

WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION

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Committee on Trade and Environment

ENVIRONMENTAL DATABASE FOR 2006

Note by the Secretariat

This document has been prepared under the Secretariat's own responsibility and without prejudice to the positions of Members and to their rights and obligations under the WTO.

This Note contains the WTO Environmental Database (EDB) for 2006¹. The EDB was established in 1998² in fulfilment of the recommendation in the 1996 Report of the CTE to the Singapore Ministerial Conference³ for the Secretariat to compile and update annually all environment-related notifications to the WTO. This Note constitutes a list of environment-related measures or provisions that were notified under the WTO agreements in 2006 (Section I). It also includes environment-related measures, provisions or programmes noted in Trade Policy Reviews carried out in 2006 (Section II).

It has been prepared in accordance with the views expressed by Members⁴, using the search methodology adopted in WT/CTE/W/78⁵, and building on the search words set out in WT/CTE/W/102. The list of search words is attached as Annex I to this Note; the list of abbreviations is contained in Annex II.

¹ For ease of reference, the Environmental Database for 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 are contained in documents WT/CTE/EDB/1, 2, 3, 4 and 5; and for 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999 and 2000 in documents WT/CTE/W/46, 77, 118, 143 and 195 respectively.

² See WT/CTE/3.

³ See WT/CTE/1.

⁴ See WT/CTE/W/46.

⁵ Bearing in mind the complexity and the need to exercise considerable judgement in what constitutes an environment-related measure, the Secretariat has made this listing as comprehensive as possible, although it has in some cases shortened or summarized the relevant information.

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I. NOTIFICATIONS

1. This Note contains results of a search⁶ on 2739 documents issued in respect to notifications submitted by Members in 2006 under the following GATT 1994 provisions and WTO agreements: Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT); Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) Measures; Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures (SCM); Agreement on Agriculture; Agreement on Anti-Dumping; Agreement on Import Licensing Procedures (ILP); Agreement on Safeguards; Agreement on Customs Valuation; State Trading; Regional Trade Agreements (RTAs), including the Understanding on the Interpretation of Article XXIV of the GATT 1994; Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS); the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS); Quantitative Restrictions; Agreement on Trade-Related Investment Measures (TRIMS); Understanding on the Balance-of-Payments Provisions of the GATT 1994; Agreement on Textiles and Clothing; Agreement on Preshipment Inspection; Agreement on Rules of Origin; Agreement on Government Procurement; Information Technology Agreement; and other notification provisions. The notifications included in this Note specified, among other reasons, environment as the main objective for notifying the measure or provision.

2. These environment-related notifications can be broadly grouped into two categories. The first consists of notifications that list environmental or related factors as the principal objective for notifying. The provisions of the GATT 1994 and WTO Agreements which refer explicitly or are generally regarded as related to environmental objectives include the following:

- (a) Annex 2 paragraph 12 of the Agreement on Agriculture;
- (b) Article 5 paragraph 2 of the Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures (SPS);
- (c) Articles 2 and 5 of the Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT);
- (d) Article XIV(b) of the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS);
- (e) Article 27.2 of the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS); and
- (f) Article XX (b) and (g) of GATT 1994.

3. The second category includes notifications that are not primarily environment-related, but contain references to environment-related aspects. For instance, notifications with respect to regional trade agreements may include a clause or a specific environmental provision. In such cases, reference is made only to the environmental objective or criteria. The notifications might, and usually do, contain broader objectives or other criteria.

4. In 2006, out of the 2739 notifications submitted, 372 (13.58 per cent) were environment related.⁷ The 1997-2005 average is 237 notifications and 11.3 per cent.⁸

5. While environment-related notifications had the highest proportion in notifications made under the Agreement on Government Procurement, Agreement on ILP, and Agreement on Agriculture (40 per cent, 32.2 per cent, and 19.5 per cent respectively)⁹, the TBT Agreement and SPS Agreement had the highest number of environment-related notifications (156 and 154 notifications respectively)¹⁰

⁶ The search through the various WTO and GATT (1994) notifications was based on the information contained in the Working Group of Notification Obligations and Procedures (NOP) documents G/NOP/W/2 and G/NOP/W/16/Rev.1, and the *Technical Cooperation Handbook of Notifications*, the series of WT/TC/NOTIF (1996) documents.

⁷ See Table 1.

⁸ See Charts 1 and 2.

⁹ See Charts 6–7.

¹⁰ See Charts 3 and 4.

and accounted for 41.93 per cent and 41.39 per cent of all WTO environment-related notifications submitted in 2006.¹¹

Chart 1: Total Number of Environment-related Notifications (1997 – 2006)

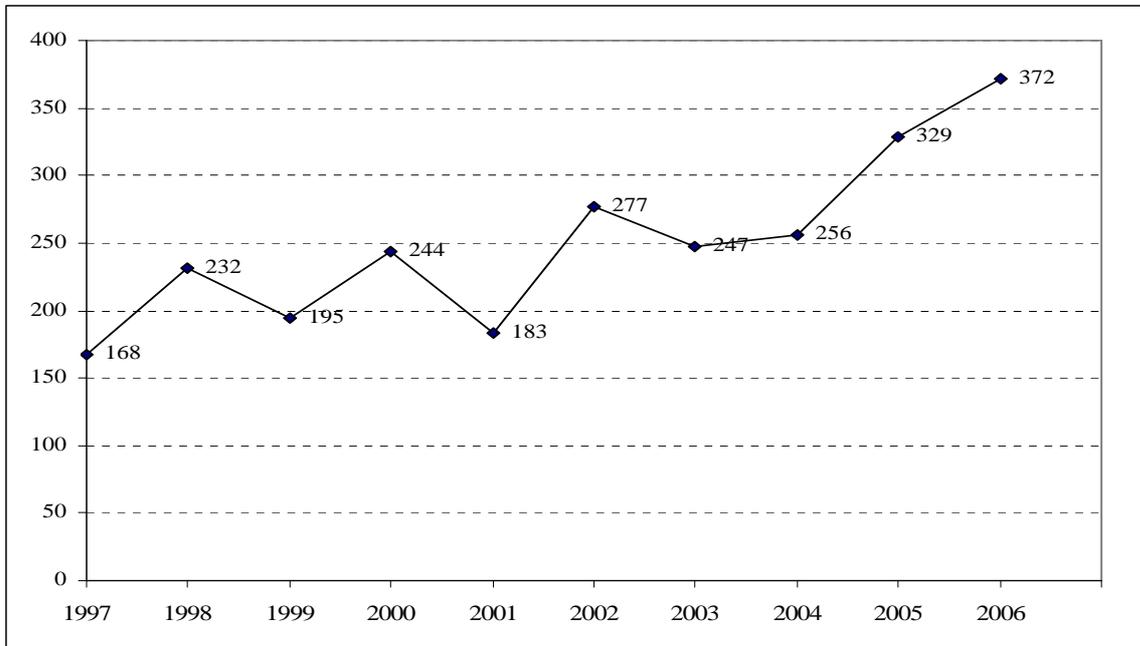
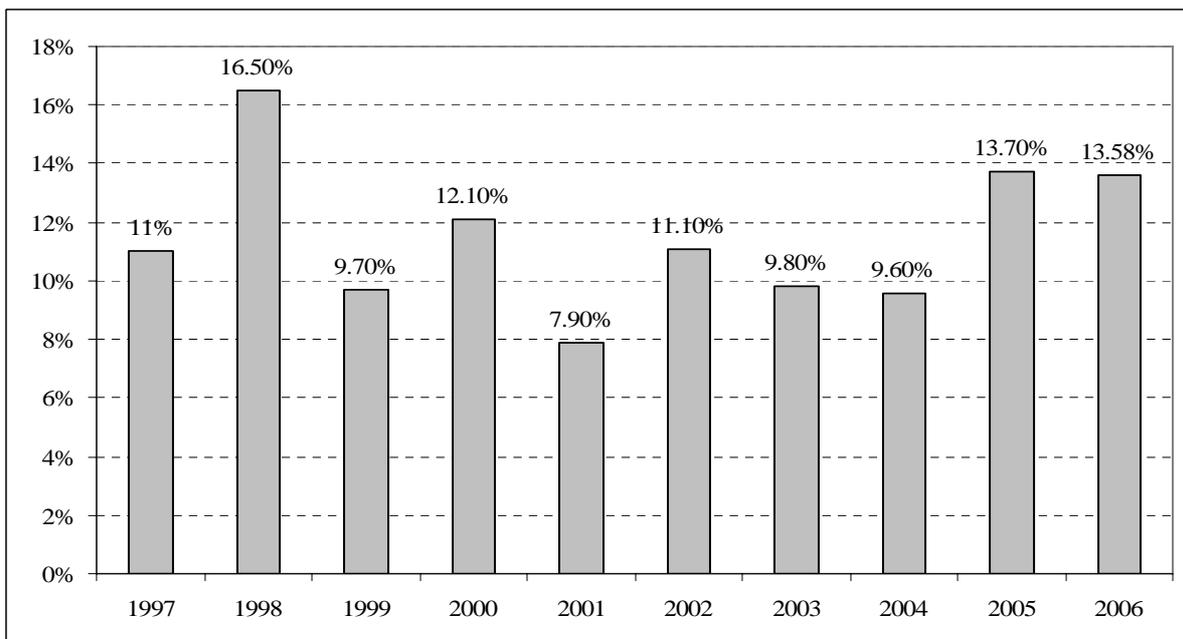


Chart 2: Proportion of Environment-related Notifications (1997 – 2006)



¹¹ See Chart 5.

Table 1: Environment-related Notifications (1997 – 2006)

GATT 1994 and WTO Agreements	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
TBT Agreement	89(794)	98(648)	84(1162)	97(651)	67(601)	114(622)	100(896)	110(718)	122(902)	156(1037)
SPS Agreement	9(300)	21(300)	12(450)	27(468)	26(763)	48(803)	51(852)	67(924)	127(855)	154(1156)
SCM Agreement	22(100)	36(90)	27	32(133)	21(198)	29(159)	33(138)	13(118)	27(139)	8(92)
Agreement on Agriculture	20(230)	22(190)	28(220)	40(229)	40(235)	32(193)	34(174)	29(157)	25(148)	24(123)
Agreement on Anti-Dumping	4(18)	1(12)	3	0	0	1(145)	2(142)	3(121)	0(120)	0(98)
Agreement on ILP	15(50)	20(60)	10(66)	17(70)	7(57)	13(89)	16(50)	12(34)	15(39)	19(59)
Agreement on Safeguards	0	1(30)	1	1(87)	1(130)	1(120)	1(94)	2(56)	1(47)	0(48)
Agreement on Customs Valuation	0	1(13)	1(58)	3(36)	1(44)	1(41)	0	0(17)	1(12)	0(1)
State Trading	0	1(30)	0	0	1(39)	2(36)	3(29)	0(30)	1(6)	1(20)
Regional Trade Agreements	6(14)	26	24	16	10(15)	0	0	0(172)	0(23)	0(20)
TRIPS Agreement	0	1	3	5(328)	5(227)	16(218)	5(139)	7(205)	2(40)	2(38)
GATS	0	1	0	0	0	7(43)	0	4(53)	1(54)	1(31)
Quantitative Restrictions (QRs)	-	3	2	5	2	4(10)	2	7(8)	1	2
TRIMS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0(1)
Understanding on the Balance-of-Payments Provisions of GATT 1994	1(23)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Agreement on Textiles and Clothing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Agreement on Preshipment Inspection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Agreement on Rules of Origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0(1)
Agreement on Government Procurement	2	0	0	0	2(9)	9(21)	0	1(44)	5(11)	4(10)
Information Technology Agreement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

GATT 1994 and WTO Agreements	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Other notification provisions	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1(1)	1(3)	1(2)
Total number of environment-related notifications	168	232	195	244	183	277	247	256	329	372
Total number of notifications	(1531)	(1404)	(2016)	(2024)	(2320)	(2500)	(2516)	(2658)	(2400)	(2739)
Proportion of environment-related notifications (%)	11.0	16.5	9.7	12.1	7.9	11.1	9.8	9.6	13.7	13.58

* Total number of notifications made under each agreement is provided in brackets.

Chart 3: Environment-related Notifications in Selected Agreements (1997-2006)

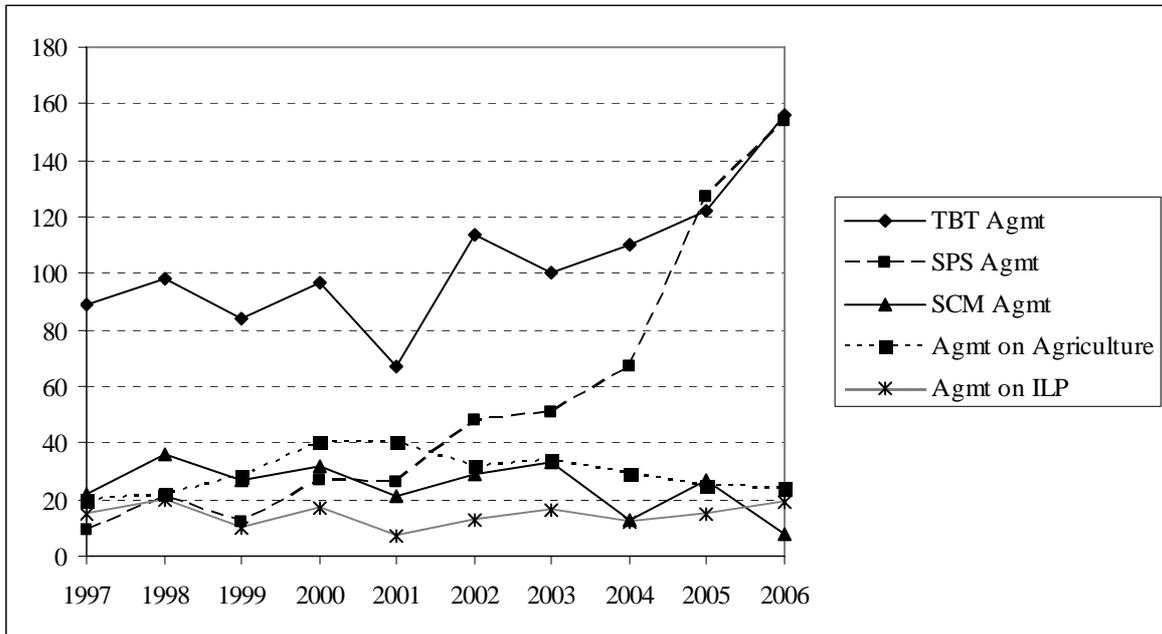


Chart 4: Number of Environment-related Notifications under Selected Agreements (2006)

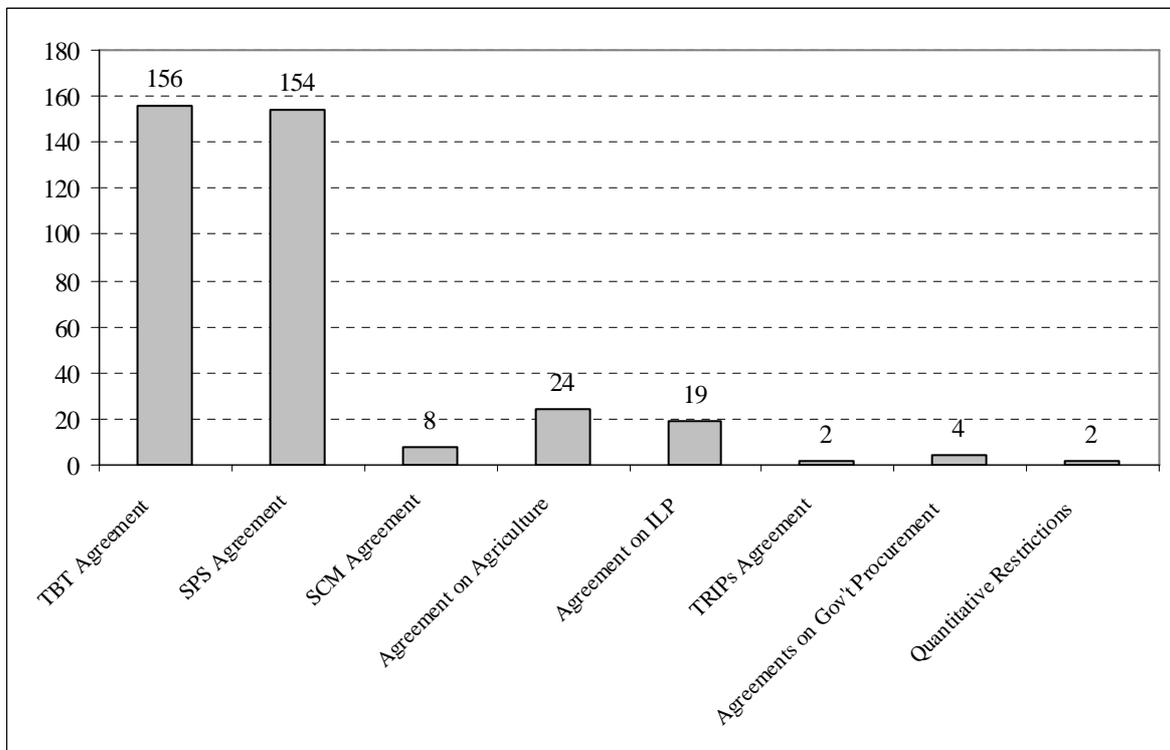


Chart 5: Distribution of the WTO Environment-related Notifications (2006)

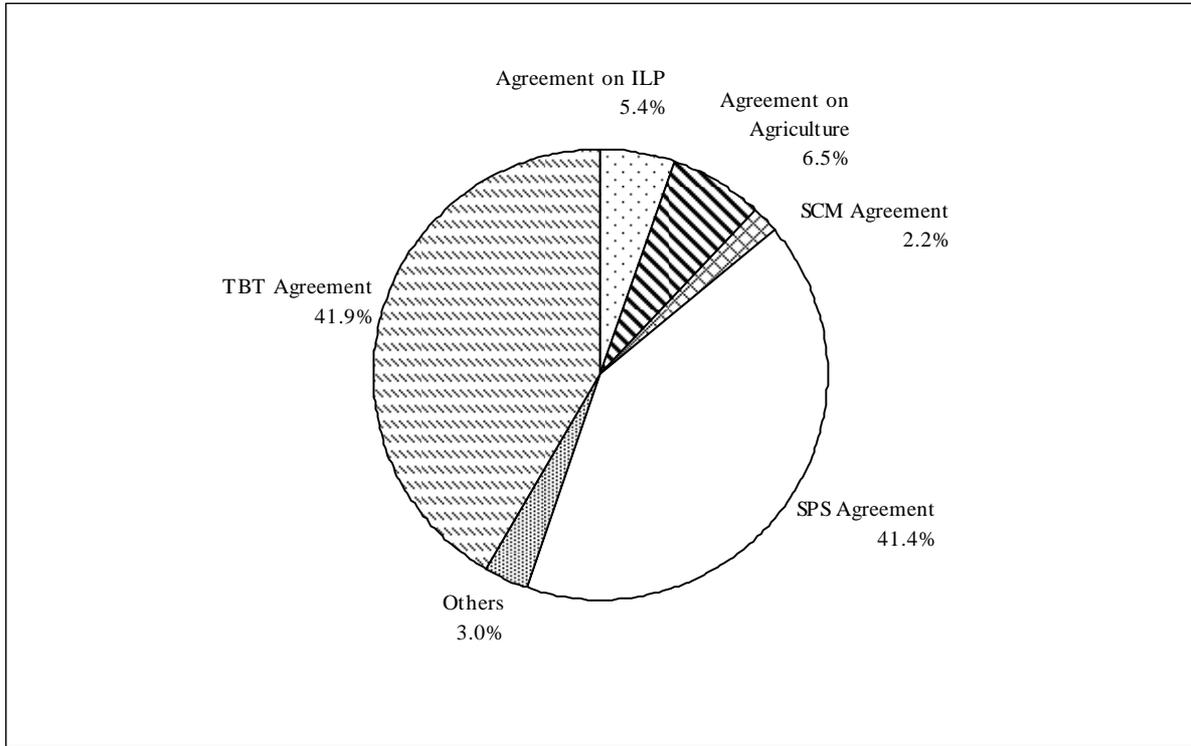


Chart 6: Share of Environment-related Notifications in Selected Agreements (2006)

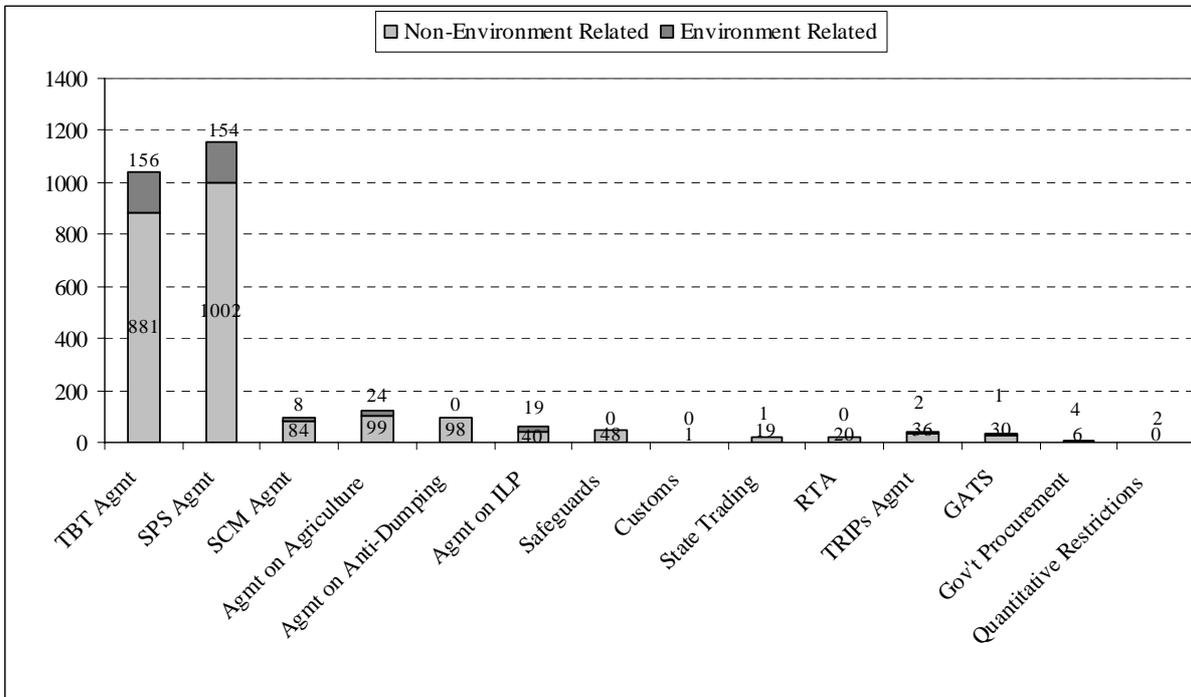
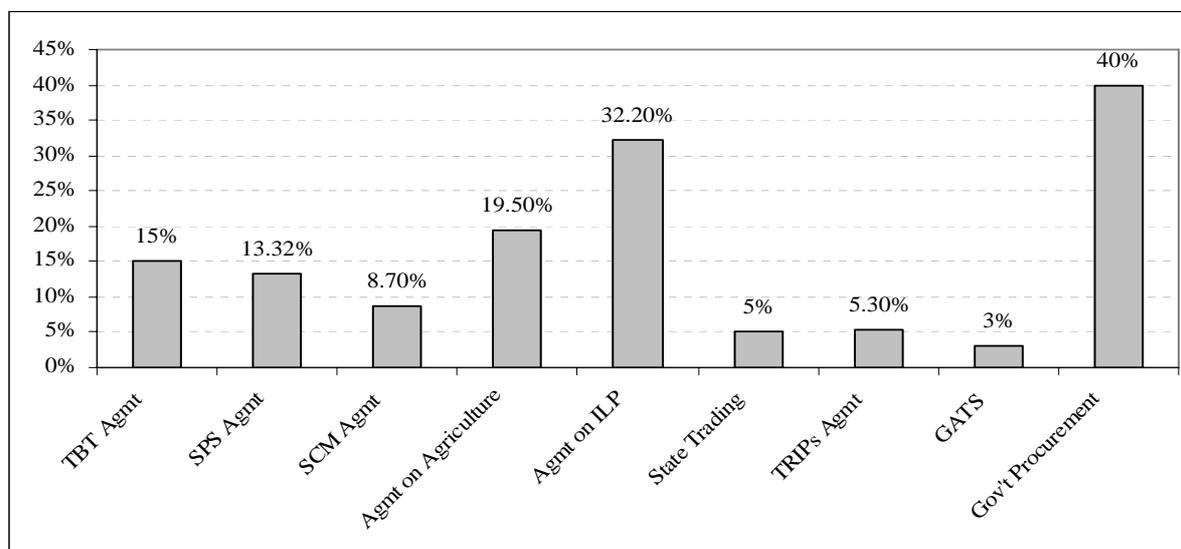


Chart 7: Proportion of Environment-related Notifications under Selected Agreements (2006)



A. AGREEMENT ON TECHNICAL BARRIERS TO TRADE (TBT)

6. In 2006, among the 1037 notifications¹² submitted by Members under Articles 2 and 5 of the TBT Agreement, 156 (15.0 percent) cited environment as the main objective, or among the objectives of the notified technical regulations or conformity assessment procedures.¹³

7. The notified environment-related measures related to, among others, chemicals, ozone depleting substances, waste, toxic and hazardous substances, plastics, fertilisers and pesticides, paints and solvents, gas, oil, bio-fuels, other liquid fuels and petroleum products, fuel tanks and gas containers, electrical conductors, lamps and luminaries, refrigerators, air-conditioners, heaters and boilers, washing machines and other household electrical appliances, electricity generation, vehicles, fishing vessels, engines and motors, generators, buildings, ores, batteries, tyres, fire extinguishers, drugs, agricultural products, food and genetically modified organisms (GMOs).

8. These measures included general environmental requirements, ban and prohibition, performance and efficiency standards, technical or quality specifications, labelling and packages requirements, safety specifications, handling, storage and distribution requirements, certification and other conformity assessment procedures.

9. They aimed at environmental protection in areas such as waste, chemicals and toxic substances management; animal and plant health, greenhouse gas emission and pollution reduction, energy/fuel efficiency and energy conservation, and compliance with multilateral environmental agreements (e.g. Kyoto Protocol, Rotterdam Convention and Stockholm Convention).¹⁴

10. Over the years, the number of TBT environment-related notifications has been steadily rising (from 35 notifications in 1991 to 156 in 2006¹⁵, and from 9.8 per cent in 1991 to 15.0 per cent in 2006).¹⁶

¹² This number includes all addenda, corrigenda and revisions.

¹³ See Table 2, Charts 6 and 7.

¹⁴ See Table 3.

¹⁵ See Chart 8.

¹⁶ See Chart 9.

Table 2: Notifications under Articles 2 and 5 of the TBT Agreement

Year	Number of environment-related TBT notifications	Total number of TBT notifications	Percentage of environment-related notifications
1980-1990	211	2687	7.9
1991-2000	610	5322	11.5
1980-2000	821	8009	10.3
1991	35	358	9.8
1992	36	394	9.1
1993	42	487	8.6
1994	35	508	6.9
1995	41	365	11.2
1996	53	460	11.5
1997	89	794	11.2
1998	98	648	15.1
1999	84	669	12.6
2000	97	639	15.2
2001	67	601	11.1
2002	114	622	18.3
2003	100	896	11.2
2004	110	718	15.3
2005	122	902	13.5
2006	156	1037	15.0

Chart 8: Number of Environment-related TBT Notifications (1991-2006)

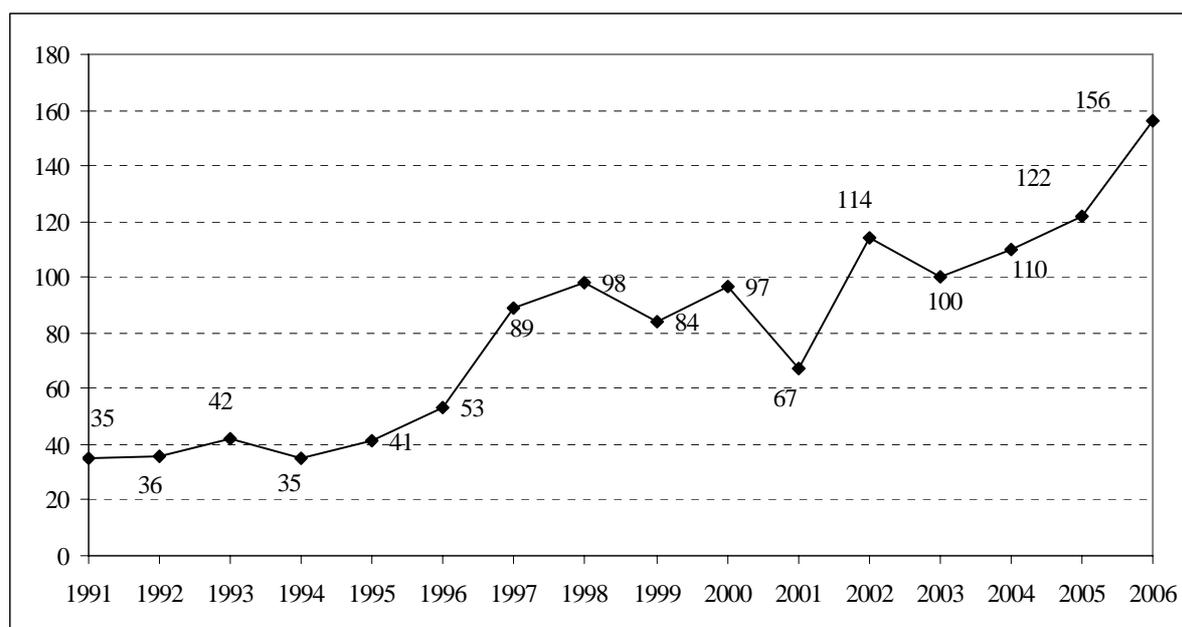


Chart 9: Percentage of Environment-related TBT Notifications (1991-2006)

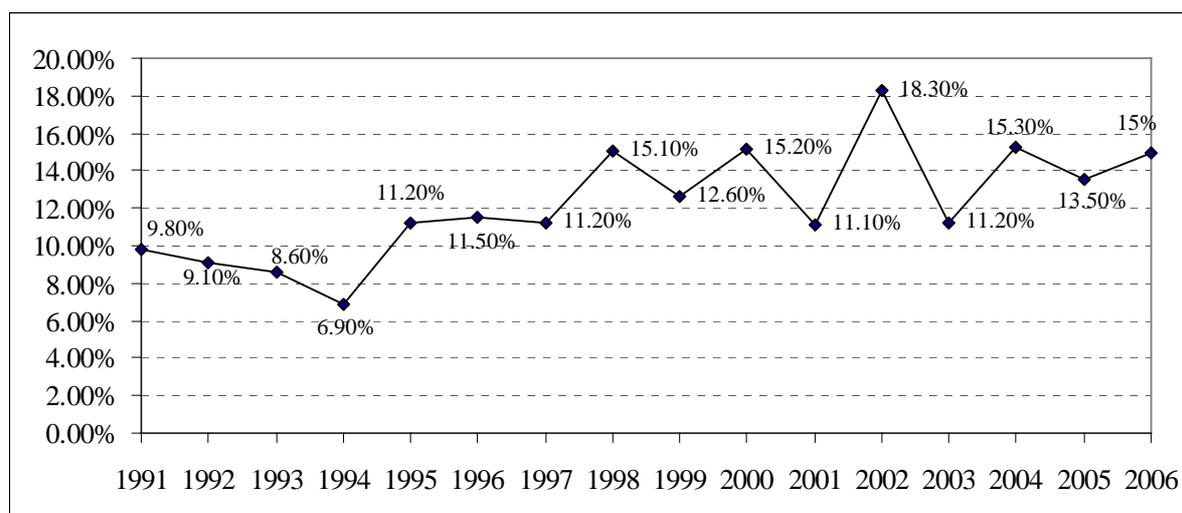


Table 3: Environment-related TBT Notifications (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/ALB/6	Albania, Republic of	Draft Decree of Council of Ministers on approval of the Regulation "The quality of the automotive fuels, unleaded petrol and diesel"	To reduce the air pollution in urban areas
G/TBT/N/ARM/25	Armenia, Republic of	Draft Decree of the Government of the Republic of Armenia on the approval of the technical regulation on the building structures made of concrete and reinforced concrete	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/ARM/31	Armenia, Republic of	Draft Decision of the Government of the Republic of Armenia on "Changes and Addenda Made in the Government Decision 540-N (Approval of the technical regulation on tobacco)"	To protect human life, health and environment
G/TBT/N/ARM/36	Armenia, Republic of	Draft Decree of the Government of the Republic of Armenia "On the Approval of the Technical Regulation on Wastes Produced from Packages and Wrappings"	To prevent package wastes; for the possibility of its reuse and recirculation; and waste management
G/TBT/N/ARM/47	Armenia, Republic of	Draft Decree of the Government of the Republic of Armenia on "The Approval of the Technical Regulation on Fresh Fruit and Vegetable"	To ensure protection of human health and environment
G/TBT/N/AUS/51	Australia	Draft Vehicle Standard (Australian Design Rule 80/02 - Emission control for heavy vehicles) 2006	To prescribe emission requirements for engines used in heavy vehicles in order to reduce air pollution
G/TBT/N/AUS/52	Australia	Draft Vehicle Standard (Australian Design Rule 80/03 - Emission control for heavy vehicles) 2006	To prescribe emission requirements for engines used in heavy vehicles in order to reduce air pollution
G/TBT/N/BHR/6	Bahrain, Kingdom of	Regulation for Lubricating Oils for Internal Combustion Engines	To protect the environment

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/BRA/208	Brazil	Draft Ministerial Act for IBC (Intermediate Bulk Container), used in land transport of hazardous products	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/BRA/220	Brazil	Draft Ministerial Act MME/MCT/MDIC – Refrigerators and freezers	To protect the environment and to save energy
G/TBT/N/BRA/221	Brazil	Draft Ministerial Act MME/MCT/MDIC - Air conditioning machines	To protect the environment and to save energy
G/TBT/N/BRA/228	Brazil	Draft Ministerial Act on energy efficiency program for gas cooks and ovens for domestic use	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CAN/159	Canada	Proposed Amendment to the Energy Efficiency Regulations	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CAN/163	Canada	Proposed Order Adding Toxic Substances (four new fluorotelomer-based substances) to Schedule 1 to the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CAN/164	Canada	Proposed Order Adding Toxic Substances (perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS), its salts and compounds) to Schedule 1 to the Canadian Environmental Protection Act	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/CAN/165	Canada	Proposed Order Adding Toxic Substances (polybrominated diphenyl) to Schedule 1 to the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/CAN/181	Canada	Notice of intent to develop and implement regulations and other measures to reduce air emissions	To protect human health and the environment by reducing air emissions
G/TBT/N/CAN/184	Canada	Proposed Amendment to the Ozone-depleting Substances Regulations, 1998	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/178	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Mine Auxiliary Winders Safety Requirements	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/179	China, The People's Republic of	Standard of the P.R.C., Mine Hoists and Mine Winders Safety Requirements	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/180	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Safety Requirements of Flameproof Crane & Metallurgical and Canned Motors	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/181	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Safety Requirements of Crane & Metallurgical Motors and Canned Motors	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/182	China, The People's Republic of	Regulations on the Implementation of the Law of the People's Republic of China on Import and Export Commodity Inspection	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/191	China, The People's Republic of	Announcement No. 49 of 2006	To protect human health, safety and the environment

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/CHN/198	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., General Rules of Explosion-protect Techniques of Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines for Explosive Atmospheres Part 1: Group II Engine for Use in Flammable Gas and Vapor Atmospheres	To protect human health, safety of human life and properties, and the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/199	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., General Rules of Explosion-protect Techniques of Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines for Explosive Atmospheres Part 2: Group II Engines for Use in Flammable Dust Atmospheres	To protect human health, safety of human life and properties, and the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/203	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Alternating-current Metal-enclosed Switchgear and Control gear for Rated Voltages Above 3.6 kV and up to and Including 40.5 kV	To protect human health, safety of human life and properties, and the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/206	China, The People's Republic of	Implementation Rule for Compulsory Certification of Small or Medium Type Wheeled Tractors	To protect human health, safety of human life and properties, and the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/207	China, The People's Republic of	Implementation Rule for Compulsory Certification of Equipment for Crop Protection	To protect human life and the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/210	China, The People's Republic of	Measures on the Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances	To protect the ecological environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/211	China, The People's Republic of	Announcement No. 65, 2005 of the State Environmental Protection Administration (SEPA) and the General Administration of Customs (GAC) and its Annex - List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted to be Imported in or Exported from the People's Republic of China	To safeguard the environmental safety, and implementing the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade and Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
G/TBT/N/CHN/212	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Safety Specifications for Road Transportation Vehicle of Explosive Substance and Chemical Toxic Substance	To protect human safety, properties and the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/213	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Road Tanker for Dangerous Liquid Goods Transportation Part 1: Technical Requirements of Atmospheric Pressure Metal Tank	To protect human safety, properties and the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/215	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Limitation Concentration of Natural Radioactivity in Non-ferrous Metal Ores and Concentrates Products	To protect the environment

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/CHN/216	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Minimum Allowable Values of Energy Efficiency and Energy Efficiency Grades for Domestic Gas Instantaneous Water Heater and Gas Fired Heating and Hot Water Combi-boiler	To ensure energy conservation
G/TBT/N/CHN/217	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C.; The Minimum Allowable Values of Energy Efficiency and the Energy Efficiency Grades for Small and Medium Three-phase Asynchronous Motors	To ensure energy conservation
G/TBT/N/CHN/222	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Waste Paper Recycle d Requirements	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CHN/226	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Test Procedures and Requirement of Durability of Emission Control Systems for Heavy Duty Vehicles	To protect the environment and human health
G/TBT/N/CHN/227	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Limits and Measurement Methods for Emissions of Pollutants From Motorcycles	To protect the environment and human health
G/TBT/N/CHN/228	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Limits and Measurement Methods for Emissions of Pollutants from Mopeds	To protect the environment and human health
G/TBT/N/CHN/229	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Limits and measurement methods for exhaust pollutants from diesel engines of non-road mobile machinery	To protect the environment and human health
G/TBT/N/CHN/236	China, The People's Republic of	National Standard of the P.R.C., Minimum Allowable Values of Energy Efficiency and Evaluating Values of Energy Conservation for Single Voltage External AC-DC and AC-AC Power Supplies	To protect the environment and ensure energy saving
G/TBT/N/COL/78	Colombia	Draft Resolution of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development "Issuing Technical Regulation No. RTC-002-MADR laying down the minimum requirements for the packaging of agricultural products for human consumption imported into and produced and marketed in national territory"	To prevent from risks to plant health
G/TBT/N/COL/82	Colombia	Draft Decree of the Ministry of Social Welfare "Establishing the official inspection, monitoring and control system. Sanitary and safety requirements for meat, edible meat products and meat by-products destined for human consumption"	To protect human life and health and the environment

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/CRI/51	Costa Rica, Republic of	Regulation governing the registration, use and control of synthetic formulated pesticides, technical grade active ingredients, co-formulants and related substances for agricultural use	To protect the environment and human health
G/TBT/N/CRI/57	Costa Rica, Republic of	Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) No. 75.02.43:06: Biofuels. Bio diesel (B 100) and bio diesel blend stock for diesel fuel oils. Specifications	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/CRI/59	Costa Rica, Republic of	Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) 65.03.44:06 Pesticides. Pesticides for Domestic, Garden, Public Health and Pest Control Company Use. Registration Requirements	To protect the environment and human health
G/TBT/N/DNK/62	Denmark	Order on prohibition of import and marketing of products containing lead	To protect the environment and health
G/TBT/N/ECU/8	Ecuador	Draft Ecuadorian Technical Regulation RTE INEN 014 on lubricating oils	To promote environmental conservation
G/TBT/N/ECU/9	Ecuador	Draft Ecuadorian Technical Regulation RTE INEN 011 on pneumatic tyres	To promote environmental conservation
G/TBT/N/ECU/10	Ecuador	Draft Ecuadorian Technical Regulation RTE INEN 015 on product labelling	To promote environmental conservation
G/TBT/N/ECU/13	Ecuador	Draft Technical Regulation of the Ecuadorian Standardization Institute No. RTE INEN 018 on structural angles, shapes and sections of cold-formed steel and structural angles, shapes and sections of hot-rolled steel	To ensure safety nationwide, protect human life, the environment and geographical conditions
G/TBT/N/ECU/14	Ecuador	Draft Ecuadorian Technical Regulation RTE INEN 019 for corrugated sheets of asbestos cement	To prevent from risks to health, life, safety, the environment and practices likely to mislead users
G/TBT/N/ECU/15	Ecuador	Draft Technical Regulation of the Ecuadorian Standardization Institute No. RTE INEN 020 on matches	To prevent from risks to health, life, safety, the environment and practices likely to mislead users
G/TBT/N/SLV/100	El Salvador	Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) 65.03.44:06 Pesticides. Pesticides for Domestic, Garden, Public Health and Pest Control Company Use. Registration Requirements	To protect health and the environment
G/TBT/N/SLV/101	El Salvador	Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) No. 75.02.43:06: Biofuels. Bio diesel (B100) and biodiesel blend stock for diesel fuel No. 2-D (motor vehicles). Specifications	To protect the environment

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/EEC/98	European Communities	Common Position adopted by the Council with a view to the adoption of the Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators and repealing Directive 91/157/EEC	To protect the environment; to enhance the prevention of pollution from cadmium in waste batteries which may end up in the municipal waste stream
G/TBT/N/EEC/99	European Communities	Draft Commission Directive .../EC of [...] amending Annexes IVA and IVB to Directive 98/8/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of biocidal products on the market	To allow Member States to review the risks and hazards posed when biocides are used
G/TBT/N/EEC/104	European Communities	Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Council Directive 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing of certain measuring devices containing mercury	To contribute to further reduction of mercury emissions in order to protect human health and the environment by preventing considerable amounts of mercury entering the waste stream
G/TBT/N/EEC/108	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the non-inclusion of ammonium sulphamate, hexaconazole, sodium tetrathiocarbonate, 8-hydroxyquinoline in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing these active substances	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/109	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the non-inclusion of Alachlor in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing this active substance	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/110	European Communities	Proposal for a Council Regulation (.....) concerning use of alien and locally absent species in aquaculture, (COM(2006) 154 final, 4 April 2006)	To regulate the introduction of non-native and locally absent species in aquaculture so as to prevent their possible negative impact on the surrounding environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/113	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the non-inclusion of dimethenamid in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing that substance	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/118	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision Concerning the Non-inclusion of phosalone in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the Withdrawal of Authorisations for Plant Protection Products Containing that Substance	To set up a harmonised framework for the authorisation and placing on the market of plant protection products in order to protect human health and the environment

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/EEC/119	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the non-inclusion of fenitrothion in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing that substance	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/120	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the non-inclusion of thiodicarb in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing that substance	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/128	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the non-inclusion of malathion in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing that substance	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/131	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the Non-inclusion of diazinon in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing that substance	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/132	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the non-inclusion of oxydemeton-methyl in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing that substance	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/133	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the non-inclusion of dichlorvos in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing that substance	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/134	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision concerning the non-inclusion of carbaryl in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing that substance	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/EEC/135	European Communities	Draft Commission Decision Concerning the non-inclusion of trichlorfon in Annex I to Council Directive 91/414/EEC and the withdrawal of authorisations for plant protection products containing that substance	To protect human health and the environment

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/GTM/52	Guatemala	Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) No. 75.02.43:06: Biofuels. Biodiesel (B 100) and biodiesel blend stock for diesel fuel oil. Specifications	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/GTM/53	Guatemala	Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) 65.03.44:06 Pesticides. Pesticides for Domestic, Garden, Public Health and Pest Control Company Use. Registration Requirements	To protect the environment and health
G/TBT/N/HND/40	Honduras, Republic of	Biofuels. Biodiesel (B100) and biodiesel blend stock for diesel fuel No. 2-D (motor vehicles). Specifications	To ensure safety and environmental and consumer protection
G/TBT/N/HND/41	Honduras, Republic of	Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) 65.03.44:06 Pesticides. Pesticides for Domestic, Garden, Public Health and Pest Control Company Use. Registration Requirements	To protect health and environment
G/TBT/N/IND/13	India	Noise Limits for generator sets run with diesel; GSR 448(E), dated 12 July 2004	To ensure environment safety and noise pollution control
G/TBT/N/IND/14	India	Emission standards for new diesel engines (up to 800 kilowatt) for generator applications; GSR 448(E), dated 12 July 2004	To ensure environment safety and pollution control
G/TBT/N/IND/15	India	Noise Limits for generator sets run with petrol or kerosene; GSR 628(E), dated 30 August 2001	To ensure environment safety and noise pollution control
G/TBT/N/IND/15	India	Emission standards for new generator sets (upto 19 kilowatt) run on petrol and kerosene; GSR 682(E)	To ensure environment safety and pollution control
G/TBT/N/ISR/129	Israel	Amendment 1 to official standard SI 829 - Safety of household and similar electrical appliances: Particular requirements for stationary cooking ranges, hobs, ovens and similar appliances	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/ISR/131	Israel	SI 5484 - Distribution transformers - Requirements for energy efficiency and labelling	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/ISR/132	Israel	SI 5485 - Ballasts for fluorescent lamps - Energy efficiency requirements and labelling	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/JPN/160	Japan	Living bodies of birds and mammals, processed goods of them, and eggs of birds, designated by the Minister of the Environment	To prevent domestic illegal hunting and raising and to facilitate clear distinction between legally and illegally imported wildlife, aiming at promotion of protection of wildlife in Japan

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/JPN/161	Japan	The summary of the cabinet order and the ministerial ordinance promulgated under the authority of Act on Regulation of Non-road Special Motor Vehicles Exhausts	To ensure environmental protection
G/TBT/N/JPN/168	Japan	Amendment to Ministerial Ordinance on the Technical Specifications for Fire-Extinguishing media for Fire Extinguishers	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/JPN/176	Japan	Revision to Enforcement Regulation for the Law Concerning the Rational Use of Energy and Ministerial Notification of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry	To promote rationalization of use of energy
G/TBT/N/JPN/180	Japan	Revision of the Regulation of the Quality Control of Gasoline and Gas oil	To regulate the quality of fuels for motor vehicles in order to reduce waste gas emissions from automobiles
G/TBT/N/JPN/181	Japan	Partial Amendment to the Announcement that Prescribes Details of Safety Regulations for Road Vehicles, etc.	To prevent environmental pollution by Hydrocarbons (HC), Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), etc.
G/TBT/N/JPN/186	Japan	Revision of the Regulation of the Quality Control of Gas oil	To ensure that BDF-blended gas oils are not harmful from safety and environmental perspectives
G/TBT/N/KEN/24	Kenya	Motor petrol (gasoline or spirit) - Specification	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/KEN/29	Kenya	KS 1938-1: 2006. The handling, storage and distribution of liquefied petroleum gas in domestic, commercial, and industrial installations - Code of practice. Part 1: Liquefied petroleum gas installations involving gas storage containers of individual water capacity not exceeding 500 L and a combined water capacity not exceeding 3 000 L per installation.	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/KEN/75	Kenya	KS 1822:2006 Solvent based universal undercoat - Specification	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/KEN/76	Kenya	KS 1823:2006 Water based undercoat - Specification	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/KEN/77	Kenya	KS 1831, 2006 Solvent-based paint remover - Specification	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/KEN/79	Kenya	The Environmental Management and coordination (Water quality) Regulations	To protect health and the environment
G/TBT/N/KEN/80	Kenya	The Environmental Management and coordination (Waste management) Regulations, 2006	To protect health and the environment
G/TBT/N/KOR/102	Korea, Republic of	"Proposed Notice on Safety Management for Import and Export of Agricultural Genetically Modified Organisms"	To ensure environmental protection

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/K/KOR/102	Korea, Republic of	Proposed regulation on approval of import, development and test of GMOs for test and research	To prevent the risks of GMOs to the public health and their adverse effects on the conservation and sustainable use of bio logical diversity
G/TBT/N/LTU/7	Lithuania	Draft Order On the List of Construction Products Subject to Regulation	To bring about enhanced harmonization with EU legislation on construction products while improving the level of protection for human beings and environment
G/TBT/N/MEX/115	Mexico	Draft Mexican Official Standard PROY-NOM-044-SEMARNAT-2006 establishing the maximum permissible limits for emissions of total hydrocarbons, non-methane hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxide and particles and for smoke opacity from the exhaust pipes of new diesel engines to be used for the propulsion of new motor vehicles of a gross vehicle weight exceeding 3,857 kg., and new units equipped with this type of engine	To protect the environment and human health
G/TBT/N/MEX/116	Mexico	Draft Mexican Official Standard PROY-NOM-045-SEMARNAT-2006, Environmental protection - Diesel-powered vehicles - Maximum permissible opacity levels, measurement of light absorption coefficient, testing procedure, and technical characteristics of measuring equipment	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/MEX/117	Mexico	Draft Mexican Official Standard NOM-062-PESC-2005 on the use of the Fishing Vessel Satellite Monitoring System	To protect the environment and natural resources
G/TBT/N/MDA/3	Moldova, Republic of	Fresh Fruits and Vegetables for Human Consumption. Quality and Safety Requirements	To protect human health and safety and the environment
G/TBT/N/MDA/5	Moldova, Republic of	Bakery Products and Pastes. Quality and Safety requirements	To ensure quality and fair practices in food industry, protect human health and preserve the environment
G/TBT/N/MDA/6	Moldova, Republic of	Electrical low tension equipment. Mandatory requirements	To ensure the safety of persons, animals or property and environment
G/TBT/N/NZL/26	New Zealand	Proposed amendment to the Energy Efficiency (Energy Using Products) Regulations 2002 to increase the stringency levels for mandatory minimum energy performance standards (MEPS) in New Zealand, in alignment with joint Australian/New Zealand standards and implementation dates	To ensure environmental protection and to meet New Zealand's international obligations

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/NZL/30	New Zealand	Proposed Amendment by the Minister of Energy tot Schedule 2 of the Energy Efficiency (Energy Using Products) Regulations 2002 to update the Standards for dishwashers and clothes washers	To reduce national green house gas emissions, as targeted under the Kyoto Protocol
G/TBT/N/NIC/73	Nicaragua	Nicaraguan Mandatory Technical Standard (NTON) No. 14 019-06/Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) No. 75.01.17:06: Petroleum products. Diesel fuel oil No. 2-D (Motor vehicles). Specifications	To prevent from practices likely to deceive the consumer and to ensure environmental protection
G/TBT/N/NIC/82	Nicaragua	Nicaraguan Mandatory Technical Standard (NTON) No. 14 020-06 / Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) No. 75.02.43:06 Biofuels. Biodiesel (B 100) and biodiesel blend stock for diesel fuel oils. Specifications	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/NIC/83	Nicaragua	Nicaraguan Mandatory Technical Standard (NTON) 02 012-06/Central American Technical Regulation (RTCA) 65.03.44:06 Pesticides. Pesticides for Domestic, Garden, Public Health and Pest Control Company Use. Registration Requirements	To protect the environment and health
G/TBT/N/NOR/12	Norway	Draft of regulations of XXXX 2006 concerning products for external use for care and marking using chemical means of animals	To protection animal health
G/TBT/N/NOR/13	Norway	Proposal for a regulation with amendments to Regulations relating to restrictions on the use of chemicals dangerous to health and the environment and other products (Product Regulations)	To substantially reduce the emissions of PFOS and PFOS-related substances
G/TBT/N/PRY/2	Paraguay	Decree No. 8064 of 21 August 2006 "Providing that the Resolutions adopted by the MERCOSUR Common Market Group in respect of Working Subgroup (SGT) No. 3, Technical Regulations and Conformity Assessment, apply in the Republic of Paraguay"	To protect human health and safety, the consumer and the environment
G/TBT/N/PHL/61	Philippines	CDPNS 2050-1-1:2006 - Lamps and related equipment - Energy efficiency and labelling requirements - Part 1-1: Double-capped fluorescent lamps	To contribute to the reduction of green house gas emission
G/TBT/N/PHL/62	Philippines	CDPNS 2050-2:2006 - Lamps and related equipment - Energy efficiency and labelling requirements - Part 2: Self-ballasted lamps for general lighting services	To contribute to the reduction of green house gas emission

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/PHL/66	Philippines	Draft Philippine National Standard (DPNS) 2050-1-2:2006 - Lamps and related equipment - Energy labelling requirements - Part 1-2: Single-capped fluorescent lamps	To contribute to the reduction of green house gas emission
G/TBT/N/PHL/67	Philippines	Draft Philippine National Standard (DPNS) 2050-5:2006 - Lamps and related equipment - Energy labelling requirements - Part 5: Luminaires	To contribute to the reduction of green house gas emission
G/TBT/N/PHL/73	Philippines	Draft Philippine National Standard (DPNS) 2050-3:2006 - Lamps and related equipment - Energy labelling requirements - Part 3: High intensity discharge (HID) lamps	To contribute to the reduction of green house gas emission
G/TBT/N/PHL/74	Philippines	Draft Philippine National Standard (DPNS) 2050-4:2006 - Lamps and related equipment - Energy labelling requirements - Part 4: Ballast.	To contribute to the reduction of green house gas emission
G/TBT/N/SWE/63	Sweden	Proposal for an ordinance concerning amendment of the ordinance on prohibition etc. in certain cases in connection with handling, importation and exportation of chemical products	To phase-out the use of mercury, one of the most hazardous environmental toxins which is a threat to the environment
G/TBT/N/CHE/67	Switzerland	Draft Ordinance on measures to reduce particle emissions from diesel engines	To reduce emissions of diesel soot
G/TBT/N/PKM/40	Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu, The Separate Customs Territory of	Draft minimum energy efficiency requirements for self-ballasted fluorescent lamps and compact fluorescent lamps	achieve the goal of energy conservation and environmental protection
G/TBT/N/TPKM/43	Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu, The Separate Customs Territory of	Proposal on the Restricted Use of Plastic Trays and Packaging	To enhance resource conservation and waste reduction
G/TBT/N/THA/190	Thailand	Notification of the Ministry of Industry Regarding List of Hazardous Substances (No.4), B.E.2549 (2006)	To ensure safety and environmental protection
G/TBT/N/THA/200	Thailand	Ministerial Notification (No.3332), B.E. 2548 (2005) Issued under the Industrial product Standards Act B.E.2511 (1968): Amendment No.1 to Mandatory Standard TIS 2231-2548 (2005) Fabrics: Safety from Harmful Dyestuffs and Chemical Substances	To ensure safety and environmental protection
G/TBT/N/THA/202	Thailand	Draft TIS 760-25XX Synthetic Dyestuff: Vat Dye	To ensure consumer and environmental protection
G/TBT/N/THA/203	Thailand	Draft TIS XXXX-25XX Synthetic Dyestuff: Sulphur Dye	To ensure consumer and environmental protection
G/TBT/N/THA/211	Thailand	Draft TIS 2309-2549 (2006) Double-Capped Fluorescent Lamps: Energy Efficiency Requirements	To promote energy savings

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/THA/212	Thailand	Draft TIS 2310-2549 (2006) Self-Ballasted Lamps for General Lighting Services: Energy Efficiency Requirements	To promote energy savings
G/TBT/N/ARE/1	United Arab Emirates	Final draft UAE standard: Lubricating Oils for Internal Combustion Engines	To protect the environment and to prevent deceptive practices
G/TBT/N/USA/183	United States	Control of Air Pollution from New Motor Vehicles: Amendments to the Tier 2 Motor Vehicle Emission Regulations; Proposed Rule	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/185	United States	Regulation of Fuel and Fuel Additives: Gasoline and Diesel Fuel Test Methods	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/186	United States	Mono- and bis-(1H, 1H, 2H, 2H- perfluoroalkyl) phosphates where the alkyl group is even numbered and in the C6-C12 range; Proposed Revocation of Pesticide Inert Ingredient Tolerance Exemption	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/187	United States	Technical Amendments to the Highway and Non-road Diesel Regulations	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/190	United States	Energy Efficiency Program for Commercial and Industrial Equipment: Efficiency Certification, Compliance, and Enforcement Requirements for Commercial Heating, Air Conditioning and Water Heating Equipment	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/191	United States	Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products: Classifying Products as Covered Products	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/193	United States	Inorganic Bromide; Proposed Tolerance Actions	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/194	United States	Regulation of Fuel and Fuel Additives: Refiner and Importer Quality Assurance Requirements for Downstream Oxygenate Blending and Requirements for Pipeline Interface	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/196	United States	Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines and National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/198	United States	Requirements to Reduce Idling Emissions from New and In-Use Trucks, Beginning in 2008	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/199	United States	Mercury Switches in Motor Vehicles; Proposed Significant New Use Rule	To protect human health and the environment

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/USA/201	United States	Protection of Stratospheric Ozone: Minor Amendments to the Regulations Implementing the Allowance System for Controlling HCFC Production, Import and Export	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/202	United States	Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products: Test Procedure for Residential Central Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps; Proposed Rule	To protect the environment and to ensure energy conservation
G/TBT/N/USA/203	United States	Amendments to Appliance Efficiency Regulations, California Code of Regulations, Title 20, Sections 1601 - 1608	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/204	United States	Conservation Programme: Test Procedures for Consumer Products and Certain Commercial and Industrial Equipment; Certification, Compliance and Enforcement Requirements for Consumer Products and for Certain Commercial and Industrial Equipment; Technical Amendment; Proposed Rule	To protect the environment and to ensure energy conservation
G/TBT/N/USA/206	United States	Energy Conservation Program for Commercial Equipment: Distribution Transformers Energy Conservation Standards; Proposed Rule	To protect the environment and to enhance energy conservation
G/TBT/N/USA/207	United States	Washington State Electronic Product Recycling Program	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/210	United States	Chapter 870, Labelling of Mercury-Added Products, Proposed Rule Number: 2006-P189	To reduce mercury emissions to the environment through labelling of mercury-added products
G/TBT/N/USA/214	United States	Requirements for Foreign and Domestic Establishment Registration and Listing for Human Drugs, Including Drugs that are Regulated Under a Biologics License Application, and Animal Drugs; Proposed Rule	To protect human life and health, protection of animal life and health
G/TBT/N/USA/216	United States	Hazard Communication	To protect human life and health and the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/219	United States	Regulation of Fuels and Fuel Additives: Renewable Fuel Standard Program; Proposed Rule	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/220	United States	Listing of Substitutes in the Motor Vehicle Air Conditioning Sector Under the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) Program	To protect the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/222	United States	Proposed Revocation of Significant New Use Rules on Certain Chemical Substances	To protect the environment

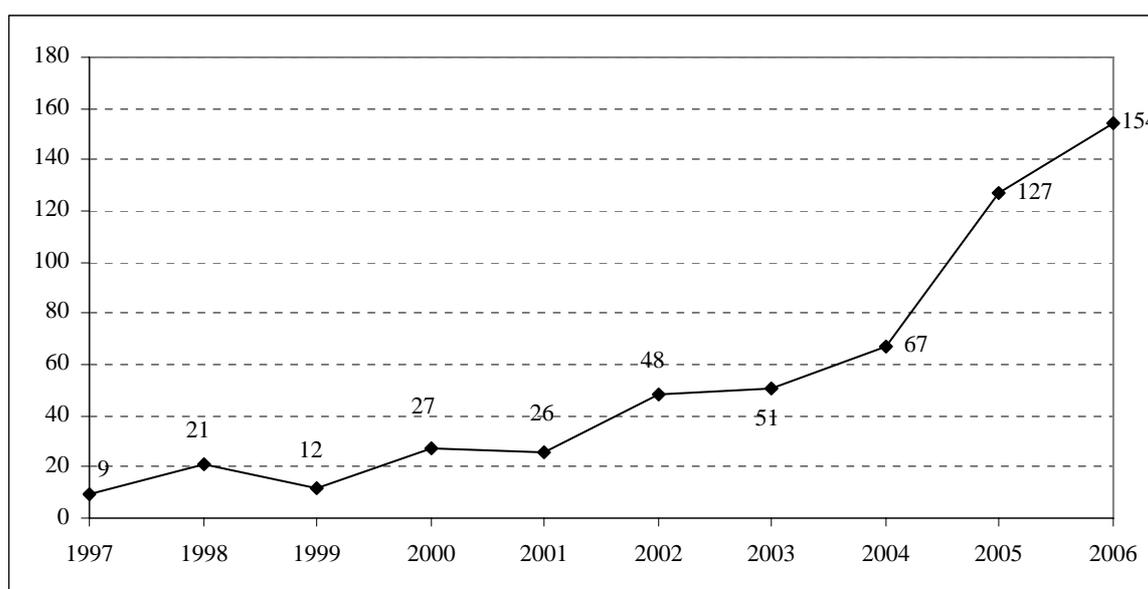
Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/TBT/N/USA/223	United States	California Air Resources Board Notice of Public Hearing to Consider Adoption of Proposed Amendments to the California Consumer Products Regulations	To protect human health and the environment
G/TBT/N/USA/227	United States	2,3,5,6-Tetrachloro-2,5-Cyclohexadiene-1,4-Dione; Proposed Significant New Use of a Chemical Substance	To protect the environment

B. AGREEMENT ON THE APPLICATION OF SANITARY AND PHYTOSANITARY (SPS) MEASURES

11. In 2006, 1156 notifications¹⁷ were issued under the SPS Agreement. As all measures deal with the safety and protection of human, animal and plant health, treating those taken for human, animal and plant health as directly environment related might be misleading. They, therefore, have not all been included in this Note. Notifications of measures dealing with pests pertinent to the protection of agricultural crops or farm animals have been excluded; they have been included if they pertain to the protection of "territory" or the wild-environment or plants in general. In 2006, 154 environment-related SPS notifications were submitted by Members. They accounted for 13.32 percent of all 2006 SPS notifications. The number of SPS environment-related notifications has increased significantly over the years (from 9 notifications in 1997 to 154 in 2006).¹⁸

12. In 2006, the notified measures related to, among others, sanitary and phytosanitary requirements for the importation of nursery stocks of forest and plant species, timber and logs, fruits and seeds, genetically modified organisms (GMOs), bees, wild birds and eggs, live fish, live animals, animal products, animal feed and veterinary products; fertilizers, pesticides and toxic chemicals; wood packing material; quarantine requirements, Import Risk Analysis (IRA) and environmental and toxicological evaluation procedures of bio-chemical products. They aimed solely or partly at protecting animal health, plants from animal/plant pests or diseases, and the territory from other damage from pests.¹⁹

Chart 10: Environment-related SPS Notifications (1997-2006)



¹⁷ This number includes all revisions, addenda and corrigenda.

¹⁸ See Chart 10.

¹⁹ See Table 4.

Table 4: Environment-related SPS Notifications (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/ARG/89	Argentina	Phytosanitary requirements established by Argentina for the entry of maize (corn) seed for propagation from Honduras	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/ARG/90	Argentina	Phytosanitary requirements established by Argentina for the entry of maize (corn) seed for propagation from Bulgaria	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/ARG/92	Argentina	Phytosanitary requirements established by Argentina for the entry of <i>Physalis peruviana</i> from Colombia	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/ARG/93	Argentina	Phytosanitary requirements established by Argentina for the importation of plant propagation material for <i>Juglans regia</i> from France and Spain	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/ARG/98	Argentina	Sanitary requirements for authorizing the importation of ornamental fish and invertebrates to the Argentine Republic	To ensure animal health and protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/ARG/99	Argentina	Sanitary requirements for authorizing the importation of live earthworms to the Argentine Republic	To ensure animal health and protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/ARG/102	Argentina	Health Requirements and Model International Veterinary Certificate for Authorizing the Importation of Live Land Snails into the Argentine Republic	To ensure animal health and protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/AUS/194	Australia	Draft Extension of Policy for the Importation of Fresh Mangoes (<i>Mangifera indica</i> L) from Taiwan	To protect plant
G/SPS/AUS/198	Australia	Draft Generic Import Risk Analysis Report for Chicken Meat	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/AUS/198/Add.1	Australia	Draft Generic Import Risk Analysis Report for Chicken Meat	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/AUS/199	Australia	Specification on imports of Fresh corm taro (<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>) for human consumption, particularly <i>Colocasia esculenta</i> var. <i>antiquorum</i>	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/AUS/199/Rev.1	Australia	Specification on imports of Fresh corm taro (<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>) for human consumption, particularly <i>Colocasia esculenta</i> var. <i>antiquorum</i>	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/BOL/15	Bolivia	Administrative Resolution No. 06/2006 on phytosanitary requirements and procedures for exports of wood to the Republic of Paraguay	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/BOL/17	Bolivia	General phytosanitary import requirements on all imports of mustard (<i>Sinapis alba</i> L.) seeds from Canada	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/BOL/18	Bolivia	General phytosanitary import requirements on imports of castor bean (<i>Ricinus communis</i> L.) seeds from the Republic of Paraguay	To protect plant

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/BRA/248	Brazil	Normative Instruction that lays down criteria and procedures for the import of plant, plant products, their products and sub products, biological organisms and soil destined for experimental or scientific purpose	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/BGR/24	Bulgaria	Regulation Amending and Supplementing Regulation No.1 for Phytosanitary Control	To protect plant and the territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/CAN/157/Rev. 11-17	Canada	Phytosanitary Requirements to Prevent the Entry of Phytophthora ramorum Associated with Sudden Oak Death into Canada	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/CAN/158/Rev. 2	Canada	Directive D-02-12, 2005 (3rd Revision): Import requirements of non-manufactured wood and other non-propagative wood products, except solid wood packaging material, from all areas other than the continental United States	To protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/CAN/163/Rev. 2	Canada	Entry Requirements for Wood Packaging Produced in all Areas other than the United States	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/CAN/275	Canada	Proposed Import Conditions for Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathy (TSE) in Small Ruminants	To protect animal
G/SPS/N/CHL/208	Chile	Phytosanitary requirements for the importation into Chile of underground structures of certain species for consumption from Peru	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/CHL/213	Chile	Amendment to Resolution No. 5257 of 2005 establishing phytosanitary requirements for the importation into Chile of dried vegetable products of certain species and places of origin	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/CHL/217	Chile	Phytosanitary requirements for the importation into Chile of seeds of certain species for consumption and Supplement to Resolution No. 2677 of 1999	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/CHL/218	Chile	Temporary suspension of the importation into Chile of certain bird species	To protect animal
G/SPS/N/CHL/220	Chile	Resolution including seeds of fruit species originating in the United States of America in the scope of Resolution No. 3.306 of 2003	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/CHL/221	Chile	Technical Standard lays down requirements governing the importation of fisheries and aquaculture raw materials for processing in Chile and re-export	To protect animal
G/SPS/N/CHL/222	Chile	Inclusion of certain dried plant products for consumption in the scope of Resolution No. 5.257 of 2005 and establishment of import requirements	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/CHL/233	Chile	Health requirements for the importation of guinea pigs into Chile	To ensure animal health

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/CHN/96	China	Regulations on the Implementation of the Law of the People's Republic of China on Import and Export Commodity Inspection	To protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/CHN/97	China	The List of Quarantine Pests for imported Plants into the People's Republic of China	To ensure plant protection, and to protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/COL/111	Colombia	Colombian Agricultural Institute (ICA) Resolution No. 03607 of 13 December 2001 prohibiting the issue of animal health documents for the importation of animals, animal products and livestock products susceptible to bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) and other transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSEs)	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/COL/108	Colombia	Resolution No. 813 of 28 March 2006 exempting exports of ornamental fish harvested from the natural environment and kept in fish storage facilities	Animal protection
G/SPS/N/CUB/11	Cuba, Republic of	Requirements for the importation of fish into the Republic of Cuba	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/CUB/14	Cuba, Republic of	Veterinary health requirements of the Republic of Cuba for imports of chicken meat (whole chickens and chicken pieces) and its by-products	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/CUB/15	Cuba, Republic of	Communication in Notification of Emergency Measures format with regard to the complete ban on the importation of live birds and fertile and table eggs from countries or areas with reports of clinical evidence and serological findings of avian influenza	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/DOM/2	Dominican Republic	International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM) No. 15: Guidelines for regulating wood packaging material in international trade	To protect plant and territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/ECU/10	Ecuador	Resolution 004 on the suspension of imports of poultry for breeding, fertile eggs, products, by-products and derivatives of avian origin of the species Gallus gallus domesticus and Malaeagris gallipavo, from Iraq, Nigeria, Croatia, Romania, Russia, Turkey and Ukraine	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/ECU/11	Ecuador	Resolution 003 on the prohibition on the importation from Argentina of animals and products, by-products and derivatives of species susceptible to foot and mouth disease	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/ECU/13	Ecuador	Resolution 020, published in Registro Oficial (Official Journal) No. 297 of 22 June 2006. A standard setting forth the technical procedures for applying Resolution 012 on wood packaging used in international trade.	To protect territory from other damage from pests

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/ECU/14	Ecuador	Resolution No. 023, published in Official Journal No. 315 of 18 July 2006, establishing provisions on the health of plants, plant products and plant propagation material of ornamental species for export	To protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/SLV/72	El Salvador	Executive Decree No. 121 Concerning Agriculture and Livestock. Emergency phytosanitary measure. Adoption of emergency phytosanitary measure prohibiting the import and transit of plant materials, fresh fruits, bulbs, rhizomes and flowers of host species of Thrips palmi.	To protect plant and territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/EEC/221/Add.4	European Community	Commission Directive 2006/14/EC of 6 February 2006 amending Annex IV to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community	To protect plant and territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/EEC/281	European Community	Draft Commission Directive amending Annexes IVA and IVB to Directive 98/8/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the placing of biocidal products on the market	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/EEC/289	European Community	The proposed Regulation replaces Directive 91/414/EEC concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market and repeals Council Directive 79/117/EEC prohibiting the placing on the market and use of plant protection products containing certain active substances	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/GTM/36	Guatemala	Draft ministerial agreement setting forth the phytosanitary requirements and specifications for imports of plant products and by-products and additional declarations in respect thereof	To ensure animal health and plant protection, to protect the territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/HND/10	Honduras	Amendment to the existing Plant and Animal Health Law, Executive Decree No. 344-2005 of 15 December 2005	To ensure animal health and plant protection, to protect the territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/HND/11	Honduras	Regulations on wood packaging material in international trade	To protect plant and territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/IND/41	India	Plant Quarantine (Regulation of Import into India) Order, 2003	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/IND/43	India	Plant Quarantine (Regulation of Import into India) (Third Amendment) Order, 2006	To protect plant and territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/IND/46	India	Notification no. S.O. 1256(E) dated 3 August 2006	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/IND/47	India	Draft Plant Quarantine (Regulation of Import into India) (Fourth Amendment) Order, 2006	To protect plant and territory from other damage from pests

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/IDN/27	Indonesia	Draft Decree of the Minister of Agriculture concerning Requirements of Wood Packaging and Plant Quarantine Action to Imported Wood Packaging Material into Republic of Indonesia	To protect plant and territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/IDN/28	Indonesia	Decree of Minister of Marine Affairs and Fisheries concerning Amendment to Decree of Minister of Marine Affairs and Fisheries No. Kep.18/Men/2003 concerning Quarantine Action Towards Importation of Quarantine Pests And Diseases of Fish Carrier Media and Towards Movement From one Area to Another Within Territory of The Republic Of Indonesia	To protect animal health and territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/IDN/30	Indonesia	Draft Decree of Minister of Agriculture concerning the Importation and Monitoring for Distribution of Carcasses, Meat and Offal from Overseas	To ensure plant protection and to protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/JPN/154	Japan	List of Invasive Alien Species (IAS), Uncategorized Alien Species (UAS) and Living Organisms Required to have a Certificate Attached during their importation in order to verify their types (LORCA)	To protect plant and animal health
G/SPS/N/JPN/160	Japan	List of Regulated Living Organisms under the Invasive Alien Species Act	To protect plant and animal health
G/SPS/N/JOR/14	Jordan	Directive No. (Z/4) Year 2005 "Instructions on Treatment of the Wood Packaging Materials used in Preparation of Consignments"	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/JOR/15	Jordan	Resolution no. 5/5/9/2391 dated 19/8/2004 and resolution no. 10/2005 dated 15/12/2005. "Banning the importation of live ruminants and their products except those treated according to Appendix 3.6.2 of the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code 2003"	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/KOR/198	Korea	Proposed Notice on Safety Management for Import and Export of Agricultural Genetically Modified Organisms	Animal health and plant protection
G/SPS/N/KOR/198/Add. 1	Korea	Proposed Notice on Safety Management for Import and Export of Agricultural Genetically Modified Organisms	Animal health and plant protection
G/SPS/N/NZL/337	New Zealand	Draft Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Mangosteen, <i>Garcinia mangostana</i> from Thailand	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/338	New Zealand	Draft Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Ginger, <i>Zingiber officinale</i> from Thailand	To protect plant

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/NZL/338/Add. 1	New Zealand	Import health standard (IHS) for Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Ginger, Zingiber officinale from Thailand	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/339	New Zealand	Draft Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Ginger, Zingiber officinale from Papua New Guinea	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/340	New Zealand	Draft Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Ya pear, Pyrus bretshneideri from the People's Republic of China - Hebei and Shandong Provinces	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/341	New Zealand	Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Papaya, Carica papaya from Australia	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/342	New Zealand	Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Papaya, Carica papaya from the United States of America - State of Hawaii	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/343	New Zealand	Import Health Standard for the importation into New Zealand of specified bee products from all countries; Import Health Standard for the importation into New Zealand of specified bee products from Australia; Import Health Standard for the importation into New Zealand of specified bee products from Pacific Island countries	To protect animal health and territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/NZL/344	New Zealand	Import Health Standard Wood Packaging Material from all countries	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/344/Add. 1	New Zealand	Draft import health standard for importation into New Zealand of Wood packaging from all countries	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/345	New Zealand	Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Garlic, Allium sativum from the People's Republic of China	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/346	New Zealand	Import Health Standard 155.02.06 Importation of Nursery Stock	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/351	New Zealand	Import health standard for the importation of soil, rock, gravel, sand, clay, peat and water from any country	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/352	New Zealand	Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Papaya, Carica papayae from Vanuatu	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/353	New Zealand	Import Health Standard Commodity Sub-class: Fresh Fruit/Vegetables; Banana, Musa spp. from Australia	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/NZL/354	New Zealand	Biosecurity New Zealand Risk Analysis Procedures	To protect animal health and plant, and territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/NZL/358	New Zealand	Import health standard for the importation of dairy products for human consumption into New Zealand from specified countries	To protect animal health and territory from other damage from pests

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/NIC/32	Nicaragua	Nicaraguan Mandatory Technical Standard regulating phytosanitary measures for wood packaging material in international trade	To protect plant and the territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/NOR/16	Norway	Regulation on the import of invertebrates	To ensure animal health, plant protection and to protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/NOR/20	Norway	Draft of regulation of XXXX 2006 concerning products for external use for care and marking using chemical means of animals	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/OMN/7	Oman	Executive Regulations for Plant Quarantine Law	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/PRY/5	Paraguay	National Plant and Seed Quality and Health Service (SENAVE) Resolution No. 10 of 14 September 2005 amending Article 5 of Resolution No. 43/05 of 13 July 2005, "Implementing International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM) No. 15: Guidelines for Regulating Wood Packaging Material in International Trade"	To protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/PRY/6	Paraguay	National Plant and Seed Quality and Health Service (SENAVE) Resolution No. 11 of 14 September 2005 authorizing the Operations Division to register on a temporary basis firms engaged in the quarantine heat treatment of wood packaging material	To protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/PRY/7	Paraguay	National Plant and Seed Quality and Health Service (SENAVE) Resolution No. 20 of September 2005 implementing the requirements for the authorization and registration of plants engaged in the phytosanitary treatment of timber sleepers for exportation to Chile	To protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/PRY/9	Paraguay	National Plant and Seed Quality and Health Service (SENAVE) Resolution No. 46 of 16 November 2005 extending the deadline for the temporary registration of firms engaged in the quarantine treatment of wood packaging material (EMATREM)	To protect territory from other damage from pests
G/SPS/N/PER/127	Peru	Suspension of the importation of certain animals and animal products from Argentina	To ensure animal health

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/ESP/3	Spain	Order APA/94/2006 of 26 January amending the Order of 12 March 1987 establishing, for the Canary Islands, phytosanitary standards governing the importation, exportation and transit of plants and plant products, prohibiting the importation of plants of the palm (Palmae) species into the Autonomous Community of the Canaries	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/ESP/4	Spain	Royal Decree 637/2006 of 26 May establishing a national programme for the eradication and control of the fungus <i>Fusarium Circinatum</i> , Nirenberg and O'Donnell	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/TPKM/79	Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu, The Separate Customs Territory of	Amendment of the "Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of Plants or Plant Products" and "Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of Host Fruits of Mediterranean Fruit Fly or Queensland Fruit Fly from Australia"	To protect plants
G/SPS/N/TPKM/83	Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu, The Separate Customs Territory of	Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of Animal Vaccines	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/TPKM/94	Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu, The Separate Customs Territory of	Phase out of certain highly toxic agro-pesticides	To protect plant
G/SPS/N/THA/142	Thailand	Certificate of origin and health requirements for importation of live carps, <i>Cyprinus carpio</i> , and their gametes into Thailand for culture purpose	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/ARE/14	United Arab Emirates	Ministerial Decree Number (511) of the year 2005 Concerning ban importation of all species of domestic and wild birds, their products and the offal from all countries	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/ARE/15	United Arab Emirates	Ministerial Decree Number (44) of the year 2006 concerning importation ban on all kinds of tamed, wild living birds, ornamental birds, offals therefrom and by-products from the Republic of Nigeria	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/ARE/16	United Arab Emirates	Ministerial Decree Number (45) of the year 2006 concerning importation ban on all kinds of hooved living animals and their products from the Province of Corrientes in Argentina	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/ARE/17	United Arab Emirates	Ministerial Decree Number (90) of the year 2006 concerning temporary import ban of all kinds of tamed, wild and ornamental birds and products and offals therefrom from Albania till further notice due to the appearance of birds flue cases	To ensure animal health

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/ARE/18	United Arab Emirates	Ministerial Decree Number (90) of the year 2006 concerning temporary import ban of all kinds of tamed, wild and ornamental birds and products and offals therefrom from Cameroon till further notice due to the appearance of birds flue cases	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/ARE/19	United Arab Emirates	Ministerial Decree Number (96) of the year 2006 Concerning Importation ban of all kinds of living, slaughtered, domestic, wild, bred in captivity birds and products and offals therefrom from Niger	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/ARE/20	United Arab Emirates	Ministerial Decree Number (112) of the year 2006 Concerning Importation of all kinds of living, slaughtered, domestic, wild, bred in captivity birds, products and offals therefrom shall be banned temporarily till further notice from Burkina Faso due to the appearance of Bird Flu cases in guinea fowl	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/ARE/21	United Arab Emirates	Ministerial Decree N° (175) of the year 2006 Concerning Importation of all kinds of living, domestic, wild and ornamental birds, their products and offals therefrom shall be banned temporarily till further notice from Fion town, Denmark due to the appearance of bird flu cases there	To ensure animal health
G/SPS/N/USA/1171/Add .1	United States	This regulation eliminates the need to establish a maximum permissible level for residues of Bacillus Thuringiensis VIP3A Insect Control Protein.	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1189	United States	Action to allow the importation of peppers from the Republic of Korea in the continental United State while continuing to provide protection against the introduction of quarantine pests.	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1195	United States	This notice announces Agency approval of applications to register the pesticide products, Dutch Trig[reg]and Heads Up Plant Protectant, containing active ingredients not included in any previously registered product.	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1196	United States	Notice. Erioglaurine and Tartrazine Aquashade; Reregistration Eligibility Decision; Notice of Availability	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1203	United States	EPA is releasing for public comment its human health and environmental fate and effects risk assessments and related documents for metaldehyde, a pesticide, and soliciting public comment on risk management ideas or proposals.	Environmental and Plant protection

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/USA/1207	United States	Proposed rule: Iodomethane; Pesticide Chemical Not Requiring a Tolerance or an Exemption from Tolerance	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1219	United States	Notice. Coppers Risk Assessments; Notice of Availability and Risk Reduction Options	Plant and environmental protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1220	United States	Notice of Filing of a Pesticide Petition for the Extension of an Exemption from the Requirement of a Tolerance for the Residues of the Plant-Incorporated Protectant Modified Cry3A Protein and the Genetic Material for Its Production in Corn	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1220/Add .1	United States	This regulation extends an existing temporary exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of the <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> modified Cry3A protein (mCry3A) and the genetic material necessary for its production in corn on field corn, sweet corn, and popcorn when applied/used as a plant-incorporated protectant	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1241	United States	Notice. Boric Acid / Sodium Borate Salts Risk Assessment; Notice of Availability	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1250	United States	Proposed rule. Pesticides; Data Requirements for Bio chemical and Microbial Pesticides	Animal health and plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1255	United States	Public workshops to explain the provisions of its recently proposed rule updating and revising the data requirements for registration of bio chemical and microbial pesticides in 40 CFR part 158	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1265	United States	A notice of receipt of a request by the registrant to voluntarily terminate the use of the pesticide propylene oxide (PPO) on bird seed products. The request would terminate non-food PPO use as an insecticidal fumigant for the control of stored product insects in bird seed	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1269	United States	This notice announces the availability of EPA's revised risk assessment for the pesticide methyl bromide's uses in enclosures, chambers and structural food processing/storage facilities	Animal health and plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1271	United States	This notice announces receipt of applications to register pesticide products containing a new active ingredient, Quillaja Saponaria Extract, not included in any previously registered products pursuant to the provisions of section 3(c)(4) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended	Animal health and plant protection

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/USA/1278	United States	Importation of Small Lots of Seed Without Phytosanitary Certificates, Final Rule	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1301	United States	Notice. Alkyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride Risk Assessments and Preliminary Risk Reduction Options	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1302	United States	This notice announces the availability of EPA's risk assessment, preliminary risk reduction options, and related documents for the pesticide 2-(Thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole (TCMTB)	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1303	United States	This notice announces the availability of EPA's risk assessments, preliminary risk reduction options, and related documents for the Group 1 Quat Cluster pesticide didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1310	United States	Notice. Pesticide Product Registrations; Conditional Approval	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1323	United States	This notice announces the initial filing of a pesticide petition proposing the establishment of a temporary exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for the residues of the plant-incorporated protectants <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Cry2Ab2 and the genetic material necessary for its production in corn in or on all corn commodities	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1323/Add .1	United States	This regulation establishes a temporary exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of the <i>Bacillus Thuringiensis</i> Cry2Ab2 protein and the genetic material necessary for its production in corn on field corn, sweet corn, and popcorn when applied/used as a plant-incorporated protectant	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1324	United States	This notice announces the initial filing of a pesticide petition proposing the establishment of a temporary exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for the residues of the plant-incorporated protectants <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Cry1A.105 protein and the genetic material necessary for its production in corn in or on all corn commodities	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1324/Add .1	United States	This regulation establishes a temporary exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of the <i>Bacillus Thuringiensis</i> Cry1A.105 protein and the genetic material necessary for its production in corn on field corn, sweet corn, and popcorn when applied/used as a plant-incorporated protectant	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1338	United States	Notice. Pesticide Product; Registration Applications	Plant protection

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/USA/1340	United States	To re-evaluation decisions for the pesticides azinphoS-methyl and phosmet, the grower impact assessments, human health documents, environmental fate and effects documents, and other related documents	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1341	United States	Notice. Pesticide Product; Registration Applications	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1355	United States	This notice announces the availability of EPA's Tolerance Reassessment Decision (TRED) for the pesticide ethephon	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1357	United States	This notice announces the availability of EPA's Interim Re-registration Eligibility Decision (IRED) for the organophosphate (OP) pesticide dichlorvos (DDVP), and opens a public comment period on this document. DDVP is an organophosphate insecticide and fumigant registered for use in controlling flies, mosquitoes, gnats, cockroaches, fleas, and other insect pests	Animal health and plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1358	United States	The request would terminate DDVP use in or on: Mushroom house (hand held fogger); Green house (hand held fogger); Warehouse (hand held fogger); Residential Crack and Crevice use; Residential Total Release Fogger; Lawn, Turf and Ornamentals; 21 gram Pest Strip; 65 gram Pest Strip; 80 gram Pest Strip; and 100 gram Pest Strip	Animal health and plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1367	United States	Bio chemical (straight chain lepidopteran pheromone) for mating disruption codling moth (<i>Cydia pomonella</i>) and leafroller moths [oblique banded leafroller (<i>Choristoneura rosaceana</i>), pandemic leafroller (<i>Pandemis pyrusana</i>) ...	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1369	United States	Notice of Filing of Pesticide Petitions for Establishment to Regulations for Residues of Diuron in or on Cactus, Prickly Pear; Spearmint, tops; Peppermint, tops, and Fish - Freshwater Fin fish, Farm Raised	Animal and plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1375	United States	Notice. Boric Acid/Sodium Borate Salts: Tolerance Reassessment Decision; Notice of Availability	To protect animal health
G/SPS/N/USA/1380	United States	A notice announces the availability of EPA's Tolerance Reassessment Decision (TRED) for the pesticide Sodium cyanide, which is used as a predacide/rodenticide and as an insecticide	Animal protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1386	United States	A notice announces the availability of EPA's Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) for the pesticide metaldehyde	Plant protection

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/USA/1387	United States	A notice announces the availability of EPA's Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) for the pesticide propylene oxide (PPO)	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1392	United States	A notice announces the availability of EPA's Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) for the organic arsenical herbicides MSMA, DSMA, CAMA, and cacodylic acid	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1392/Add .2	United States	Re-registration eligibility decision (RED) for the organic arsenical herbicides MSMA, DSMA, DAMA, and cacodylic acid	Soil and water protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1393	United States	A notice announces the availability of EPA's Tolerance Reassessment Decision (TRED) for the pesticide ethylene oxide	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1397	United States	To harmonize testing guidelines for the registration of pesticides in Canada and the United States	Animal and plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1403	United States	This regulation establishes a tolerance for combined residues of endothall and its monomethyl ester in or on fish at 0.1 ppm	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1412	United States	Proposed regulations to implement section 572 of the Federal Food Drug and Cosmetic Act entitled "Index of Legally Marketed Unapproved New Animal Drugs for Minor Species.	Animal protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1419	United States	A notice announces the availability of EPA's Re-registration Eligibility Decision for the pesticide propiconazole (a conventional fungicide on agricultural crops, ornamentals, and turf and is used as an antimicrobial material preservative and wood preservative	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1435	United States	A notice announces the availability of EPA's Reregistration Eligibility Decisions (REDs) for the pesticides 2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole (TCMTB); Alkylbenzene Sulfonates (ABS); Orthophenylphenol (OPP); Chlorine Dioxide and Sodium Chlorite	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1441	United States	To seek public comment on a draft Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) entitled "Guidance on Small-Scale Field Testing and Low-level Intermittent Presence in Food of Plant-Incorporated Protectants (PIPs)	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1447	United States	To seek public comments regarding the tolerances for the pesticide dichlorvos (DDVP)	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1451	United States	To seek public comments regarding the tolerances for the pesticide carbaryl	Environmental protection

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment – Related Objective
G/SPS/N/USA/1458	United States	This regulation establishes a permanent exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of the <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> modified Cry3A protein (mCry3A) and the genetic material necessary for its production in corn	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1459	United States	A notice announces receipt of an application to register Technical Indole-3-acetic Acid containing a new active ingredient not included in any previously registered products	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1460	United States	A notice announces receipt of an application to register Biter Fighter TM as a bio chemical insect attractant	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1462	United States	A notice announces the filing of a pesticide petition proposing the establishment of regulations for residues of the plant-incorporated protectant, <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Vip3A protein and the genetic material necessary for its production in corn, in or on all corn commodities	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1463	United States	A notice announces requests comments on an application to register the pesticide product Racer TM Concentrate containing the active ingredient ammonium nonanoate not included in any previously registered product pursuant to federal law	Plant protection
G/SPS/N/USA/1478	United States	A notice announces the availability of EPA's human health and environmental fate and effects risk assessment(s) and related documents for the fumigant chloropicrin, and opens a public comment period on these documents	Plant protection

C. AGREEMENT ON SUBSIDIES AND COUNTERVAILING MEASURES (SCM)

13. In 2006, out of the 92 notifications submitted by Members under the SCM Agreement, 8 (8.7 per cent) included environment-related measures.²⁰ These environment-related measures related to a variety of subsidies, loans, grants, preferential tax treatments, exemptions from taxes, special funds for financial assistance, interest discounts, and financial appropriations. They aimed at, among others, the protection of the environment, reduction in pollution and environmental risks, conservation of natural resources, encouraging recycling, energy conservation and development of environmentally friendly technology and alternative renewable energy sources, and facilitating the implementation of MEAs (e.g. CITES).

14. For instance, in industry, assistance was provided on pollution prevention, energy efficiency, waste management, and to develop environmental technologies. In the agriculture sector, assistance was provided to actualize technological achievements in order to support water saving in irrigation; and in the fisheries sector, to promote sustainable development of the fisheries industry and to strengthen the protection of species. In the forestry sector, measures were taken to stimulate the

²⁰ See Chart 11.

return of cultivated land to forests, to strengthen disease, pest and rat prevention in forests, and to forestall desertification in forestry. On energy, assistance was granted to foster energy saving and to develop alternative energy sources; on waste management, to encourage recycling and recycling industry; and in the transport sector, to contain air pollution in urban areas. Some of the assistance programs took into consideration of environment impacts.²¹

Chart 11: Environment-related SCM Notifications (1997 -2006)

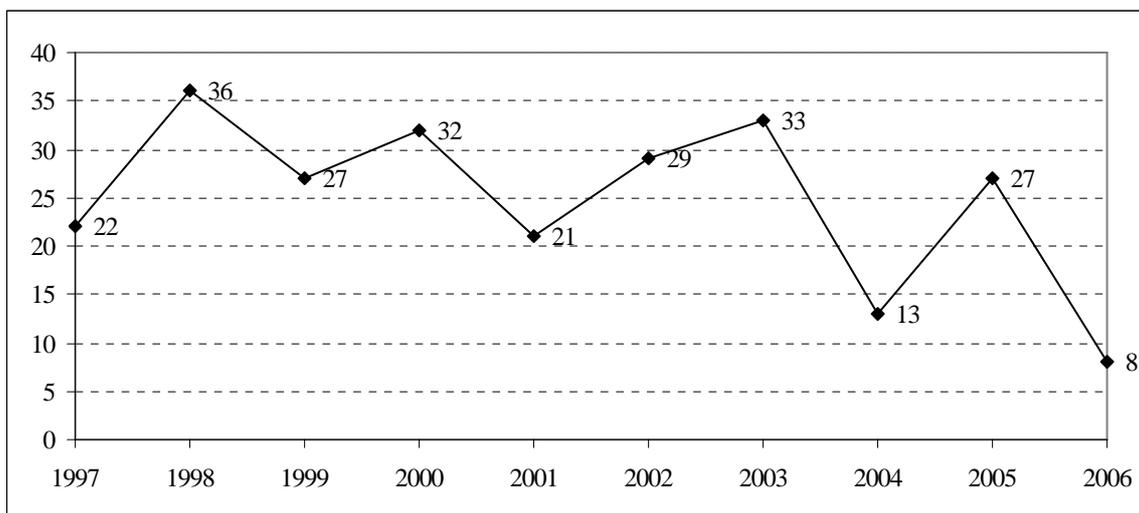


Table 5: Environment –related SCM Notifications (2006)²²

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/SCM/N/123/ARG	Argentina	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Law No. 13.273 on Promotion of forestry activity (regulatory enactment by Decree No. 710/95) and De Decree No. 711/95 on Promotion of forest plantations • The equipment, tools, drugs, seeds, cuttings and other elements needed for af forest ation, the re forest ation of the country and survey work are exempted from customs duties; tax stability; and tax credits • 1 January to 31 December 2005 • Producers, exporters or others 	To promote forestry activity throughout the country.

²¹ See Table 5.

²² The description of the Measure or programme is arranged (wherever possible) as follows:

- Title of the measure or programme;
- Form of assistance, if mentioned;
- Indicative duration of programme if mentioned in a notification (if time is not mentioned in the table, the notification contains no reference to the duration of a measure or it says that the measure is not limited in time); if a programme or measure has been discontinued or terminated but is still not notified, that means there were some pending liabilities (payments, collectibles, interest rate subsidies, guaranties, losses to be covered etc.) spilling over the next periods;
- Principal beneficiaries.

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
G/SCM/N/146/ATG	Antigua and Barbuda	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Free Trade and Process Zone Act is an Act to attract foreign and local private investment and capital for various Manufacturing and Service entities • Exemption from the payment of Custom Duty, Consumption and other taxes • 1 June 2006 • Private investors both foreign and local 	The decision to grant a licence is based on a number of considerations, including environmental impact.
G/SCM/N/123/CHN	China, People's Republic of	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preferential tax policies for enterprises which utilize the waste materials • Preferential tax treatment • 1994-present • Enterprises which use the waste materials 	To protect the environment and encourage the recycling of resources.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preferential tax policies for the enterprises engaged in forestry • Preferential tax treatment • 2001-present • Enterprises and institutions engaged in forestry 	To encourage the development of forestry.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subsidy for actualizing agricultural technology • Financial appropriation • 2001-present • Individuals or enterprises right-holders for new agricultural technology 	To accelerate the actualization of agricultural technological achievements in agriculture, forestry and water conservation and irrigation.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subsidy for major flood control and drought resistance • Financial appropriation • 1953-present • Enterprises or related organisations 	To assist areas that suffer from major flood or drought, to prevent or fight against disasters and to assist the flood control of major rivers and lakes.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fund for interest discount of loans for the purpose of agricultural water saving irrigation • Interest discount • 1997-present • Individuals, enterprises or related organisations 	To support water saving irrigation technology.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cash subsidy for returning cultivated land to forests • Financial appropriations • 2000-present • Farmers 	To improve the ecological environment.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Special fund for projects on protection of natural forestry • Financial appropriations • 1998-2010 • State owned forestry enterprises 	To protect natural forestry resources and improve eco-environment.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compensation fund for forestry ecological benefits • Financial appropriations • 2001-2003 as pilot project; 2004-present • Entities that manage the key national commonweal forests 	To protect key forestry resources and ensure ecological security.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interest discount for loans for the purpose of desertification prevention in 	To encourage investment into the construction of forestry

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
		forestry <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interest discount • 1986-2004 • Individuals, enterprises or organisations 	ecological environment, to protect the natural forest resources.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subsidy for prevention from and control of pest and disease in forestry • Financial appropriations • 1980-2004 • Individuals, enterprises and organisations engaged in forestry 	To strengthen the disease, pest and rat prevention and control in forests, woods, seedling and bamboo forest.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preferential tax policies for the relief of grain and disaster relief grain, compensation grain for returning cultivated land to forests and to grass land and the grain rations for the migrants from the reservoir areas • Preferential tax treatment • 1999-present for returned cultivated land to forests; 2001-present for returned cultivated land to grassland • Grain enterprises 	To ensure environmental protection.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preferential tax policies on imports of seeds /seelings), breeding stock (fowl), fish fries (breeds) and non-profit-making wild animals and plant kept as breeds during the period of the "Tenth Five-Year Plan" • Preferential tax treatment • 2001-2005 • Imported seed /seelings), breeding stock (fowl), fish fries (breeds) and non-profit-making wild animals and plant kept as breeds 	To introduce and promote improved breeds and to strengthen the protection of species resources.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preferential tax treatment for specimens of endangered wild animals and plants returned by the government of Hong Kong, China to the Office of the Administration of Import and Export of Endangered Species • Preferential tax treatment • Until September 2000 • Specimens of endangered wild animals and plants 	To facilitate the implementation of the Convention on International Trade in Engendered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora and to protect specimens of wild animals and plants.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preferential tax treatment for specimens of endangered wild animals and plants as well as their products returned by the government of Hong Kong, China or the government of Macao, China to the Office of the Administration of Import and Export of Endangered Species • Preferential tax treatment • Until September 2000 • Specimens of endangered wild animals and plants 	To facilitate the implementation of the Convention on International Trade in Engendered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora and to protect wild animals and plants as well as their products.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preferential tax treatment for building material products produced with integrated utilization of resources • Preferential tax treatment 	To encourage the integrated utilization of resources and protect the environment.

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1995-present • Building material products made from waste residues 	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preferential tax treatment for other products produced with integrated utilization of resources • Preferential tax treatment • 2001-present • Products produced with integrated utilization of resources 	To encourage the integrated utilization of resources and protect the environment.
G/SCM/N/146/CRI	Costa Rica	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Duty-Free Zone Law, Law No. 7210 of 23 November 1990 to promote the socio-economic development of Costa Rica by attracting foreign and domestic investment and the promotion of exports. • An exemption from payment of all taxes, consular fees and duties • Calendar year 2005 • Investors 	The natural or legal person wishing to join the Duty-Free Zone Regime is required to submit the relevant application and to be accompanied by detailed information including on the pollution caused by the process and its waste.
G/SCM/N/123/HKG	Hong Kong, China	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fisheries Development Loan Fund • Loan • Ongoing • Members of registered fishermen's co-operative society 	To facilitate the sustainable development of local fisheries industry.
G/SCM/N/123/KOR	Korea	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Environmental improvement loan programme • Loan • No fixed time period • Firms that install pollution prevention devices and facilities 	To encourage and to promote private sector investments in pollution prevention environmental facilities.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support for R&D of environmental technology development projects • Grant • No fixed time period • Government-invested research institutions, universities, research institutions and private enterprises 	To improve the domestic environment by developing cutting-edge environmental technologies.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subsidy for the emission reduction device installation and "cleaner" engine retrofit • Grant • 2004-2014 • Diesel vehicle owner 	To reduce emission from operating diesel vehicles in metropolitan areas.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subsidy for the natural gas bus procurement and fuel expenses • Grant • 2000-2007 • Individuals purchasing natural gas vehicles 	To ameliorate air quality in metropolitan areas.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loan Programme for recycling industry promotion • Loan • No fixed time period • Firms engaged in recycling business 	To promote and encourage recycling and recycling industry.
G/SCM/N/123/CHE	Switzerland	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assistance for Forestry Activities • Indemnities are paid for the performance of tasks required by law (e.g. measures for protection against natural hazards, minimum tending in 	To assist forestry activities

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Environment-Related Objective
		<p>protection of forest s). Up to 70 per cent of the costs incurred by such measures are paid by the Confederation. Financial assistance is provided if the forest owner chooses to carry out certain measures such as tending and hauling, if the cost of these measures is made particularly onerous by restriction linked to nature protection. In this context, up to 50 per cent of the costs incurred is covered by the Confederation. Financial aid is also offered for the improvement of management condition (e.g. building of forest roads and other structural improvement).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The duration per project is normally 5 years • Forest owners 	
G/SCM/N/123/TUN	Tunisia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy Saving • Exemption from duties and taxes • Not specified • All industrial enterprises engaged in energy saving investments 	To encourage companies to make energy savings and develop renewable sources of energy as well as geothermal energy.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incentives for pollution control and environmental protection • Tax rebates, capital grants and exemptions from duties and taxes payable on capital goods • Ongoing • All enterprises wishing to invest in pollution control and environmental protection 	To assist industrial companies to install separate sewerage systems for their waste water, make adjustments to their manufacturing procedures, avoid wastage, reduce and recycle waste, recycle waste water, use clean technologies and thus suppress at source problems of industrial pollution and damage, install units for the pre-treatment of liquid and gaseous effluents before their release, thus ensuring compliance with industrial emission standards, detoxify dangerous waste, and improve the management of industrial waste by recycling or eliminating it in an environmentally friendly manner.

D. AGREEMENT ON AGRICULTURE

15. In 2006, out of the 123 notifications²³ submitted by Members under the Agreement on Agriculture, 24 (approximately 19.5 percent) were environment-related.²⁴ They were notified as Green Box measures, under Article 18.3 on any new domestic support measure or modification of an existing measure, and under Article 16 on bilateral assistance projects for Least-Developed Net Food Importing Countries (LDFNICs).

16. These environment-related measures included domestic support on research, infrastructural services, training, extension and advisory services, environmental, bilateral and regional programmes,

²³ This number includes all revisions, addenda and corrigenda.

²⁴ See Chart 12.

plant health programmes, water quality programmes, farm-assistance, rural-conservation and land-use programmes, soil, irrigation and drainage systems, natural resource management and sustainability initiatives.

17. They aimed at soil and water conservation, afforestation and reforestation, reduction of negative environmental impact from agricultural activities and the use of pesticides, plant health protection, promoting organic and environmentally sound farming practices, fostering sustainable land use and agribusiness, improving natural resources management, assisting biodiversity, preventing water and soil pollution, reducing green house gas emissions, and improving rural income and living conditions within a framework of long-term sustainable development.²⁵

Chart 12: Environment-related Agriculture Notifications (1997 -2006)

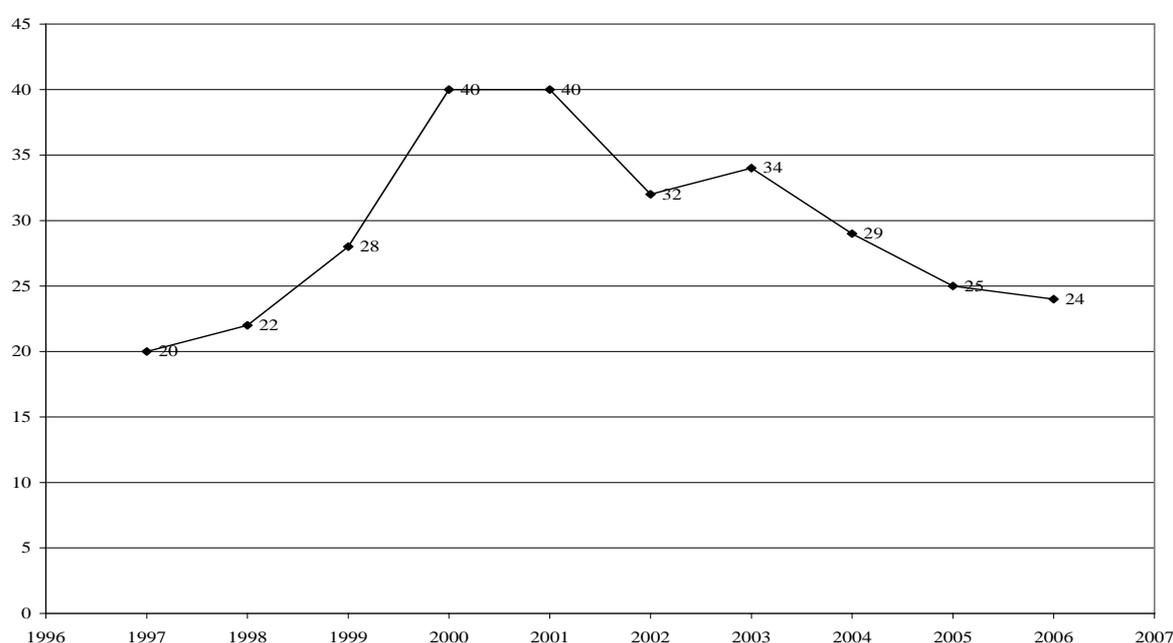


Table 6: Environment-related Agriculture Notifications (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Programme	Objective
G/AG/N/ARM/5/ Rev.2	Armenia (2004) Green Box Measures General services	Research	To promote land agrochemical research and fertility enhancement.
		Infrastructural services	To foster the implementation of the irrigation system repair, construction, exploitation, land, water and forest control.
		Extension and advisory services	To put in place hydro-meteorological measures to implement environmental and other programs.
G/AG/N/ARM/8	Armenia (2004) Green Box Measures Infrastructural services	Environmental programme for the implementation of anti-hail measures for the improvement of the irrigated lands of the Araratian plateau	To foster the implementation of anti-hail measures for the improvement of the irrigated lands of the Araratian plateau.

²⁵ See Table 6.

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Programme	Objective
G/AG/N/AUS/60	Australia (2004-2005) Article 16.2 of the Agreement	Technical and financial assistance under paragraph 3 (iii) of the Decision on Measures Concerning the Possible Negative Effects of the Reform Programme on Least-Developed and Net Food-Importing Developing Countries	To reduce poverty and achieve sustainable development in developing countries not just by improving agriculture and rural development, but also by directing its efforts across a variety of sectors.
		Bilateral and regional programmes	To support programs in forestry and fisheries, environmental management, management of land and water resources.
G/AG/N/CAN/57	Canada (2002-2003) Article 16.2 of the Agreement	Technical and financial assistance under paragraph 3 (iii) of the Decision on Measures Concerning the Possible Negative Effects of the Reform Programme on Least-Developed and Net Food-Importing Developing Countries	To support the sectors of fisheries and agro-forestry.
G/AG/N/CAN/60	Canada (2003) Green Box Measures	Environmental programmes	To provide assistance to the management of soil, water and manure in Quebec.
G/AG/N/CAN/61	Canada (2003) Article 18.3 of the Agreement	Organic Agriculture Support Program	To foster the development of the organic sector.
		Prime-Vert (Quebec)	To support research and extension or producers to offset part of the incremental cost of implementing clearly defined environmental initiatives as authorized by the Ministry of the Environment.
G/AG/N/CAN/64	Canada Article 18.3 of the Agreement Initiatives under the Environment component of the Agricultural Policy Framework	National Environmental Farm Planning	To foster the development of agrienvironmental farm plans (EFP) to identify and mitigate all actual and potential environmental risks.
		National Farm Stewardship Program (Beneficial Farm Management Practices)	To help accelerate of the adoption of Beneficial Management Practices (e.g. improved manure storage and handling, farmyard runoff control, water well management, species at risk) by providing technical assistance and cost-sharing their implementation.
		Green cover Canada	To improve grassland-management practices, protect water quality, reduce green house gas emissions, and enhance biodiversity and wildlife habitat.
		National Agricultural Environment Health and Reporting Program (NAHARP)	To develop science-based agrienvironmental indicators; assess progress in adopting environmentally-sound practices; conduct environmental analysis of policies and programs in agriculture; and develop approaches to express environmental impacts in economic terms.
		Pesticide Risk Reduction (PRR) Program	To reduce the risks to the environment from pesticides used in agriculture.
		Environment Technology Assessment for Agriculture (ETAA)	To evaluate the performance of innovated technologies of food production to improve the long-term economic and environmental performance of the sector.

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Programme	Objective
G/AG/N/CHN/8	China, People's Republic of (1999-2001) Green Box Measures General Services	Infrastructure services	To support flood control engineering, drainage and irrigation facilities, rural roads, rural electricity reticulation, small scale watering facilities on farmland, as well as soil and water conservation.
		Environmental programmes	To support afforestation, reforestation, natural forestry protection, desert control and prevention.
G/AG/N/COL/30	Colombia (2000) Article 6.2 of the Agreement Development Programmes	Investment subsidy generally available for agriculture	To support the establishment of new indigenous plantations, maintenance of existing plantations and promotion of reforestation.
		Support to encourage diversification from growing illicit narcotic crops	To support communities affected by illicit crops, through investment in production projects, technology, environmental regeneration and rural development.
G/AG/N/COL/36	Colombia (2004) Article 6.2 of the Agreement - Development Programmes	Incentives for producers who carry out investment projects geared towards the capitalization of the agricultural sector and support for small- and medium-scale producers with a view to revitalizing agriculture	To support the establishment of new indigenous plantations, maintenance of existing plantations and promotion of reforestation.
		Support to encourage diversification from growing illicit narcotic crops	To support communities affected by illicit crops, through investment in production projects, technology, environmental regeneration and rural development.
G/AG/N/DOM10	Dominican Republic (2004) Green Box Measure	Environmental programmes	To enhance the development of natural resources.
G/AG/N/EEC/53	European Communities (2002 - 2003) Green Box Measure	Environmental Programmes	To protect the environment and preserve the countryside, control soil erosion and extensification; to aid environmentally sensitive areas; to support and protect organic production by creating conditions of fair competition; to aid forestry measures in agriculture; to preserve genetic resources in agriculture.
		Structural Adjustment Assistance provided through Resource Retirement Programmes	To set-aside at least 20 per cent cultivated land to be left fallow, wooded or used for non-agricultural purposes.
		(2003-2004) General Services - Infrastructural services	To support arterial drainage; collective irrigation schemes; provide electricity and water supply; farm roads; construction of reservoirs; flood protection.
		Structural Adjustment Assistance provided through Resource Retirement Programmes	To set-aside at least 20 per cent cultivated land to be left fallow, wooded or used for non-agricultural purposes.

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Programme	Objective
		Environmental Programmes	To protect the environment and preserve the countryside, control soil erosion and extensification; to aid environmentally sensitive areas; to support and protect organic production by creating conditions of fair competition; to aid forestry measures in agriculture; to preserve genetic resources in agriculture.
G/AG/N/HND/21	Honduras (2004-2005) Green Box Measures	Natural resource management and disaster mitigation (AFE-COHDEFOR)	To create the conditions for poor households to achieve sustainable livelihoods, to prevent disasters and to mitigate their effects in the departments of Francisco Morazán, El Paraíso and Choluteca.
		General Services	Management and protection of the Río Plátano Man and Biosphere Reserve
	Other Services	Tri-National Sustainable Development Programme for the Upper Lempa River Basin	To raise the living standards of the inhabitants of the upper Lempa River basin through measures designed to further the sustainable development of the intervention area and help break the poverty-degradation of natural resources cycle.
	Article 6.2 of the Agreement Development Programmes	Agribusiness Development and Soil and Water Conservation Project for the Jicatuyo River (DINADERS)	To foster the area's economic and social development by raising household income on the basis of agricultural production, with a view to long-term sustainability.
		Natural resource management in priority river basin areas (MARENA)	To further processes aimed at achieving sustainable rural development through the strengthening of natural resource management at both central and local levels, so as to help reduce poverty and the physical, economic and environmental vulnerability affecting critical areas of rural territory in the Ulua, Nacaome and Chamelecón river basins.
G/AG/N/HND/22	Honduras (2004-2005) Article 18.3 of the Agreement General Services, Training	Natural resource management and disaster mitigation. AFE, COHDEFOR	To create the conditions for poor households to achieve sustainable livelihoods, to prevent disasters and to mitigate their effects in the departments of Francisco Morazán, El Paraíso and Choluteca.
		Management and protection of the Río Plátano Man and Biosphere Reserve	To create the technical bases - both social and organizational - for the conservation and protection of the biosphere, through sustainable management of natural resources in the zones of influence of the communities living in the departments of Olancho, Colón and Gracias a Dios.
	Article 6.2 of the Agreement Development Programmes	Natural resource management in priority river basin areas (MARENA)	To further processes aimed at achieving sustainable rural development through the strengthening of natural resource management at both central and local levels, with a view to helping reduce poverty and the physical, economic and environmental vulnerability affecting critical areas of rural territory in the Río Ulua, Río Nacaome and Río Chamelecón river basins.

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Programme	Objective
G/AG/N/HKG/18	Hong Kong (2004-2005) Green Box measures General Services	Research	To investigate the technology and local development potential of controlled-environment green house production system.
		Extension and advisory services	To develop and promote organic farming.
G/AG/N/HKG/20	Hong Kong (2005-2006) Green Box measures General Services	Research	To investigate the technology and local development potential of controlled-environment green house production system.
		Extension and advisory services	To develop and promote organic farming.
G/AG/N/HUN/40	Hungary (2003) Green Box measures General Services	Environmental programmes	To provide assistance to the protection of arable land.
G/AG/N/LVA/12	Latvia (2002) Green Box measures General Services	Payments under environmental programmes	To support biological farming.
G/AG/N/LVA/15	Latvia (2003) Green Box measures General Services	Payments under environmental programmes	To support biological farming.
G/AG/N/MEX/13	Mexico (2003-2004) Green Box measures	Water-Use Acquisition Programme	To promote the sustainability of irrigation districts with water availability problems.
		Comprehensive Programme for Sustainable Agriculture and Productive Conversion in Areas Liable to Recurrent Damage (PIASRE)	To encourage sustainable development in areas frequently affected by adverse weather.
G/AG/N/NZL/45	New Zealand (2004-2005) Article 16.2 of the Agreement	Bilateral programmes	To improve agricultural productivity and sustainability of the partner countries.
G/AG/N/CHE/34/ Rev. 1	Switzerland – Liechtenstein (1999-2001) Green Box measures	Environmental programmes	To support special ecological services.
G/AG/N/TPKM/32	Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu, The Separate Customs Territory of (2002) Green Box measures General Services	Research	To foster research in relation to environmental programs.
		Land retirement programs	To stimulate the conversion of farmland to forestry use and islandwide reforestation.
		Environmental programmes	To prevent pollution, manage agricultural waste and monitor the pollution of the water and soil; to promote the sustainable use of farm land.
G/AG/N/THA/59	Thailand (2002-2004) Green Box measures General Services	Agricultural Research and Development Plan	To provide assistance for plant and breeding improvement, rural development, rainmaking research and reformation of land use.
		Agricultural Training Services	To help providing producers the knowledge to improve their farming techniques in order to produce efficiently.

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Programme	Objective
		Environmental Promotion Programmes	To encourage producers to use soil and water resources appropriately in order to prevent soil and water problems which may affect the environment, promoting the easy-to-do techniques to solve the problems of soil and water deterioration and encouraging the use of non-chemical substances in farming.

E. AGREEMENT ON ANTI-DUMPING

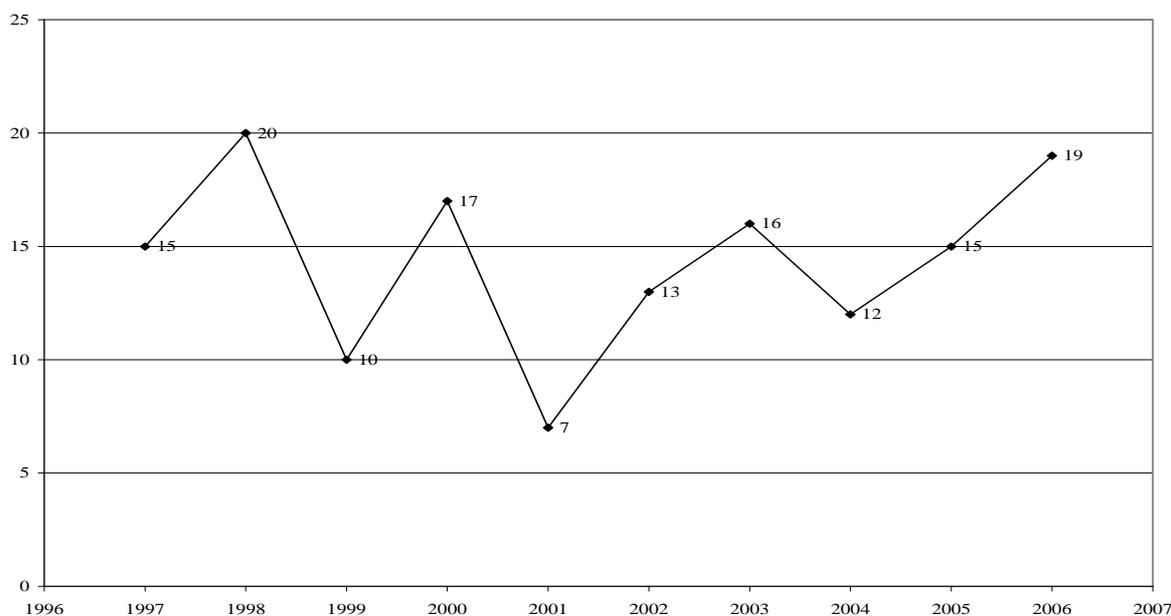
18. In 2006, out of the 98 notifications submitted by Members under the Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the GATT 1994 on Anti-dumping, none was environment-related.

F. AGREEMENT ON IMPORT LICENSING PROCEDURES (ILP)

19. In 2006, out of the 59 notifications submitted by Members under the ILP Agreement, 19 (32.2 percent) were environment-related.²⁶

20. The notified measures consisted of, among others, bans and prohibitions, permits, automatic and non-automatic import licenses, import quotas, export licenses and control of movement on wild animals, plants, fish, GMOs, endangered species, vehicle, nuclear and radioactive substances, ozone depleting substances, wastes, hazardous waste and chemicals. They aimed at protecting the environment and exhaustible natural resources, and preserving biodiversity.²⁷ A significant number of these measures were developed for compliance with international obligations under MEAs, such as the CITES on endangered species, Montreal Protocol on ozone-depleting substances, Basel Convention on hazardous and toxic waste, Stockholm Convention on persistent organic pollutants, and the International Plant Protection Convention.

Chart 13: Environment-related ILP Notifications (1997 – 2006)



²⁶ See Chart 13.

²⁷ See Table 7.

Table 7: Environment-related Import Licensing Procedures (ILP) Notifications (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Programme	Objective
G/LIC/N/3/AUS/3	Australia	Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (EPBC Act)	To regulate Australian and international trade in wildlife and the import and export of animals and plants listed in the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES).
		Motor Vehicle Standards Act 1989 (the MVSA) and the Motor Vehicle Standards Regulations 1989 and Determinations	To ensure that Australian safety and environmental standards are not breached.
		Gene Technology Act 2000 establishing an import licenses system for GMOs.	To protect the health and safety of people, and to protect the environment.
		Antarctic Treaty (Environment Protection) Act establishing a permit system for Antarctic items	To provide protection to the Antarctic environment and dependent and associated ecosystems.
		The Territory of Heard Island and McDonald Islands Environment Protection and Management Ordinance	To preserve and manage the Territory so as to protect the environment and the indigenous wildlife of the Territory.
G/LIC/N/3/BRB/3	Barbados	Import licensing system	To ensure environmental protection.
G/LIC/N/2/BRA/3	Brazil	Non-automatic licensing procedure for products which may cause environmental damage	To ensure environmental protection.
G/LIC/3/CAN/5	Canada	Nuclear Safety and Control Act establishing an import licenses system for nuclear substances	To regulate the use of nuclear energy in Canada to prevent undue risk to health, safety, security and the environment.
		Wild Animal and Plant Protection and Regulation of International and Interprovincial Trade Act (WAPPRIITA) establishing an import licenses system for endangered species	To allow importation in endangered species and their by-products in internationally agreed circumstances (in accordance with CITES).
		Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act	To provide a system of evidentiary certificates for specific listed hazardous wastes in accordance with Australia's obligations under the Basel Convention and in the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).
		Prohibition and import control of ozone depleting substances under the Ozone Protection and Synthetic Green House Gas Management Act	To comply with the obligations under the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer and the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.
		Import licences for radioactive substances	To comply with Australia's international obligations under the Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes.
		Import controls on organochlorine pesticides (OCPs) group of chemicals listed on the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants	To prevent harmful effects on animals, people and the environment.

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Programme	Objective
		Prohibition and permit system for industrial chemicals under the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act	To protect human health and the environment from potential harm.
G/LIC/N/3/CHN/5	China, People's Republic of	Import license administration for ozone-depleting materials	To comply with the obligations under international Conventions to which China is a signatory.
G/LIC/N/3/COL/4	Colombia	Automatic import licenses	To apply environmental protection controls to guarantee the protection of the environment under international treaties, conventions and protocols.
G/LIC/N/3/GEO/3	Georgia	Law on "Licences and Permissions" establishing an import permission system for endangered species and for radioactive substances and wastes	To ensure environmental protection and to comply with CITES.
G/LIC/N/3/HKG/10	Hong Kong	Import control on ozone-depleting substances	To ensure that the amount of ozone -depleting substances retained for local consumption does not exceed levels agreed under the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer.
		Plant Import licence (PIL)	To establish an effective means for plant quarantine to prevent the spread of plant pest in compliance with the recommendations of the Plant Protection Agreement for the Asia and Pacific Region and the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC).
		Import licences are required for import of endangered species of animals and plants	To protect endangered species and to prevent them from over-exploitation in accordance with CITES.
		Import control on waste	To fulfil the international obligations under the Basel Convention and ensure environmentally sound management of waste in the HKSAR.
G/LIC/N/3/IDN/3	Indonesia	Import licensing system	To ensure health, safety, security, ecological environment protection.
G/LIC/N/3/KOR/5	Korea	Import approval system	To protect national security, human, animal or plant life or health, and the environment.
G/LIC/N/3/KGZ/2	Kyrgyz Republic	Import licensing system	To ensure ecological welfare, preservation of life and health of citizens, animals and plants, environment and exhaustible natural resources.
G/LIC/N/3/MAC/9	Macao, China	Import licenses system for the animals and plants listed in CITES	To protect public health, animal health, animal welfare and prevent the introduction into and spread within territory of destructive plant diseases and pests.
		Import licences system of ozone-depleting substances	To comply with the Montreal Protocol.
		Import license system for endangered species	To protect endangered species in accordance with CITES.
G/LIC/N/3/MYS/2	Malaysia	Non-automatic licensing	To meet Malaysia's obligations under the Montreal Protocol.
		Plant Quarantine Regulations	To protect the Malaysian environment from pest and species of plants by controlling or restricting the importation of plants which are host of quarantine pests and diseases.
		Licenses for the importation of wildlife	To ensure conservation of endangered species of wild fauna and flora in accordance with CITES.

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Programme	Objective
		Import control on pesticides	To ensure that pesticides imported are of good quality and at the same time not cause any adverse effect to man and the environment.
		Import control on of scheduled wastes or toxic and hazardous wastes	To control the trans-boundary movements of hazardous wastes destined for recovery or recycling operation and to ensure the environmentally sound management of such wastes in order to protect the Malaysian environment from illegal trafficking.
G/LIC/N/3/MWI/2	Malawi	Non-automatic licensing system of CFC	To ensure public health, security and environmental protection.
G/LIC/N/3/MEX/2	Mexico	Non-automatic import licensing system	To ensure the use of natural resources and the conservation of flora and fauna.
G/LIC/N/3/ROU/3	Romania	Non-automatic licensing procedure for non-dangerous wastes and products dangerous for the population's health and the environment (fertilizers)	To protect human life, health and the environment.
G/LIC/N/3/SGP/5	Singapore	Non-automatic import licensing for endangered species	To protect endangered species in accordance with CITES.
		Non-automatic import licensing for hazardous substances	To discharge Singapore's obligations under international agreements or for health, safety, environmental security reasons.
		Non-automatic import licensing for ozone depleting substances (ODS) and products containing ODS	To comply with the obligations under the Montreal Protocol and its Amendments.
G/LIC/N/3/TUR/6	Turkey	Import control on species listed on the Import Communiqué 2006/22	To ensure the control of imports for the sake of sustainability of the endangered species to comply with the requirements of the provisions of CITES.
G/LIC/N/3/USA/4	United States	Import permits for endangered species	To protect endangered species in accordance with CITES.
		Import/export licence for fish and wildlife, including endangered species	To conserve endangered and threatened species.
		Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) import licensing	To protect public health and safety and the environment.

G. AGREEMENT ON SAFEGUARDS

21. In 2006, out of the 48 notifications submitted by Members under the Agreement on Safeguards, none was environment-related.

H. AGREEMENT ON CUSTOMS VALUATION

22. In 2006, out of one notification submitted under the Customs Valuation Agreement, none was environment-related.

I. AGREEMENT ON STATE TRADING

23. In 2006, out of the 20 notifications submitted under the Agreement on State Trading, one (five percent) was environment-related.^{28 29}

²⁸ See Chart 14.

Chart 14: Environment-related State Trading Notifications (1997 – 2006)

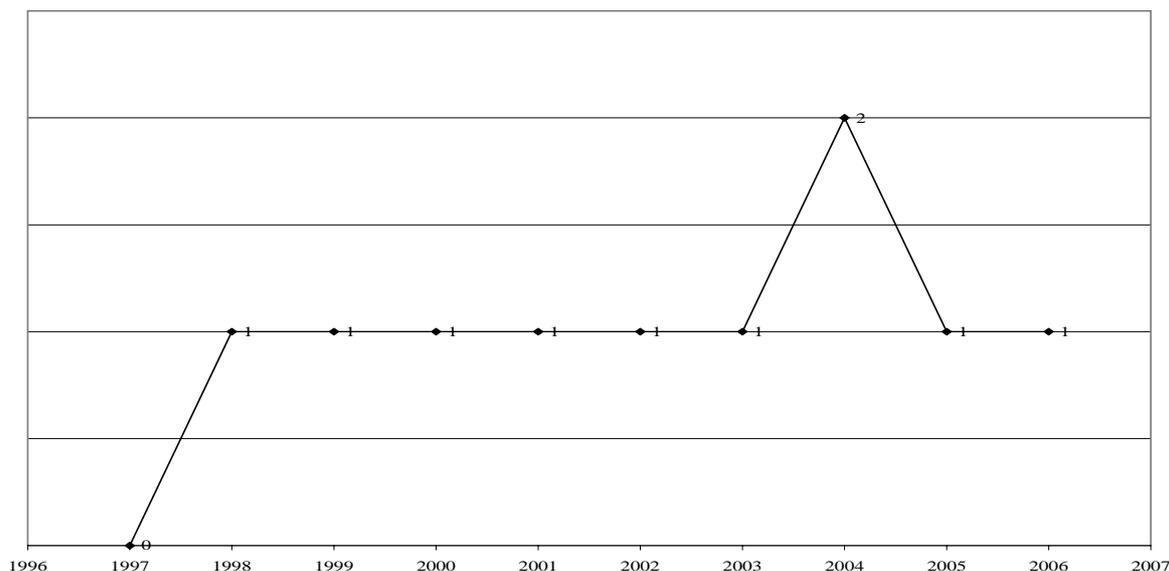


Table 8: Environment-related State Trading Notifications (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure Or Product	Objective
G/STR/N/11/USA	United States	The Isotope Production and Distribution Programme within the Department of Energy	One of the mission of the programme is to assure that critical isotope production infrastructure is operated in a safe, secure, environmentally compliant and cost-effective manner.
		The Bonneville Power Administration and Western Area Power Administration within the Department of Energy	The Bonneville is obligated to encourage conservation, develop renewable energy resources and to protect, mitigate and enhance the fish and wildlife of the Colombia River and its tributaries.
		The Power Marketing Administrations (PMAs) market wholesale electricity generated at hydroelectric dams owned and managed by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) and the United States Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation)	The Corps and the Reclamation operate projects to provide or manage water for such purposes as irrigation, flood control, navigation, recreation, water supply, and environmental enhancement.

J. REGIONAL TRADE AGREEMENTS (RTAS) INCLUDING THE UNDERSTANDING ON THE INTERPRETATION OF ARTICLE XXIV OF THE GATT 1994

24. In 2006, out of the 20 notifications submitted under the RTAs Agreement, none was environment-related.

²⁹ See Table 8.

K. AGREEMENT ON TRADE RELATED ASPECTS OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (TRIPS)

25. In 2006, out of the 38 notifications submitted by Members under Article 63.2, two (5.3 percent) contained environment-related provisions.³⁰ They related to general provision regulations and exemption of protection by patents.³¹

Chart 15: Environment Related TRIPS Notifications (1997 – 2006)

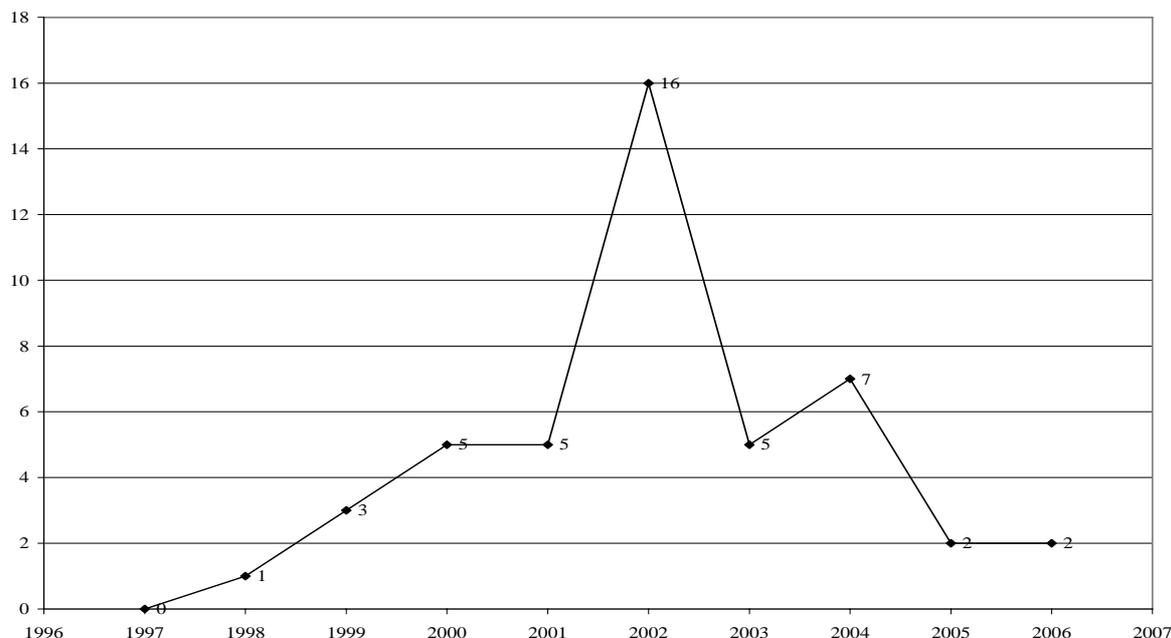


Table 9: Environment-related TRIPS Notifications (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure or Product	Objective
IP/N/1/MKD/1/2	Macedonia, Former Yugoslav Republic of	Facilitation process of a request for compulsory licences for protected inventions aimed at protecting the environment.	
IP/N/1/SAUI/3	Saudi Arabia	Denial of the protection document when its commercial exploitation is harmful to life, to human, animal or plant health, or is substantially harmful to the environment.	

L. THE GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TRADE IN SERVICES (GATS)

28. In 2006, among the 31 notifications made under Article III, paragraph 3, of the General Agreement on Trade in Services, one (3.2 percent) related to the environment.^{32 33}

³⁰ See Chart 15.

³¹ See Table 9.

³² See Chart 16.

³³ See Table 10.

Chart 16: Environment-related GATS Notifications (1997-2006)

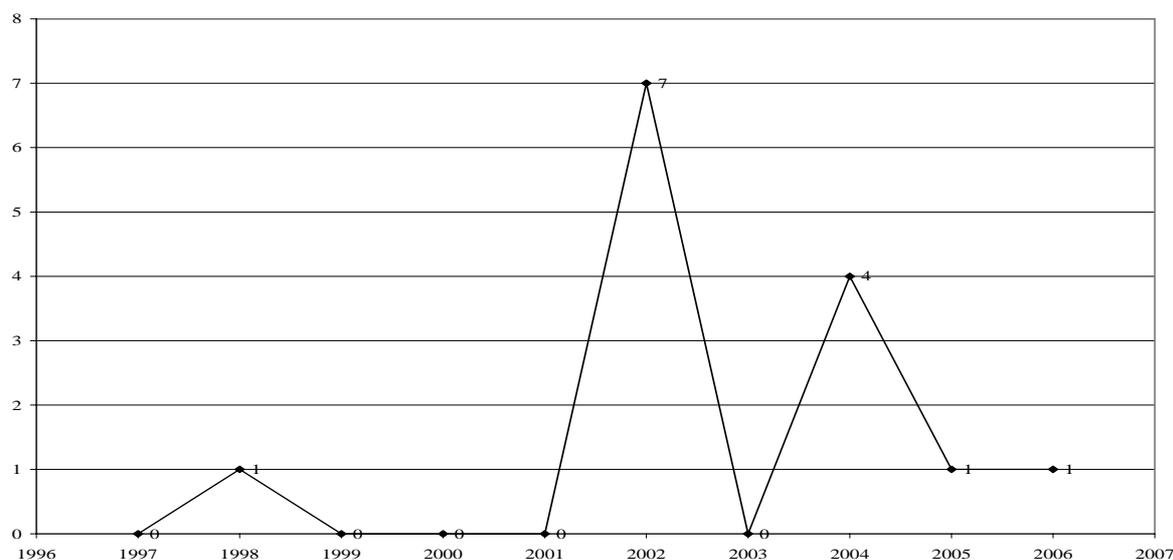


Table10 : General Agreement on Trade in Services – GATS (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure or Programme	Objective
S/C/N/386	Switzerland	Federal Ordinance of the Federal Department of the Environment, Transport, Energy and Communications (DETEC) on the admission of railway motor vehicle drivers	

M. QUANTITATIVE RESTRICTIONS

26. In 2006, there were two notifications submitted pursuant to the decision on Notification Procedures for Quantitative Restrictions that contained environment-related issues.^{34 35}

³⁴ See Chart 17.

³⁵ See Table 11.

Chart 17: Environment-related Quantitative Restrictions Notifications (1997 – 2006)

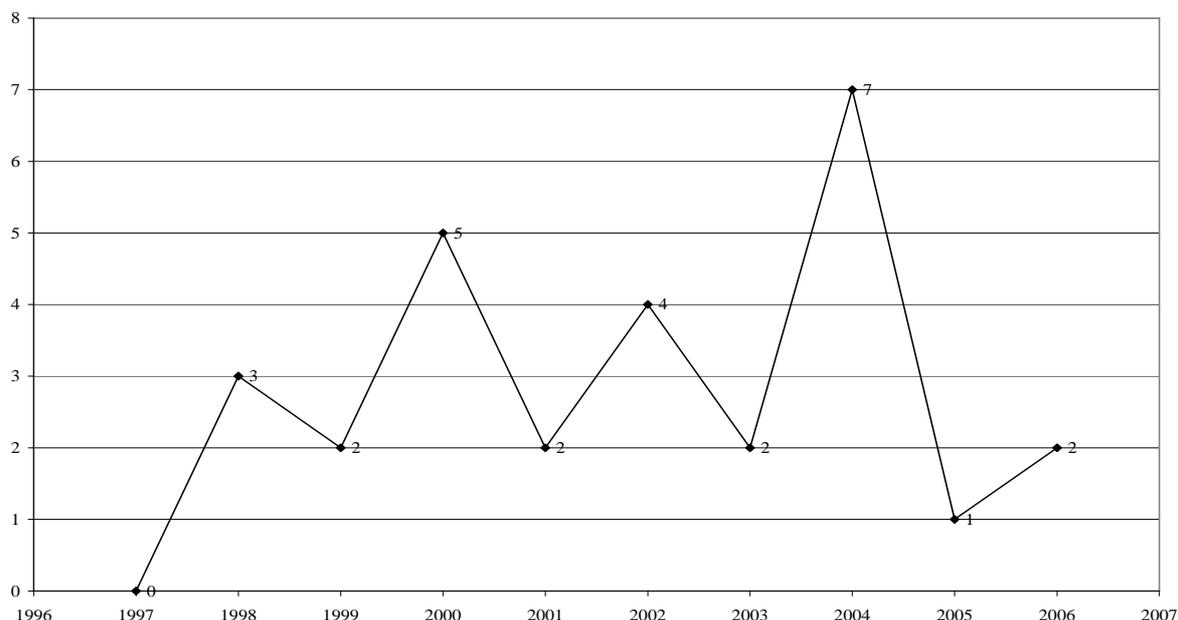


Table 11: Environment -related Quantitative Restrictions notifications (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure or Programme	Objective
	China, People's Republic of	Non Automatic Export Licensing on Trichlorofluorométhane, Dichlorodifluorométhane, Chlorotrifluoromethane and Trichloroethan (methylchloroform)	To comply with the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer.
	Turkey	Prohibition of ozone depleting substances except under defined conditions	To fulfil the obligations under the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer.

N. AGREEMENT ON TRADE-RELATED INVESTMENT MEASURES (TRIMS)

27. In 2006, there was no environment-related notification made under the TRIMS Agreement.

O. UNDERSTANDING ON THE BALANCE-OF-PAYMENTS PROVISIONS OF THE GATT 1994

28. In 2006, there was no environment-related notification submitted pursuant to the Understanding on the Balance-of-Payments Provisions.

P. AGREEMENT ON TEXTILES AND CLOTHING

29. In 2006, there was no environment-related notification submitted under the Agreement on Textiles and Clothing.

Q. AGREEMENT ON PRE-SHIPMENT INSPECTION

30. In 2006, there was no environment-related notification submitted under the Agreement on Pre-shipment Inspection.

R. AGREEMENT ON RULES OF ORIGIN

31. In 2006, there was no environment-related notification made under the Agreement on Rules of Origin.

S. PLURILATERAL TRADE AGREEMENTS: AGREEMENT ON GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT

32. In 2006, out of the 10 notifications submitted under the Agreement on Government Procurement, four (40 percent) were environment-related.³⁶ These notifications related to public procurement statistics covering environmental services, and legislation promoting procurement of environmentally friendly goods and services.³⁷

Chart 18: Environment-related Government Procurement Notifications (1997-2006)

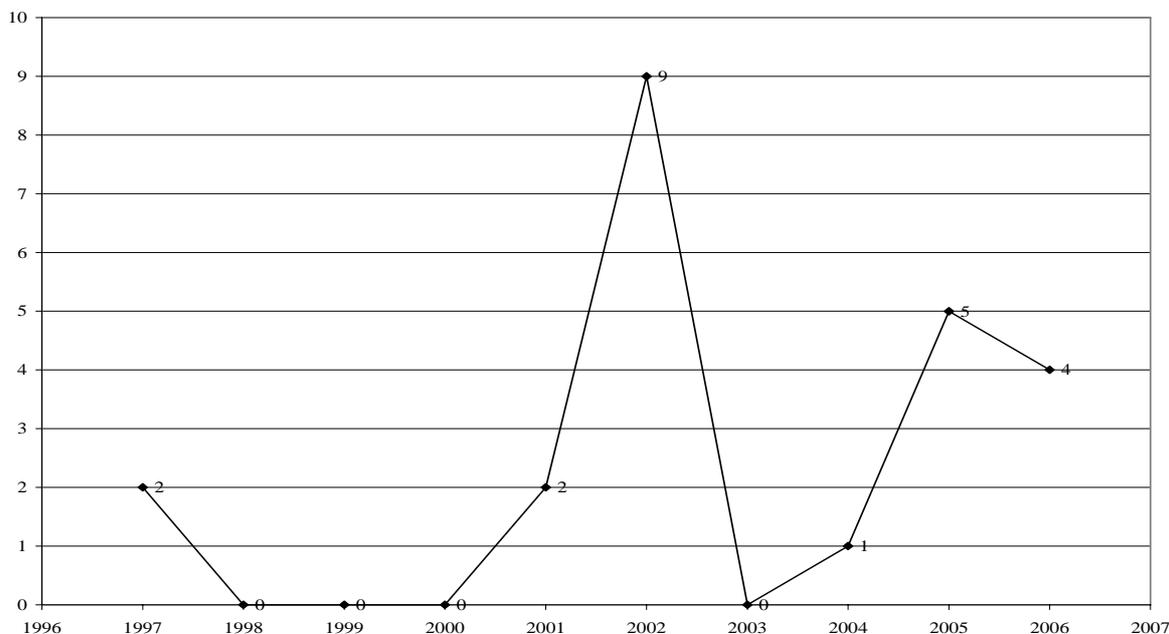


Table 12: Agreement on Government Procurement (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure or Programme	Objective
GPA/37/Add. 3	Japan	Partial Revision of the "Basic Policy for the Promotion of the Procurement of Eco-Friendly Goods and Services" based on the "Law Concerning the Promotion of the Procurement of Eco-Friendly Goods and Services by the State and Other Entities"	

³⁶ See Chart 18.

³⁷ See Table 12.

Symbol	Member	Measure or Programme	Objective
GPA/80/Add.4	Japan	Statistical report for 2003 on public procurement, including information on environmental services	
GPA/80/Add. 3	Korea, Republic of	Statistical report for 2003 on public procurement, including information on environmental services	
GPA/84/Add. 1	Korea, Republic of	Statistical report for 2004 on public procurement, including information on environmental services	

T. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

33. In 2006, there was no environment-related notification submitted under the Ministerial Declaration on Trade in Information Technology Products.

U. OTHER NOTIFICATION PROVISIONS

34. In 2006, out of the two notifications made to the Committee on Trade and Development, one (50 percent) was environment-related.³⁸

Table 13: Committee on Trade and Development (2006)

Symbol	Member	Measure or Programme	Objective
WT/COMTD/N/4/Add. 3	European Community	European Union's (EU) Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) Revision	To stimulate the ratification and effective implementation of the Conventions related to the protection of the environment.

II. TRADE POLICY REVIEWS

35. Eighteen Trade Policy Reviews (TPRs) were carried out in 2006.³⁹ In this note, references have been made to environment-related measures, provisions or programmes contained in the Secretariat and Government TPR Reports. The information has been summarized⁴⁰ under the following three headings: trade policy framework; trade policies and practices by measure; and trade policies by selected sector.⁴¹ Environment-related references pertain mainly to import/export restrictions, MEA implementation, and national environmental and resource conservation programmes.

³⁸ See Table 13.

³⁹ TPRs on Angola, Bangladesh, China, Colombia, Congo, Djibouti, East African Community, Hong Kong, Iceland, Israel, Kyrgyz Republic, Malaysia, Nicaragua, Chinese Taipei, Togo, United Arab Emirates, United States, Uruguay.

⁴⁰ On each point, reference is made to the paragraph number "\$" of the original TPR document, with the Secretariat report indicated with "S" and the Government report with "G".

⁴¹ Generally, "Trade Policy Framework" includes government policies, plans, programmes, environmental and investment policies, as well as information related to WTO agreements. "Trade Policies and Practices by Measures" include quantitative restrictions (such as bans and prohibitions, quotas, controls, licenses and permits); technical requirements (such as notifications, registrations, custom procedures, labelling requirements, standards and technical regulations); taxes, levies and subsidies; as well as others measures affecting production and trade (such as research or government support).

A. ANGOLA⁴²

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adoption of Law No. 6-A/04 of 8 October on the conservation and sustainable renewal of aquatic biological resources, and corresponding regulatory measures. (G-II§30) • Specific agreement with the European Community to promote sustainable development of fisheries. (G-II§45) • Participation in development of SADC biodiversity support programme; development for cross-frontier environmental conservation areas; regional project on wetlands conservation; and establishment of a report on the state of the environment in Angola. (S-II§28) • First general assembly of Codex Angola recommended that Angola should deposit its instrument of acceptance of the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety. (S-III§66) • Law 5/98 of 19 June establishes the overall framework for the development of sustainable environmental protection policies. (S-III§110)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Export taxes, charges, and levies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Export duties levied on certain items for purposes of environmental protection, particularly of flora and fauna. (S-III§72)
Import prohibition and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Import bans on animals and by-products from areas affected by epizootic diseases, plants from areas affected by epiphytic diseases, and any genetically modified or transgenic seeds or grains under the 2005 Customs Schedule. (S-IV§19) • Codex Angola prepared a proposal for the Council of Ministers on a regulation concerning imports and use of genetically modified seeds and grains. (S-III§63)
Sector Policy	
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government's agricultural redevelopment strategy took into account the need for development of sustainable natural resources. (S-IV§16)
Fishery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Law on Aquatic Biological Resources adopted with the scope of establishing "regulatory measures that sought to guarantee sustainable conservation and utilization of aquatic biological resources existing in the waters under the sovereignty of the Angolan State. (G-II§36) (S-IV§27) • Total allowable catches for each species annually may be reduced by executive decree if new scientific data show risk of reduction, extinction or non-renewal of species or zones under the Law on Aquatic Biological Resources. (G-IV§28, 32) • Member of the South East Atlantic Fisheries Organization (SEAFO) whose goal is the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks through the adoption of the United Nations Agreement on the conservation and management of these resources. (G-II§49) (S-IV§41) • Member of the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT) which seeks to conserve stocks of tuna and tuna-like species in the Atlantic Ocean and its adjacent seas. (G-II§49) (S-II§22) (S-IV§40)

⁴² TPR/158

B. BANGLADESH⁴³

Trade policies and practices by measure	
Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Objective of the Industrial Policy 1999 is the adoption of international standards in the field of the environment. (S-III§80)
Subsidies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increased rate of subsidy granted for electricity used in agri-based industries intended to encourage private sector participation in agri-business and support the sustainable development of infant industries. (S-IV§24)
Sector Policy	
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Objective of the revised National Energy Policy is, among others, to ensure environmentally sound sustainable energy development programmes. (S-IV§35)

C. CHINA⁴⁴

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> With the implementation of the WTO accession commitments, the Government had attached more importance to environment protection, resources conservation and sustainable development. (G-I§23) Launching of a comprehensive administration on environmental protection in certain stressed areas, the protection of virgin forest and natural grassland resources, the pilot projects in returning hillside farmland to forests and grassland in the Central and Western Regions, water pollution control projects in the basins of the Huai River, Hai River, Liao River, Tai Lake, Chao Lake and Dian Lake. (G-I§27) The Chinese Government adopted strict industrial standards to prevent projects of high energy consumption, high pollution and high emission. (G-I§29) The Chinese Government was committed to build a resource-saving and environment-friendly society to ensure resource availability and environment sustainability. (G-I§39) (G-III§99) The Chinese Government intended to pursue the objective of achieving a sustainable development through its policies. (G-III§95) Government policies under the 9th and 10th five-year plans had improved pollution control and a balanced development perspective, including an environmentally friendly approach, was to be further stressed in the 11th Five-Year Plan. (S-I§10) Free Trade Agreement with Chile including provisions on environment. (S-II§62) Trade and Economic Framework Agreement with Australia, including provisions on the establishing of a strategic cooperation on environmental protection. (S-II§65) Trade and Economic Framework Agreement with New Zealand, including provisions on environmental protection. (S-II§67) Amended Catalogue for Guidance of Foreign Investment Industries listed as "restricted" and "prohibited" those projects that use outdated technologies, over-exploit scarce natural resources, and tend to harm the environment. (S-II§79,80) China's industrial policy had focused on biotechnology. (S-III§184) China gave special preferences to priority sectors, including agriculture, forestry, livestock and fisheries industries, energy, industries that protect the environment. (S-III§204)

⁴³ TPR/168

⁴⁴ TPR/161

Trade policies and practices by measure	
Import prohibitions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prohibitions on imports maintained for health and environmental safety reasons; most of the items are used, scrap or waste materials. (S-III§44) • Prohibition on imports on certain items on grounds of environmental protection, or animal and plant health. (S-III§47) • Prohibition on the import of used autos, motorcycles, and parts and components on the grounds of the high cost to verify whether the vehicles meet environmental and safety standards. (S-IV§130).
State trading	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Under the Foreign Trade Law (2004), the State may subject certain goods to state trading to protect the environment and exhaustible resources. (S-III§64,166)
Export prohibitions, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Export restrictions on a number of items maintained to conserve exhaustible natural resources or in accordance with international obligations. (S-III§136) • Export licensing regime included both automatic and non-automatic licences; and was implemented, among others, under Articles XX and XXI of GATT 1994 and the Montreal Protocol. (S-III§139) • Quota bidding on exports involved exhaustible natural resources. (S-III§149)
Sector Policy	
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Full ownership of land was granted to farmers to stimulate control over soil and water erosion, and pollution reduction. (S-IV§11) • Agricultural policy objectives included environmental protection. (S-IV§18)
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plan to further develop hydropower, alternative energy sources, such as nuclear power and cleaner energy sources. (S-IV§65)
Industry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The first "Steel Industry Development Policy" focuses on industrial restructuring, including to achieve "reasonable" production capacity by saving energy and reducing pollution. (S-IV§93)

D. COLOMBIA⁴⁵

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ongoing negotiations with Chile for a free trade agreement in order to deepen bilateral trade relations, incorporating environmental disciplines. (G-III§36) • Free Trade Agreement with the United States containing provisions on the environment. (S-II§64)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Foreign investment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decree No. 2080 of 2000 allows investment of foreign capital in activities pertaining to the processing, disposal and elimination of toxic, hazardous or radioactive waste not produced in Colombia. (S-II§26)
Import prohibitions, licensing and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prohibition on the importation of chemical, biological and nuclear weapons, and nuclear and toxic wastes to protect human and animal health and life, to preserve plants, and to protect the environment. (S-III§78) • The production and import of ozone-depleting substances was banned to protect the environment pursuant the Montreal Protocol. (S-II§79) • Regulation on trade in wild species of fauna and flora in compliance with CITES. (S-II§79) • Non-automatic prior licenses for various groups of products to protect the environment. (S-II§85) • Prohibition on the production or import of cultivar for phytosanitary and biosafety reasons. (S-III§161)

⁴⁵ TPR/172

Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agricultural health and food safety policy aimed at protecting human life and health, and that of animals and plants, and preserving environmental quality. (S-III§147) • Packaging and labelling regulations required for imports of seed for sowing. (S-III§160) • Law No. 740 of 2002 provided regulation on the transfer, handling and utilization of LMOs that could have adverse effects on the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity. (S-III§163)
Export prohibitions, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restrictions on the exportation of certain products to comply with the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora, the Basel Convention on the Control of Trans-boundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal and the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. (S-III§186)
Sector Policy	
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Risk and environmental management assessment and laboratory analysis certificates were required for the national registration of a pesticide. (S-III§166)

E. CONGO, THE REPUBLIC OF⁴⁶

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Government wished to ensure conservation of biological diversity and stability of the national environment as a whole. (G-III§74) • The Central African Economic Union (UEAC) of which Congo is a Member identifies fisheries, energy and environment as sectors of cooperation. (S-II§25) • The National Environmental Action Plan, drawn up in accordance with the 1991 Environment Law, is under the Ministry of the Environment responsibility. (S-IV§13)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Import prohibitions, licensing, and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Controls were imposed through import permits to protect live animals, plants and the environment, in particular within the framework of international conventions to which Congo was a signatory. (S-III§28)
Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The "Congolese Centre for Industrial Standardization and Quality Control" aimed at ensuring the competitiveness of enterprises, protecting the health of consumers and the environment by improving quality through support of the standardization system. (S-III§35)
Sector Policy	
Forestry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tax on the export of forestry products and a deforestation tax conceived to ensure sustainable management of forest ecosystems. (G-III§74,76) • Forestry Code adopted in 2000 provides the basis for sustainable forestry management. (S-IV§2,28) • Congo's first forestry management plan adopted in March 2005 covers the KABO FMU (Forest Management Unit) in Ouesso,. (S-IV§31)

⁴⁶ TPR/169

F. DJIBOUTI⁴⁷

Trade policies and practices by measure	
Prohibitions, quantitative restrictions and import licences	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prohibition on imports of any item deemed dangerous to the environment. (S-III§34) • Licenses required for the import of endangered species of wild fauna and flora pursuant to Annex I of the CITES and products covered by the Montreal Protocol on CFCs. (S-III§34) • If in transit through Djibouti, animals listed in Annex I to the CITES or their products must be covered by a CITES export permit issued by the country of origin of the animals/products and by a CITES import permit issued by the country of destination. (S-III§44) • Imports of toxic or hazardous substances required a special authorization from the Ministry responsible for the environment. (S-III§44) • Imports of products listed in A(1) and (C) of Annexes to the Montreal Protocol were subject to annual quotas defined and administered by the Ministry responsible for the environment by means of a prior authorization. (S-III§45)
Sector Policy	
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government's global strategy for 2001-2010, as set out in the Economic and Social Policy Law, calls the agricultural sector for a rational exploitation of natural resources in order to protect the environment and biodiversity. (G-V§46) (S-IV§8)
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government was committed to exploit wind energy in the Lake Assal economic development zone and the Arta region and to develop renewable sources of energy (geothermal, solar). (G-V§58)
Fisheries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The global fishery strategy calls for, among others, sustainable management of marine resources. (G-V§49) (S-IV§22) • Environmental protection is among the five parts of the priority action programme for fisheries. (G-V§51)
Water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The latest strategy incorporated new policies such as anti-desertification campaign and sustainable management of natural resources (environmental protection, biodiversity). (G-V§56)

G. EAST AFRICAN COMMUNITY⁴⁸

1. Kenya

Trade policies and practices by measure	
Import prohibitions, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Import prohibition and licensing regime aims at complying with technical, phytosanitary, health and environmental standards. (S -III§23) • KEPHIS (Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Service) import permits required for plant materials, live insects or biological control organisms for plants and the environment, and for the introduction of genetically modified organisms (GMOs). (S-III§39,40)
Standards and technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kenya Accreditation Service (KENAS) established under the Standards Act for testing goods' environmental quality. (S-III§34) • Under the Science and Technology Act, prior environment impact assessment of projects involving GMOs is required for the introduction of, and research on, GMOs. (S-III§45)

⁴⁷ TPR/159

⁴⁸ TPR/171

Export prohibitions, licensing and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prior authorization by relevant Ministries was required for export licenses of endangered species covered by CITES. (S-III§55)
Intellectual property rights	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • With respect to patents, inventions contrary to environmental conservation were considered non-patentable. (S-III§97) • Exploitation of a patented invention for non-commercial purposes may be undertaken by the Kenya Government, or persons authorized by the Government, on the grounds of environmental conservation. (S-III§100)
Sector Policy	
Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ongoing formulation of a new Tourism Development Plan due to environmental deterioration. (S-IV§129)

2. Tanzania

Trade policies and practices by measure	
Import prohibitions, licensing, and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objective of the Plant Protection Act of 1997 is, inter alia, to ensure sustainable plant and environmental protection. (S-III§42)
Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compulsory inspection/clearance for imported or exported goods that could affect the environment was required by the Tanzania Bureau of Standards (TBS). (S-III§29,32)
Sector Policy	
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Land Policy aimed to encourage optimal use of land resources without endangering the environment. (S-IV§13)
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The objective of National Energy Policy is to ensure that energy supplies are used in a rational and sustainable manner in order to support national development goals, to encourage efficient energy production, procurement, transportation, distribution, and end-use systems in an environmentally sound and sustainable manner. (S-IV§58) • Establishment of the Rural Energy Agency aimed at, inter alia, creating an institutional and legal framework to promote renewable energy. (S-IV§59)
Fisheries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establishment of a Fisheries Development Fund to promote the awareness of sustainable use of fisheries resources. (S-IV§41)
Forestry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objective of the Tanzania Forestry Action Plan (TFAP) is to enhance the contribution of the forest sector to the sustainable development of Tanzania, and the conservation and management of its natural resources. (S-IV§45)
Livestock	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Livestock policy aimed at conserving and promoting the sustainable use of livestock resources. (S-IV§34)
Mining	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mining's legislative framework contains an emphasis on environmental concerns. (S-IV§49) • Environmental impact assessment was to be attached to the application for mining licenses. (S-IV§50)
Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tanzanian National Tourist Development Programme (2006-2015) aimed to encourage a development process oriented towards increasing visitors while preserving the environment. (G-II§32)

3. Uganda

Trade policies and practices by measure	
Import prohibitions, licensing and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Permission from the national Management Authority for CITES was required for endangered species. (S-III§21)
Export prohibitions, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prior authorization from the Uganda Wildlife Authority for items covered by international conventions to which Uganda was a signatory aimed at ensuring that the export was sustainable without endangering the species. (S-III§45)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government and private sector commitment to develop small renewable energy sources. (G-IV§33) • Objective of Energy Policy is to meet the energy needs of Uganda in an environmentally sustainable manner. (S-IV§60) • Environmental Impact Assessment Guidelines for energy subsector approved by the National Environment Management Authority provide the basis for private developers and other stakeholders to mainstream environmental issues into energy development activities. (S-IV§60)
Fisheries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objective of National Fisheries Policy is to ensure sustainable fish production. (S-IV§51)
Forestry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Forest Authority initiatives for tree planting to combat deforestation. (G-IV§22)
Mining	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prior environmental impact assessments required by National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) for mining projects. (S-IV§55)

H. HONG KONG⁴⁹

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strong Government commitment to support sustainable development and explore environmental-related trade issues in the Doha Development Agenda in order to enhance mutual supportiveness of trade and environment. (G-V§111)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Import prohibitions, licensing and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prohibition or control through the establishment of import and export licenses for all the ozone-depleting substances. (S-III§26) • Prohibition on the import of methyl bromide, except for quarantine and pre-shipment applications, in accordance with the Montreal Protocol. (S-III§26) • Prohibition on imports of hazardous wastes. (S-III§27) • Objective of the import licensing regime is to ensure environmental protection. (S-III§28) (G-IV§51) • Quantitative restriction system imposed on imports of hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs) for local consumption in order to comply with the Montreal Protocol. (S-III§31)
Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objective of standards is to protect the environment. (S-III§44) • Introduction of a new voluntary energy requirement under the energy efficiency labelling scheme for various household electrical appliances. (S-III§60) • Formulation of voluntary guidelines on labelling of genetically modified food. (S-III§61)
Export prohibitions, licensing and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ban on exports of ozone-depleting substances to non-parties to the Montreal Protocol. (S-III§66) • Export of ozone-depleting substances, endangered animal and plant species, chemical, pesticides, hazardous wastes and non-recyclable wastes required a license, permit or certificate on grounds of protection of the ozone layer and the environment. (S-III§68)

⁴⁹ TPR/173

Fees and charges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revision of the Fees and charges under the Air Pollution Control Ordinance, Ozone Layer Protection Ordinance, Noise Control Ordinance, Water Pollution Control Ordinance in order to implement the "polluter pays" principle. (S-III§152)
Sector Policy	
Fisheries	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The marketing of fresh marine fish remains strictly regulated under the Marine Fish (Marketing) Ordinance for environmental reasons. (S-IV§12)
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation of effective emissions reduction facilities by power companies and the Pearl River Delta Regional Air Quality Management Plan (including a Pilot Emissions Trading Scheme among power plants). (S-III§153) Energy policy aims to minimize the environmental impact of the production and use of energy. (S-IV§13) New environment-related measures proposed in the Stage II Consultation Document over the future electricity market to further improve air quality and introduction of renewable energy. (S-IV§18) To better protect the environment, in the First Sustainable Development Strategy for Hong Kong a target was set of meeting 1%-2% of local power needs by renewable energy by 2012. (S-IV§19)
Transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A number of port services/facilities provided and managed by the Government to ensure compliance with safety and environmental standards in force. (S-IV§67)
Other	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phase I of an EcoPark designated for the development of environmental industries to be ready by the end of 2006 to encourage recovery and re-use of waste. (S-III§153)

I. ICELAND⁵⁰

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quality control and environmental considerations featured more prominently in governmental policy. (G-III§30)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Export prohibitions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Export prohibition for ozone-depleting substances, as well as for exports to countries not signatory to the Montreal Protocol. (S-III§91)
Import restrictions including licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Import prohibitions on the grounds of environmental protection. (S-III§50) Import prohibition for ozone-depleting substances, including halons; hydrobromfluorocarbons (HBFCs); methyl bromide; methyl chloroform; chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), as well as for those coming from countries not signatory to the Montreal Protocol. (S-III§50) Import licensing requirements maintained to ensure environmental protection. (S-III§51)
Sector Policy	
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Iceland's agricultural policy includes in its objectives to integrate environmental issues with agricultural policies. (S-IV§16) Environmental and afforestation programmes comprised among the Green box forms of assistance. (S-IV§21)
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental effects are taken into account in order to evaluate and classify potential sites for electricity production. (S-IV§63)
Fishing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Fisheries Management Act aims to promote conservation and efficient and sustainable utilization of exploitable marine stocks of the Icelandic fishing banks. (S-IV§43)

⁵⁰ TPR/164

J. ISRAEL⁵¹

Trade policies and practices by measure	
Export prohibitions, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imports controls or licenses for certain items in order to comply with international agreements (including those regarding protection of plants and animals) and to ensure conservation of local resources. (S-III§59)
Import prohibitions, licensing and authorizations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Import prohibitions on the ground of environmental protection and security, pursuant to the Basel Convention, Montreal Protocol and CITES. (S-III§27)
Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The SII offers certification according to ISO 14000 for environmental management systems. (S-III§43) The Green Label for environment-friendly goods (based on EU Directive 880/92) is provided by SII. (S-III§54)
Sector Policy	
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The agriculture sector is an instrument to protect the natural environment, landscape and land. (G-V§42)

K. KYRGYZ REPUBLIC⁵²

Trade policies and practices by measure	
Quoting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quota on import of light medium distillates, other types of raw materials and components for production of commodity petroleum products depending on productive capacity of operating petroleum processing plants was introduced to protect the environment. (G-IV§162)
Excise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excise are levied on goods considered damaging to the environment. (S-III§37)
Export and import licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction of licensing procedures on imports/exports of specific goods to protect the environment and exhaustible natural resources. (G-IV§171) (S-III§51,92) Pursuant to the Vienna Convention and the Montreal Protocol, prohibition on import and export of outdated and used articles and equipment that content ozone depleting substances. (G-IV§176) (S-III§47) Export and import control of hazardous wastes in compliance with the Basel Convention. (G-IV§176) (S-III§52) Prohibition on the use of pesticides and industrial chemical substances in accordance with the Rotterdam Convention. (G-IV§176) (S-III§47)
Privatization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prohibition of privatization of certain activities on the grounds of environmental protection. (S-I§22) (S-III§110)
Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Legislation consistent with WTO TBT and SPS disciplines provide for mandatory technical regulations on grounds of environmental protection. (S-III§71)
Sector Policy	
Forestry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adoption of Concepts for Development of Forestry to encourage preservation of forests through sustainable multifunctional use. (G-III §117) The main objective of the Forest Code is forestry conservation. (S-IV §26)
Mining	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Licensing agreements required miners to restore mining site environmentally. (S-IV §30)

⁵¹ TPR/157

⁵² TPR/170

L. MALAYSIA⁵³

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mining, forestry and marine management matters were transferred to the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment. (S-II§10) • Drafting of guidelines by a governmental agency to cover safety issues in environment pertaining to the release of GMOs and products containing GMOs. (S-III§85)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Tariffs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exemption of items from ASEAN CEPT Scheme on grounds of protection of human, animal and plant life and health. (S-III§34).
Prohibitions, quantitative restrictions and import licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Import prohibitions and licence requirements on grounds of environmental reasons. (S-III§3, 36)
Export prohibitions, restrictions and charges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restrictions on exporting certain items on grounds of wildlife protection. (S-III§57). • Export duties levied on wild animals and birds; their export was discouraged. (S-III§53)
Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased alignment with international standards in the field of environmental management. (S-III§73) • Endorsement by the government for the wider adoption of mandatory standards to protect the environment. (S-III§74) • Maintenance and implementation of internationally recognised SPS measures aimed at the protection of plant and animal health and conservation. (S-III§79, 80, 82)
Tax incentives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Direct and indirect tax incentives apply to investments in environmental protection activities. (S-III§7, 92)
Sector Policy	
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emphasis on adopting biotechnology in agricultural methods. (S-IV§20)
Forestry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Development of management policy with respect to logging practices aimed at maximising environmental benefits. Development of certification scheme to ensure that timber products are from legal and sustainable resources; ban on importing illegal tropical logs, including endangered species from Indonesia in 2004. (S-IV§19) • Restrictions on log exports were imposed to encourage downstream processing to preserve Malaysian rainforests. (S-IV§16)
Manufacturing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Customs duty exemption on machinery can be considered for environmental purposes. (S-IV§34)
Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Several incentives, e.g. income tax, sales tax and import duty exemption, for foreign companies to establish environment management services. (S-IV§70)

⁵³ TPR/156

M. NICARAGUA⁵⁴

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Government proposed to target policies on achieving environmental sustainability in the medium-to-long term. (G-I §14) • Trade agreement between Central America, the Dominican Republic and the United States, known as CAFTA-DR containing provision on the environment. (G-IV§56,57) • Export expansion was perceived as a crucial factor towards environmental sustainability. (G-V§65) • PRORURAL programme implemented by the Government to promote sustainable agricultural and forestry development. (G-V§67) • PROMIPYME (Nicaraguan Microenterprise and Small- Medium-Sized business support program) aims at adding the dimension of environmental and natural resource management to the country's economic, social and institutional development policies and strategies, including environmental quality, trade and environment, protected areas, biodiversity and natural resources, clean development mechanisms for climate change, prevention and mitigation of natural disasters, deconcentration and decentralization, and environmental education. (G-V§69) • The Ministry of Development, Industry and Trade coordinates nine workgroups on the DDA, including trade and the environment. (S-II§17) • Free trade negotiations started with other Central American countries, along with negotiations on side agreements for cooperation on environmental issues. (S-II§38) • Trade-related technical assistance received by WTO on trade and environment. (S-II§50) • Agreement on Environmental Cooperation with other five Members of CAFTA, including provisions on environmental cooperation among member countries to improve environmental protection in the region. (S-III§121) • Understanding Regarding the Establishment of a Secretariat for Environmental Affairs with five other Members of CAFTA to allow the public to submit complaints regarding the enforcement of national environmental legislation. (S-III§121)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Export and import licensing and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government's commitment toward trade liberalisation, except for import and export prohibitions that legitimately safeguard animal or plant health and the environment. (G-IV §44) (S-III§5,46) • Export licensing requirements to ensure compliance with CITES. (S-III§79) • Law No. 217 on the Environment and Natural Resources includes provisions that require the Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources to fix export quotas for species of fauna, their hunting and capture, as well as import and export controls on items that could degrade the environment or natural resources. (S-IV §14)
Incentives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subject to certification by MARENA, Law No. 217 on the Environment and Natural Resources provided exemption from import duty on equipment and machinery considered to use clean technology. (S-IV §55)
Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technical guidelines for sustainable management of latifoliate and coniferous forests. (S-III§59)

⁵⁴ TPR/167

Sector Policy	
Agriculture and Forestry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Publication of the 2003 Strategy by the Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Forestry (MARENA) that included conservation of the environment and natural resources in its objectives. (S-IV §9) • Law No. 462 on the Conservation, Promotion and Sustainable Development of the Forestry Sector adopted in 2003. (S-IV §48) • Environmental impact permits and permits to utilize resources were issued by the Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Forestry (MARENA) to foster environmental protection. (S-IV §53)
Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efforts to use energy resources efficiently and to rely more on renewable energy sources. (S-IV §66) • Objective of the energy policy is to ensure the economic and financial sustainability of investment projects in the energy sector, bearing in mind the protection of the environment. (S-IV §58) • Law No. 532 on the Promotion of Renewable Electricity Generation gives priority to renewable sources of energy in distributing companies' activities. (S-IV §68)
Fishery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objective of the fishery sector is to ensure the conservation and sustainable development of hydro-biological resources. (S-IV §43)
Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The 2004 strategy for opening up the telecommunications market is based on the conviction that telecommunications, technology and services would lead to sustainable development. (S-IV §98) • The 2003 Strategy by MARENA indicates agritourism and ecotourism industry and environmental services as a sustainable option for vast zones and regions in Nicaragua. (S-IV §119)
Transports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provision of an environmental study prior to the construction of the Nueva Guinea-Bluefields road in the south of Nicaragua. (S-IV §112)

N. TAIWAN, PENGHU, KINMEN AND MATSU, THE SEPARATE CUSTOMS TERRITORY OF⁵⁵

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Government was committed to invest more in improvements in the environment. (G-III§14) • The "Guidelines and Action Plans for Service Industry Development" identify environmental protection as a key service sector. (G-III§16) • Submission of a proposed list of environmental goods and services for liberalization during the Doha negotiations in order to effectively contribute to sustainable development. (G-IV§64) • The Government intended to take necessary measures to protect the environment while promoting industrial and economic development. (G-V§86)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Tax incentives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Government provided tax reductions for certain activities including environmental protection in accordance with the "Statute for Upgrading Industries". (S-I§19) (S-IV§53) • Tax incentives for investment in equipment and facilities used for energy conservation, pollution control and environmental protection; deduction from income tax of a certain amount of investment from enterprises for equipment or technology related to the protection of the environment. (S-II§36) (S-III§89) (S-IV§40)
Import prohibitions, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Import prohibitions, restrictions, and licensing are imposed on the grounds of environmental protection. (S-III§45) • Prohibition on imports of toxic chemicals restricted under the Montreal Protocol, hazardous wastes, and HCFC (hydrochlorofluorocarbon) compounds that are subject to trade restrictions under international agreements. (S-III§46)

⁵⁵ TPR/165

Export prohibitions, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prohibition on exports of certain fish on the grounds of fishery conservation. (S-III§73) Prohibition on exports of products that are banned under international conventions, such as toxic chemicals. (S-III§73)
Standards and other technical requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Highest rate of harmonization with international standards on environmental management. (S-III§98)
Fees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> "Air pollution control fees" and "soil and ground water pollution remediation fees" were charged with a view to remedying environmental damage. (S-IV§32)

O. TOGO⁵⁶

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Government's commitment to environmental protection is reflected in Article 41 of the Constitution of 14 October 1992 and by the numerous international agreements on environmental protection that Togo has acceded to, signed and ratified. (G-IV§58) Adoption of the National Strategy for the Conservation and Sustainable Use of the Biodiversity and the Implementation Plan regarding Biosafety and Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs). (G-IV§59) The Government was committed to effectively include an environment dimension in all development projects. (G-IV§60) New quality assurance programmes would be implemented in order to formulate environmental norms and standards aimed at avoiding the consumption of products that were harmful to the environment. (G-IV§61) Adoption of the National Environment Action Plan, following the adoption of the Environment Code in 1988. (S-IV§12)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Prohibitions, quantitative restrictions and licences	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Controls through import permits to protect live animals and plants, or for environmental protection purposes, in particular within the framework of international conventions to which Togo was a signatory. (S-III§34) Prior approval or authorization for Phytopharmaceutical products by the Phytopharmaceutical Products Committee (CPP) of the Ministry of Agriculture taking into account, for instance, the risks of toxicity for animals and the environment. (S-III§39)
Export and import licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provisional bans applicable to safeguard animal safety and health and to protect the environment. (G-III§34)
Sector Policy	
Industry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Objective of the country's industrial policy was, among others, to guide industry along the path to sustainable development (combating industrial pollution). (S-IV§53)

P. UNITED ARAB EMIRATES⁵⁷

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implemented within the GCC, liberalization of trade in services, including environmental services,. (G-II§27) Four institutions established over the past ten years with the primary purpose of protecting the environment: the Federal Environmental Agency (FEA); the Environment Agency; the Environmental and Protected Areas Authority; and the Environmental Protection and Industrial Development Commission. (S-III§47)

⁵⁶ TRP/166

⁵⁷ TPR/162

Trade policies and practices by measure	
Export prohibitions and restrictions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Export controls (through permits) on certain products for environmental reasons, and to ensure compliance with international obligations under the Basel Convention and CITES. (S-III§66)
Import restrictions and prohibitions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Import prohibitions are maintained for environmental protection reason, or in accordance with international conventions (e.g Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, and CITES). (S-III§30,46)
Standards, testing, and certification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emirates Authority for Standardization and Metrology (ESMA) established in 2001 aimed at ensuring environmental protection by ensuring that imported or domestically produced goods met UAE standards. (S-III§34)
Sector Policy	
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Subsidization of the use of bio-fertilizers and bio-pesticides in order to limit environmental damage. (S-IV§12) Increase date palm cultivation due to its key environmental role in afforesting, turning portions of the desert into oases. (S-IV§23)
Fishing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries issued regulations concerning fishing gear, areas and seasons, and the structure of the workforce in order to preserve stocks. (S-IV§29)

Q. UNITED STATES⁵⁸

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Promotion of several regional and bilateral initiatives for free trade areas including provisions on environmental protection standards that could become a model for future multilateral negotiations. (G-I§5) (G-III§30) (S-II§9,10) The private sector advisory committee system included an advisory committee drawn from environmental groups in order to ensure development of trade policies that support the protection of the environment. (G-I§6) (G-III§120,121) The closer economic relationship promoted by NAFTA included environmental cooperation agreements. (G-III§31) Free Trade Agreement with Chile included provisions on environment. (G-III§67) (S-II§30) Free Trade Agreement with Singapore included provisions on environment. (G-III§68) (S-II§29) Free Trade Agreement with Jordan included provisions on environment. (G-III§70) (S-II§28) Free Trade Agreement with Australia included provisions on environment. (G-III§74) (S-II§31) Free Trade Agreement with Morocco included provisions on environment. (G-III§76) (S-II§32) Free Trade Agreement with Bahrain included provisions on environment. (S-II§33) Free Trade Agreement with Central America and the Dominican Republic (CAFTA-DR) included provisions on environment. (S-II§35) Environmental reviews of ongoing trade negotiations identify environmental issues to be taken into account during trade negotiations and inform the public about trade and environment interactions in the context of specific negotiations as provided for in the Trade Act of 2002. (G-III§111) Government's commitment to the simultaneous promotion of expanded trade and environmental improvement is reflected in United States' active role in the WTO CTE. (G-III§112) Bipartisan Trade Promotion Authority Act of 2002 calls for future U.S. trade agreements to promote environmental policies in the context of trade. (S-II§12)

⁵⁸ TRP/160

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bureau of Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific Affairs of the Department of State, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) of the Department of Commerce are two agencies whose task is to enforce environmental regulations. (S-III§170)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Import prohibition, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prior permit or notification on imports or release from an area of physical confinement into the environment of organisms and products altered or produced through modern biotechnology and believed to be plant pests. (S-III§166) EPA was responsible for ensuring compliance with the laws governing the importation of materials that might pose a risk to human health and the environment. (S-III§169) Prohibition on imports of shrimp and shrimp products harvested with technology that might adversely affect sea turtle species. (S-III§173)
Quantitative restrictions and controls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quantitative restrictions and controls on imports to protect the environment. (S-III§113)
Standards and technical regulations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EPA's registration for pesticides was given prior to the evaluation of its compliance with federal environmental laws and regulations in the United States to ensure that the pesticide would not have unreasonable adverse effects on humans, the environment, or non-target species. (S-III§159) StandardS-related activities to achieve environmental consumer interests. (S-III§124) Protection of animal or plant life or health, or the environment could justify the departure from an international standard. (S-III§137)

R. URUGUAY⁵⁹

Trade policy framework	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The reform of the National Customs Directorate included in the area of environmental conditions. (G-III§56)
Trade policies and practices by measure	
Export prohibitions, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some exports were prohibited or subject to special requirements on the grounds of environmental protection. (S-III§166) Prohibition on exports of substances listed in the "Annex A" and "Annex B" of the Montreal Protocol. (S-III§169)
Import prohibition, restrictions and licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Import prohibitions and restrictions were mainly imposed for environmental protection reasons and in compliance with international agreements to which Uruguay was a signatory. (S-III§97)
Standards and technical regulations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Objective of Uruguay's standardization policy was to protect, among others, the environment. (S-III§135) Decree No. 249/000 of 30 August 2000 regulates the introduction, use and handling of genetically modified plants and parts thereof, as well as their import, which requires prior authorization from the MGAP and the MEF. (S-III§154)
Sector Policy	
Forestry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Objective of the forestry's policy was to achieve sustainable forest management through protection, enhancement and creation of forestry resources and development of forestry industries. (S-IV§40)
Fishing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> National Directorate of Aquatic Resources draws up a fishery policy with attention to the sustainable utilization of fisheries resources through responsible fishing. (S-IV§46)

⁵⁹ TPR/163

ANNEX I

**ENVIRONMENT-RELATED NOTIFICATIONS:
SEARCH WORDS**

Basel Convention	Hazardous
Bio	HCFCs
Carbon	Indigenous
Cartagena	Kyoto Protocol
CFCs	Modified organism
CITES	Marking
Clean	Montreal Protocol
Climate	Natural resources
Conservation	Novel
Conserve	Organic
Desertification	Ozone
Diversity	Package(ing)
Eco-label	Pollution
Ecology	Preservation
Emissions	Preserve
Endangered	Recycle
Energy	Renewable
Environment	Saving
Erosion	Soil erosion
Extinct	Species
Fauna	Sustainable
Fish	Toxic
Flora	Tree
Forest	Waste
Genetic	Wildlife
GHGs	Wood
Green (house)	

ANNEX II

ABBREVIATIONS

AMS	-	Aggregate measurement of support
Cartagena Protocol	-	Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety to the Convention on Biological Diversity
CBD	-	Convention on Biological Diversity
CFCs	-	Chlorofluorocarbons
CGP	-	Code of Good Practice, Annex III of the TBT Agreement
c.i.f.	-	Cost, insurance and freight
CITES	-	Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora
CO ₂	-	Carbon dioxide
EEA	-	European Economic Area
EIA	-	Environmental Impact Assessment
FAO	-	Food and Agriculture Organization
FIFG	-	Financial Instrument of Fisheries Guidance structural measures in the fisheries and aquaculture sector in the European Communities
GMOs	-	Genetically modified organisms
HCFCs	-	Hydro Chloro Fluoro Carbons
IDB	-	Inter-American Development Bank
ICCAT	-	International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tuna
ITTO	-	International Tropical Timber Organisation
Kyoto Protocol	-	Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
LDCs	-	Least-Developed Countries
LMOs	-	Living modified organisms
MEAs	-	Multilateral environmental agreements
Montreal Protocol	-	Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer
NFIDCs	-	Net Food-Importing Developing Countries
NGOs	-	Non-governmental organizations
ODSs	-	Ozone-depleting substances
PESCA	-	Community Initiative concerning the Restructuring of the Fisheries Sector
R&D	-	Research and development
SMEs	-	Small and medium-sized enterprises
SO ₂	-	Sulphur dioxide
SPS	-	Sanitary and phytosanitary
TBT	-	Technical barriers to trade
TPR	-	Trade Policy Review
UNEP	-	United Nations Environment Programme
UNFCCC	-	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
