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Committee on Import Licensing

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REPLIES TO THE QUESTIONNAIRE ON IMPORT LICENSING PROCEDURES¹

Notification under Article 7.3 of the Agreement on Import Licensing Procedures

EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

Addendum

Import Licensing Procedures for WTO Tariff Quotas for Manioc

Outline of systems

1. The object of the import licensing system is to ensure a sound administration of the EC's WTO tariff rate quota for 5,500,000 tonnes of manioc. The relevant legislation related to the import licensing system for these tariff quotas is mentioned in the reply to question 5. As regards the requirements for applicants for import licenses see reply to question 6.

Purpose and coverage of licensing

2. See answer to question 1. The product covered by the tariff rate quota is as follows:

Description of products	Tariff item number(s)
Manioc	0714 10

- 3. The system applies in the European Community to manioc originating in Thailand.
- 4. See answer to question 1. As referred to in the answer to question 1, the licensing system covers the relevant WTO tariff quota. The EC considers the method adopted to be the most appropriate to administer this tariff rate quota.
- 5. The relevant legislation for the administration of import licences for this tariff rate quota is: Commission Regulation (EC) No 2781/99 of 27 November 1999 (OJ L 334).

The licensing is statutorily required. The legislation does not leave designation of products to be subjected to licensing to administrative discretion. The system cannot be abolished without legislative approval.

Procedures

6. Answer to questions 6.I to VIII and to 6.XI and 6.X. Question 6.IX is not relevant.

¹ See G/LIC/3, Annex, for the Questionnaire.

The information related to the allocation of the quotas and the formalities for licence application is published in the Official Journal of the European Communities (see answer to question 5). There is no derogation from the licensing requirement.

The tariff quota is an annual tariff quota.

The imports under the tariff quota are subject to the presentation of an import licence which is issued subject to the submission of an export certificate to the European Community issued by the Department of Foreign Trade, Ministry of Commerce, Government of Thailand. Application for import licences have to be submitted to the competent authorities in the Member States accompanied by the export certificate. The import licence has to be issued on the fifth working day following the day on which the application was lodged, unless the Commission has informed the competent authorities of the Member States that the conditions laid down in the relevant legislation have not been fulfilled.

- 7. Question 7 related to no quantitative limits is not relevant in the present case.
- 8. The application for an import licence can only be refused if the relevant criteria are not fulfilled. Applicants can appeal to courts in the Member States according to the legislation in force in the respective Member States.

Eligibility of importers to apply for licence

9. There is no specific requirement to be eligible to apply for licences. There is no specific system of registration necessary for the application of an import licence.

Documentational and other requirements for application for licence

- 10. A specimen of the import licence is included in the EC Regulations set out in answer to question 10 of the main notification for 2000. Regarding the information required, see the import licence and Commission Regulation (EC) No 2781/99 of 27 December 1999 (published in OJ L 334, page 22).
- 11. The import licence and the export certificate.
- 12. No.
- 13. The issuance of the import licence is subject to a security in order to guarantee that the imported quantities do not exceed the quantities covered by the import licence.

Conditions of licensing

- 14. The period of validity of the import licence corresponds to the period of validity of the export certificate plus 30 days (i.e. 150 from the date of issue).
- 15. The non-utilisation of an import licence implies that the security is not released. In the case of partial use of the import licence, the security is partially released.
- 16. Licences are not transferable.
- 17. No.

Other procedural requirements

18. No.

19. Not relevant.