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Negotiating Group on Maritime Transport Services

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COMMUNICATION FROM TURKEY

Conditional Offer on Maritime Transport Services

The following communication is circulated at the request of Turkey to the Members of the Negotiating Group on Maritime Transport Services.

Attached is an improved draft offer by Turkey for an aggregated package. This new draft offer, which fully covers all three pillars and multimodal transport services, is conditional upon a matching offer being tabled by the other major partners. Turkey reserves the right to withdraw, modify or reduce its offer, in whole or in part. Turkey further reserves the right to make technical amendments and corrections to the offer.

TURKEY - CONDITIONAL OFFER ON MARITIME TRANSPORT SERVICES

Modes of supply:	1) Cross-border supply	2) Consumption abroad	3) Commercial presence	4) Presence of natural persons
Sector or sub-sector	Limitations on market access			Limitations on national treatment
11. TRANSPORT SERVICES				
A. Maritime Transport services				
a) Passenger transportation (CPC 7211)	1) None except cabotage 2) None 3) ¹ In order to fly the Turkish flag, the shipping companies must have the majority of 51% Turkish shareholders 4) Up to 40% of officers of ships which are engaged in international seaborne transportation might be foreign officers	(1) None (2) None (3) None (4) Turkish nationality is required for the first mates and masters of ships	1. pilotage; 2. towing and tug; 3. provisioning, fuelling watering;	The following services are made available to international maritime transport suppliers on reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. pilotage; 2. towing and tug; 3. provisioning, fuelling watering;

¹ All Turkish ships shall fly the Turkish flag. A ship shall be regarded as Turkish only if its owner (or owners) is/are Turkish. However, the following ships shall also be considered as Turkish: (i) Ships which belong to legal persons such as bodies, institutions, associations and foundations set up on accordance with Turkish Law, the majority of whose Board of Directors are of Turkish nationality. (ii) Ships which belong to the trading companies the majority of whose managerial staff and representatives are of Turkish nationality and are registered on the Turkish Trade Register

TURKEY (continued)

Modes of supply:	1) Cross-border supply	2) Consumption abroad	3) Commercial presence	4) Presence of natural persons
Sector or sub-sector	Limitations on market access		Limitations on national treatment	Additional commitments
b) Freight Transportation (7212)	(1) None except cabotage	- The vessels flying Turkish flag either bidding for public cargoes to be shipped to overseas countries or carrying strategic raw materials are benefitted from the preference given in favour of them (i.e. they are entitled to be awarded the bids even though their quotations are up to 10% higher than the lowest foreign flag vessels quotations)	- The Undersecretariat of Foreign Trade is authorized to permit the public entities to have their certain imported goods (grain, coal, sulfate rocks, iron ore, fertilizer, acid) transported by foreign flag vessels	4. Garbage collecting, ballast waste disposal; Port Captain's services; 5. Navigation aids; 6. Shore-based operational services essential to ship operations, including communications, water, electrical supplies; 7. Emergency repair facilities; 8. Anchorage, berth, berthing services; 9. Container handling, storage and warehousing freight transport. 10. Container handling, storage and warehousing freight transport.

TURKEY (continued)

Modes of supply:	1) Cross-border supply	2) Consumption abroad	3) Commercial presence	4) Presence of natural persons
Sector or sub-sector	Limitations on market access		Limitations on national treatment	
	(2) None	(2) None		Multimodal Transport: Where road, coastal shipping and related auxiliary services are not otherwise fully covered in this schedule, a multimodal transport operator shall have the ability to rent, hire or charter trucks and related equipment for the purposes of inland forwarding of international cargoes carried by sea, or have access to and use of such multimodal activities for the purpose of providing multimodal transport services.
3)*	In order to fly the Turkish flag, the shipping companies must have the majority of 51% Turkish shareholders	(3) None	(4) Turkish nationality is required for the first mates and masters of ships	
	Up to 40% of officers of ships which are engaged in international seaborne transportation might be foreign officers	(1) None	(1) Vessels rented by foreigners do not operate inside the Turkish coastal waters	
c)	Rental of vessels with crew (7213)	(2) None	(2) Vessels rented by Turkish nationals are considered as foreign vessels do not fly the Turkish flag.	
		(3) None	(3) None	
		(4) None	(4) None	

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TURKEY (continued)

Modes of supply:	1) Cross-border supply	2) Consumption abroad	3) Commercial presence	4) Presence of natural persons
Sector or sub-sector	Limitations on market access			
	Limitations on national treatment			
d) Maintenance and repair of vessels (8868)	(1) None (2) None (3) None (4) None	(1) None (2) None (3) None (4) None	(1) None (2) None (3) None (4) None	
MARITIME AUXILIARY SERVICES				
Maritime Agency Services	(1) Unbound (2) None (3) Only the agencies established in Turkey can provide these services (4) None	(1) None (2) None (3) None (4) None	(1) None (2) None (3) None (4) None	

TURKEY (continued)

Modes of supply:	1) Cross-border supply	2) Consumption abroad	3) Commercial presence	4) Presence of natural persons
Sector or sub-sector	Limitations on market access		Limitations on national treatment	
Maritime Freight Forwarding Services	(1) Unbound (2) None (3) Only the agencies established in Turkey can provide these services (4) None	(1) None (2) None (3) None (4) None	(1) Unbound* (2) None (3) Only the agencies established in Turkey can provide these services (4) None	(1) Unbound* (2) None (3) None (4) None
Customs Clearance Services				

* Unbound due to lack of technical feasibility.