EC No: 253-425-0 CAS No: 37247-91-9	800 g/kg (The value provides the content of Ca and Mg expressed as the sum of CaO and MgO. The minimum value for MgO in burnt dolomitic lime is 30% based on magnesium expressed as magnesium oxide content)	1 May 2018	30 April 2028	2	The authorisations of biocidal products are subject to the following conditions: 1) The product assessment shall pay particular attention to the exposures, the risks and the efficacy linked to any use covered by an application for authorisation, but not addressed in the Union-level risk assessment of the active substance. 2) In view of the risks identified for the uses assessed, the product assessment shall pay particular attention to industrial and professional users.
					3	The authorisations of biocidal products are subject to the following conditions: 1) The product assessment shall pay particular attention to the exposures, the risks and the efficacy linked to any use covered by an application for authorisation, but not addressed in the Union-level risk assessment of the active substance. 2) In view of the risks identified for the uses assessed, the product assessment shall pay particular attention to professional users.

¹ The purity indicated in this column was the minimum degree of purity of the active substance evaluated in accordance with Article 89(1) of Regulation (EU) No 528/2012. The active substance in the product placed on the market can be of equal or different purity if it has been proven to be technically equivalent to the evaluated active substance.