

2 February 2023

Original: English

(23-0737) Page: 1/45

Committee on Import Licensing

REPLIES TO QUESTIONNAIRE ON IMPORT LICENSING PROCEDURES¹

NOTIFICATION UNDER ARTICLE 7.3 OF THE AGREEMENT ON IMPORT LICENSING PROCEDURES (2022)²

KYRGYZ REPUBLIC

The following communication, dated 24 January 2023, is being circulated at the request of the delegation of the Kyrgyz Republic.

4 SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA SUBJECT TO THE CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA OF 3 MARCH 1973 (CITES).......11 8 TOXIC SUBSTANCES WHICH ARE NOT PRECURSORS OF NARCOTIC AND 10 RADIO-ELECTRONIC MEANS AND (OR) HIGH-FREQUENCY DEVICES FOR CIVIL PURPOSES, INCLUDING BUILT-IN OR INCLUDED IN OTHER GOODS24 11 SPECIAL TECHNICAL MEANS INTENDED FOR COVERT OBTAINMENT OF 13 HUMAN ORGANS AND TISSUES, BLOOD AND ITS COMPONENTS, SAMPLES OF HUMAN BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS......34 14 SERVICE AND CIVILIAN WEAPONS, ITS MAIN (CONSTITUENT) PARTS AND CARTRIDGES FOR THEM36 15 PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS AND OTHER PERSISTENT ORGANIC POLLUTANTS TO BE USED IN LABORATORY-SCALE RESEARCH AND AS A 16 CERTAIN TYPES OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS FOR WHICH A DECISION WAS MADE TO ESTABLISH A TARIFF OUOTA AND ISSUE A LICENSE42

¹ See document G/LIC/3, Annex, for the Questionnaire.

² This notification also relates to 2021.

1 OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES

Outline of Systems

1. Kyrgyz Republic manages its obligations for ozone depleting substances controlled by the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer. The import, export and manufacture of the ozone depleting substances is prohibited under the Montreal Protocol, except where an essential or critical use exemption has been granted by the Parties to the Montreal Protocol. Kyrgyz Republic's Montreal Protocol obligations are implemented through a system of licensing. Imports of ODSs and/or products containing ODSs are forbidden for personal use.

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

- 2. The requirements of the licensing systems are:
- import or export of ozone depleting substances;
- pre-charged equipment containing ozone-depleting substances.

Strict conditions and reporting requirements apply in relation to all licences issued.

Tariff line code(s) affected,	Detailed Product Description	
based on HS (2012)		
of 2903 79 300 0	fluorodichloroethane	CHFCI2
of 2903 71 000 0	chlorodifluoromethane	CHF2CI
of 2903 79 300 0	chlorofluoromethane	CH2FCI
of 2903 79 300 0	tetrachlorofluoroethane	C2HFCI4
of 2903 79 300 0	trichlorodifluoroethane	C2HF2Cl3
of 2903 72 000 0	dichlorotrifluoroethane	C2HF3Cl2
of 2903 72 000 0	dichlorotrifluoroethane	CHCl2CF3
of 2903 79 300 0	tetrafluorochloroethane	C2HF4CI
of 2903 79 300 0	tetrafluorochloroethane	CHFCICF3
of 2903 79 300 0	fluorotrichloroethane	C2H2FCl3
of 2903 79 300 0	difluorodichloroethane	C2H2F2Cl2
of 2903 79 300 0	trifluorochloroethane	C2H2F3Cl
of 2903 73 000 0	1-fluoro-2,2-dichloroethane	C2H3FCl2
of 2903 73 000 0	1,1,1-fluorodichloroethane	CH3CFCI2
of 2903 74 000 0	1-chloro, 2,2-difluoroethane	C2H3F2Cl
of 2903 74 000 0	1,1,1-difluorochloroethane	CH3CF2CI
of 2903 79 300 0	fluorochloroethane	C2H4FCI
of 2903 79 300 0	fluorohexachloropropane	C3HFCI6
of 2903 79 300 0	difluoropentachloropropane	C3HF2CI5
of 2903 79 300 0	trifluorotetrachloropropane	C3HF3Cl4
of 2903 79 300 0	tetrafluorotrichloropropane	C3HF4Cl3
of 2903 75 000 0	pentafluorodichloropropane	C3HF5Cl2
of 2903 75 000 0	1-trifluoro, 2-difluoro, 3-dichloropropane	CF3CF2CHCl2
of 2903 75 000 0	1,1-difluorochloro, 2-difluoro, 3-dichloropropane	CF2CICF2CHCIF
of 2903 79 300 0	hexafluorochloropropane	C3HF6CI
of 2903 79 300 0	fluoropentachloropropane	C3H2FCI5
of 2903 79 300 0	difluorotetrachloropropane	C3H2F2Cl4
of 2903 79 300 0	trifluorotrichloropropane	C3H2F3Cl3
of 2903 79 300 0	tetrafluorodichloropropane	C3H2F4Cl2
of 2903 79 300 0	pentafluorochloropropane	C3H2F5Cl
of 2903 79 300 0	fluorotetrachloropropane	C3H3FCI4
of 2903 79 300 0	difluorotrichloropropane	C3H3F2Cl3
of 2903 79 300 0	trifluorodichloropropane	C3H3F3Cl2
of 2903 79 300 0	tetrafluorochloropropane	C3H3F4Cl
of 2903 79 300 0	fluorotrichloropropane	C3H4FCl3
of 2903 79 300 0	difluorodichloropropane	C3H4F2Cl2
of 2903 79 300 0	trifluorochloropropane	C3H4F3Cl
of 2903 79 300 0	fluorodichloropropane	C3H5FCl2
of 2903 79 300 0	difluorochloropropane	C3H5F2Cl
of 2903 79 300 0	fluorochloropropane	C3H6FCI
of 2903 39 290 0	1,1,2,2- tetrafluoroethane	CHF2CHF2
2903 39 260 0	1,1,1,2- tetrafluoroethane	CH2FCF3
of 2903 39 290 0	1,1,2- trifluoroethane	CH2FCHF2

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description	
of 2903 39 270 0	1,1,1,3,3- pentafluoropropane	CHF2CH2CF3
of 2903 39 290 0	1,1,1,3,3- pentafluorobutane	CF3CH2CF2CH3
of 2903 39 270 0	1,1,1,2,3,3,3- heptafluoropropane	CF3CHFCF3
of 2903 39 2700	1,1,1,2,2,3- hexafluoropropane	CH2FCF2CF3
of 2903 39 270 0	1,1,1,2,3,3- hexafluoropropane	CHF2CHFCF3
of 2903 39 270 0	1,1,1,3,3,3- hexafluoropropane	CF3CH2CF3
of 2903 39 270 0	1,1,2,2,3- pentafluoropropane	CH2FCF2CHF2
of 2903 39 290 0	1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5- decafluoropentane	CF3CHFCHFCF2CF3
2903 39 210 0	difluoromethane	CH2F2
of 2903 39 240 0	pentafluoroethane	CHF2CF3
of 2903 39 240 0	1,1,1- trifluoroethane	CH3CF3
of 2903 39 290 0	fluoromethane	CH3F
of 2903 39 290 0	1,2- difluoroethane	CH2FCH2F
2903 39 250 0	1,1- difluoroethane	CH3CHF2
2903 39 230 0	trifluoromethane	CHF3

- 3. The system applies to goods from all countries-parties to the Montreal Protocol.
- 4. The non-automatic import licensing system implements Kyrgyz Repulic's legal obligations under the Montreal Protocol. As well as limits on production and consumption of ozone depleting substances leading to eventual phase-out, the Protocol requires the establishment of a licensing system.
- 5. The legislation under which licences are maintained includes:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Agreement on Movement of Ozone-depleting Substances and Products Containing Them and Accounting for Ozone-depleting Substances in Mutual Trade of the Member States of the Eurasian Economic Union of 29 May 2015;
- Annex No. 2 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015;
- Regulation on the importation/exportation of ozone-depleting substances and products containing ozone-depleting substances into/from the customs territory of the Eurasian Economic Union (Annex No. 20 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015);
- Resolution of the Kyrgyz Republic on the approval of the Regulation on state regulation of the import and export of ozone-depleting substances and products containing them dated 19 September 2009 No. 594;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

Licensing is a legislative requirement. It is an offence to import, export or manufacture the mentioned substance without a licence. It is not possible to abolish this system without legislative approval. The legislation does not leave designation of products to administrative discretion. All substances that require licences are specified in a schedule to the legislation. No other substances require licensing under this legislation.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country:
- (a) Application should be filed in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.

- (d) The authorized body for issuing permits is the Ministry of Economy and Commerce of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences:
- (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of importers to apply for licence

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentation and other requirements for application for licence

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of application;
- An electronic copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration on tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the licence to carry out the licenced type of activity or information on the availability of a licence to carry out the licenced type of activity if such activity is related to the turnover of the goods for which licensing has been introduced;
- A copy of the contract for supplying of intermediary services (in the case if an intermediary is the applicant);
- Certificate of conformity or written notice of the manufacturer that the ozone-depleting substances and/or products containing ozone-depleting substances produced by it meet the requirements of the documents according to which they are manufactured;
- A copy of a valid certificate for cargo insurance.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. $^{\rm 3}$
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilisation of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. Licensees are not permitted to trade in ozone depleting substances with non-Parties to the Montreal Protocol. Conditions may also apply to the purpose to which the imported substance is to be applied if its consumption has been approved for a specific purpose through the Montreal Protocol.

³ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

2 PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS (PESTICIDES)

Outline of Systems

1. Importation of plant protection products is subject to licensing. Import of unregistered plant protection means samples for the registration and production tests and researches, as well as limited number of unregistered plant protection means for elimination of newly detected quarantine pest hotbeds is carried out without a licence by presentation of the conclusion of Kyrgyz Republic's executive authority, exercising state registration of plant protection means, on the appropriateness of import with indication of plant protection means names, quantity, preparation form, rate of application, concentration, packaging, factory name and country of origin (the Common List of Goods that are Subject to Non-tariff Measures in Trade with Third Countries, approved by Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 of 21 April 2015, Annex 2.2).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

2. Imports of unregistered plant protection means are subject to licensing.

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description	
of 3808 (except for 3808 94)	Plant protection products (pesticides), excluding any	
	sticky tape to protect trees from insects	

- 3. The system applies to goods originating in and coming from all countries.
- 4. Import licensing is for the purpose of administering import restrictions maintained to protect human, animal or plant life or health. Importation of plant protection products is subject to non-automatic import licensing.
- 5. The legislation under which licences are maintained includes:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Annex No. 2 to the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission (EEC) No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 11 to the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission (EEC)
 No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission (EEC) No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country:
- (a) Application should be filed in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.

- (d) Importer has to apply to one administrative body the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

- 10. Application forms are available at: $\frac{\text{http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74}}{\text{application for licence:}}$ with the
- A digital copy of application form;
- A copy of a contract;
- A copy of document on registration with tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the licence for production (formulation) of pesticides (toxic chemicals), the sale of pesticides (toxic chemicals), the use of pesticides (toxic chemicals) in aerosol or fumigant ways;
- A copy of the contract (agreement) which sets out the procedure for return of defective plant protection products to the exporter;
- A copy of the passport on chemical products safety;
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 4
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of a licence.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

⁴ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

3 HAZARDOUS WASTE

Outline of Systems

1. The Kyrgyz Republic manages its obligations for hazardous waste controlled by the Basel Convention for the Control of Trans-Boundary Movements of Hazardous Waste and their Disposal (Basel Convention) through the Common List of Goods that are Subject to Non-Tariff Measures in Trade with Third Countries (Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015, Annex 2.3).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

2. In accordance with the Kyrgyz Republic's obligations under the Basel Convention, the licensing system applies to hazardous wastes as listed in the Schedules to the Basel Convention.

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description
2618 00 000 0	Granulated slag (slag sand), obtained in the process of production of ferrous metals
2619 00	Slag, dross (except for granulated slag), scales and other waste of production of ferrous metals
of 2620 30 000 0	Scale containing copper oxide
2620	Slag, ash and residues (other than those generated in the production of ferrous metals) containing metals, arsenic or their compounds, including:
2620 11 000 0	hard zinc
of 2620 21 000 0 of 2620 29 000 0	lead output, lead ashes, lead slurry with lead content of 30% or more
of 2620 40 000 0	aluminium dross
of 2620 99 950 9	salt slag containing magnesium
of 2620 99 950 9	light metal output containing magnesium
of 2620	spent catalysts suitable only for metal recovery or for the production of chemical reagents
of 2620	Wastes containing any of the following substances as a component or
of 3825	contaminant:
	metal carbonyls
of 2620 91 000 0 of 3825	hexavalent chromium compounds
of 2620 30 000 0	Dust and residues of gas cleaning systems of copper smelting works
of 2620 30 000 0	Wastes sludge from electrolytic separation operations and purification of copper (exclusive of anode sludge)
of 2620 30 000 0 of 3825	Wastes containing copper chloride or copper cyanide
of 2619 00 900 0	Slag generated in the production of iron and steel, used as a raw material for the production of titanium sponge and vanadium
of 7112 30 000 0	Ashes from the incineration of printed circuit boards containing precious metal(s) or compounds of precious metal(s)
of 7112 30 000 0	Ashes containing precious metal(s) or compounds of precious metal(s) generated from the burning of film
of 7112 99 000 0	Film wastes containing silver halides and/or metallic silver
of 7112 99 000 0	Film paper wastes containing silver halides and/or metallic silver
of 2520 10 000 0 of 3825	Gypsum wastes generated in chemical industrial processes
of 3912 20	Waste of nitrocellulose
of 2907	Waste phenols and phenolic compounds, including chlorphenol, in the form
of 2908	of liquids or sludges
of 3825 41 000 0	Halogenated or non-halogenated non-aqueous distillation residues
of 3825 49 000 0	generated during recovery (regeneration) of organic solvents
of 3825 61 000 0	Waste from the production of aliphatic halogenated hydrocarbons (chloromethane, dichloroethane, allylchloride, epichlorohydrin), consisting of a 80-90% mixture of polychlorinated hydrocarbons Wastes containing or contaminated with the following compounds:
of 2837 of 3825	inorganic cyanides exclusive of waste containing precious metal(s) or precious metal(s) compounds in solid form with traces of inorganic cyanides

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description
of 2926	organic cyanides
of 2929	3.55
of 3825	
	Waste acid and alkaline solutions, which main component are the following substances:
of 2806 10 000 0	hydrochloric acid pH <= 2
of 2807 00 000	sulfuric acid, fuming sulphuric acid
of 2808 00 000 0	nitric acid pH <= 2
of 2811 11 000 0	hydrofluoric acid
of 2811 19 100 0	hydrobromic acid
of 2814 20 000 0	ammonia in aqueous solution
of 2815 12 000 0	sodium hydroxide pH> = 11.5
of 2815 20 000 0 of 2620 30 000 0	potassium hydroxide pH> = 11.5 Slag from copper production (except for chemically stabilized one having
of 2620 99 950 9	high iron content (above 20%) and processed in accordance with industry standards)
of 2620 11 000 0	Slag from zinc production (except for chemically stabilized one having high
of 2620 19 000 0	iron content (above 20%) and processed in accordance with industry
of 2620 99 950 9	standards)
of 2620	Slag and other ashes, including marine algae ash (kelp), including:
of 2621 of 3825	
01 3023	boiler ashes
	residues of solid salt-containing and smoke-collecting devices of furnace units with traditional fuels (without reactive gypsum)
	fly ashes and dust from combustion plants (except for fly ash and dust
	from waste incineration plants and pyrolysis plants)
	neutralized red clay from alumina production
	ash from coal-fired power plants (including fly-ash)
of 3802	Spent activated carbon (except for that generated during the treatment of drinking water, in the food industry and in the production of vitamins)
of 28,	Wastes containing inorganic fluorine compounds in the form of liquids or
of 3824, of 3825	sludges, except for calcium fluoride sludge
of 4004 00 000 0	Waste, scraps and rubber scrap (excluding hard rubber)
4012 20 000 1	Used tires and pneumatic tyres
4012 20 000 9	
2307 00	Wine sludge, argol
of 3504 00	Tannery waste in the form of dust, ash, sludge, powder containing hexavalent chromium compounds and biocides
of 4115 10 000 0	Scraps and other wastes of leather or composite leather, unsuitable for the
of 4115 20 000 0	manufacture of leather goods, containing hexavalent chromium
6.0511.00.100.0	compounds and biocides
of 0511 99 100 0 of 4101 - of 4103	Waste of skins or down and fur raw materials containing hexavalent chromium compounds or biocides
of 4301	Circumum compounds or biocides
of 5003 00 000 0	Waste in the form of down from wool-spinning production
of 5103 20 000 0	- J
of 5202 10 000 0	
of 5505	
of 5601 30 000 0	Wasto of pigmonts, dvoc, points and varnishes containing heavy materia
of 3206, of 3208 of 3212, of 3825	Waste of pigments, dyes, paints and varnishes containing heavy metals and/or organic solvents
of 2805 40	Wastes of metals and alloys that include any of the substances listed
of 7204	below (excluding scrap and alloys in the form of finished products: sheets,
of 7404 00	plates, beams, rods, pipes, etc.):
of 7503 00	
of 7602 00	
of 7802 00 000 0	antimony
of 7902 00 000 0 of 8002 00 000 0	cadmium selenium
of 8101 97 000 0	tellurium
of 8101 97 000 0	thallium
of 8103 30 000 0	trainann

Tariff line code(s) affected,	Detailed Product Description	
based on HS (2012)	·	
of 8104 20 000 0		
of 8105 30 000 0		
of 8106 00 100 0		
of 8107 30 000 0		
of 8108 30 000 0		
of 8109 30 000 0		
of 8110 20 000 0		
of 8111 00 190 0		
of 8112 13 000 0		
of 8112 22 000 0		
of 8112 52 000 0		
of 8112 92 210 9		
of 8113 00 400 0		
of 2620 29 000 0	Wastes containing any of the following substances as a component or	
of 2620 60 000 0	pollutant (excluding metal junk in solid form):	
of 2620 91 000 0		
of 2620 99 950 9		
	antimony, antimony compounds	
	beryllium, beryllium compounds	
	cadmium, cadmium compounds	
	lead, lead compounds	
	selenium, selenium compounds	
	tellurium, tellurium compounds	
	thallium, thallium compounds	
of 2620 19 000 0	Leach residues after treatment of zinc in the form of dust, sludge (jarosite,	
of 2530 90 000 9	hematite, etc.)	
of 7802 00 000 0	Spent lead-acid batteries, disassembled	
of 8548 10 910 0		
of 8548 10 100 0	Unsorted used batteries	
of 8548 10 210 0		
of 8548 10 290 0		
of 85	Scrap of electrical equipment or electrotechnical units, including galvanic	
	cells, batteries, mercury switches, cathode-ray tube glass and other glass	
	with an active coating, or contaminated with cadmium, mercury, lead,	
	polychlorinated biphenyls at a concentration of 50 mg/kg and above	
of 2710	Spent oil products, including:	
	oil products in the form of aqueous emulsions or mixtures with water	
	oil products in the form of sludges from storage tanks	
	oil products unsuitable for further use as primary products	
2710 91 000 0	spent oil products containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs),	
	polychlorinated terphenyls (PCTs) or polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)	
of 2710 91 000 0	wastes of substances and articles containing or contaminated with:	
	polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), polychlorinated terphenyl (PCT),	
	polychlorinated naphthalene (PCN) or polybrominated biphenyl (PBB),	
	including any other polybrominated analogs of these compounds at a	
	concentration level of 50 mg/kg and above	

- 3. The system applies to hazardous wastes originating in and coming from all countries that are Parties to the Basel Convention.
- 4. The licensing system ensures that Kyrgyz Republic's commitments as a Party to the Basel Convention are upheld. To that effect, trans-boundary movements of hazardous wastes and other wastes is to be reduced to the minimum consistent with the environmentally sound and efficient management of such wastes and to be conducted in such a manner which will protect human health and the environment against the adverse effects which may result from such movement. The licensing system is not intended to restrict the quantity or value of imports.

Licensing is a statutory requirement for the import of any hazardous waste listed in Schedules to the Basel Convention. It is not possible to abolish the system without legislative approval.

- 5. The legislation under which licences are maintained includes:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;

- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Annex No. 2 to the Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission dated 21 April 2015;
- Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission dated 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country.
- (a) Application should be filed in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) Yes, a licence application is considered by a single administrative body the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the Kyrgyz Republic
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of application;
- An electronic copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration with tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the activity licence for the use of waste;
- A copy of contract (agreement) on transportation;
- A copy of the conclusion of the state ecological examination;
- A copy of the contract (agreement) between importer and person responsible for the disposal of waste, which sets out ecological safe use of this waste;
- Notification of transboundary transportation of hazardous waste in accordance with the Basel Convention;
- Information on the availability of technical (technological) possibilities for the use of hazardous waste;
- A copy of document certifying coverage by insurance, bond or other guarantee during the transboundary movement.

- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is ten Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual.⁵
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of licence.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.

4 SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA SUBJECT TO THE CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA OF 3 MARCH 1973 (CITES)

Outline of Systems

1. Kyrgyz Republic manages its obligations for species of wild fauna and flora under the Convention on International trade in endangered species of wild fauna and flora of 3 March 1973. Kyrgyz Republic's CITES obligations are implemented through a system of licensing.

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

- 2. The requirements of the licensing systems are:
- import or export of species of wild flora fauna and flora;

The list of products subject to licensing is available under Annex No. 2 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015: 2.7.pdf (eurasiancommission.org).

- 3. The system applies to goods from all countries-parties to CITES.
- 4. The non-automatic import licensing system implements Kyrgyz Repulic's legal obligations under the CITES.
- 5. The legislation under which licences are maintained includes:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Annex No. 2 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015;
- Annex to Decision No. 92 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 4 April 2017;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013
 No. 195.

⁵ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

Licensing is a legislative requirement. It is an offence to import, export or manufacture the mentioned substance without a licence. It is not possible to abolish this system without legislative approval. The legislation does not leave designation of products to administrative discretion.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7.(a) Application should be filed in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) The authorized body for issuing permits is the Ministry of Economy and Commerce of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences:
- (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of importers to apply for licence

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentation and other requirements for application for licence

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of application;
- An electronic copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration on tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the licence to carry out the licenced type of activity or information on the availability of a licence to carry out the licenced type of activity if such activity is related to the turnover of the goods for which licensing has been introduced;
- A copy of the contract for supplying of intermediary services (in the case if an intermediary is the applicant);
- A copy of a valid certificate for cargo insurance.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present a standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 6
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

⁶ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilisation of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. No.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

5 GEMS

Outline of Systems

1. Kyrgyz Republic implements an import licensing system on gems.

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

- 2. The requirements of the licensing systems are:
- import or export of gems;

No	Product description	HS code
1	Industrial diamonds, rough or simply sawn, split or roughed	7102 21 000 0
2	Non-industrial diamonds, rough or simply sawn, split or	of 7102 31 000 0
	roughed, which can be used to make diamonds	
3	Diamonds unsorted	7102 10 000 0
4	Precious stones (other than diamonds), unworked or worked	of 7103 10 000 9
		7103 91 000 0
		of 7103 99 000 9
5	Natural pearls	7101 10 000 0
6	Unique amber formations	of 2530 90 000 1
7	Industrial diamonds, other than rough or simply sawn, split	7102 29 000 0
	or roughened	
8	Diamond crumb and powder	7105 10 000 0
9	Diamonds, worked, but loose or loose, non-industrial	of 7102 39 000 0
	(diamonds)	
10	Products from precious stones and natural pearls	of 7116 10 000 0
		of 7116 20

- 3. The system applies to goods from all countries.
- 4. The non-automatic import licensing system implements Kyrgyz Repulic's legal obligations.
- 5. The legislation under which licences are maintained includes:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Annex No. 2 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 13 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

Licensing is a legislative requirement. It is not possible to abolish this system without legislative approval. The legislation does not leave designation of products to administrative discretion.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country:
- (a) Application should be filed in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) The authorized body for issuing permits is the Ministry of Economy and Commerce of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences:
- (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of importers to apply for licence

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentation and other requirements for application for licence

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of application;
- An electronic copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration on tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the licence to carry out the licenced type of activity or information on the availability
 of a licence to carry out the licenced type of activity if such activity is related to the turnover
 of the goods for which licensing has been introduced;
- A copy of the contract for supplying of intermediary services (in the case if an intermediary is the applicant);
- A copy of a valid certificate for cargo insurance.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 7
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

⁷ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilisation of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. No

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

6 PRECIOUS METALS AND COMMODITIES CONTAINING PRECIOUS METALS

Outline of Systems

1. Kyrgyz Republic implements an import licensing system on precious metals and commodities containing precious metals.

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

- 2. The requirements of the licensing systems are:
- import or export of precious metals and commodities containing precious metals;

No	Product description	HS code
1	Raw gold or silver (only gold or silver in ingots, plates, powder and granules, as	of 7106 10 000 0
	well as gold used for coinage)	of 7106 91 000
		of 7108 11 000 0
		of 7108 12 000
		of 7108 20 000
2	Unprocessed platinum and platinum group metals (only refinished platinum and	of 7110 11 000
	platinum group metals in the form of ingots, plates, powder and granules)	of 7110 19 100 0
		of 7110 21 000
		of 7110 29 000 0
		of 7110 31 000 0
		of 7110 41 000 0
3	Unprocessed precious metals (only unique and unalloyed nuggets)	of 7106
		of 7108
		of 7110
4	Precious metal waste and scrap	of 7112
5	Ores, concentrates of precious metals	2616
6	Raw precious metals, including. in powder form (except for unique and unalloyed	of 7106 10 000 0
	nuggets refined precious metals in the form of ingots, plates, powder and	of 7106 91 000
	granules)	of 7108 11 000 0
		of 7108 12 000 9
		of 7110 11 000 9
		of 7110 21 000 9
		of 7110 31 000 0
		of 7110 41 000 0
6	Zinc scrap	of 7112
7	Ores, non-ferrous concentrates containing precious metals	of 2603 00 000 0
		of 2604 00 000 0
		of 2607 00 000
		of 2608 00 000 0
		of 2609 00 000 0
		of 2617

No	Product description	HS code
8	Semi-non-ferrous metal products containing precious metals	of 7401 00 000 0
		of 7402 00 000 0
		of 7501
		of 7801 99 100 0
9	Precious metals in the form of products and products	2843 10
		2843 21 000 0
		2843 29 000 0
		2843 30 000 0
		2843 90
		7106 10 000 0*
		7106 92 000 0*
		7107 00 000 0
		7108 13*
		7109 00 000 0
		7110 19*
		7110 29 000 0*
		7110 39 000 0*
		7110 49 000 0*
		7111 00 000 0
		7113
		7114
		7115
		8544**
		9003 19 000 1
		9021 29 000 0***
		9101**
		9102**
		9103**
		9105**
		9111**
		9112**
		9113 10 100 0
		of 9608 10 920 0
		of 9608 10 990 0
		of 9608 30 000 0
10	Coins	7118**

- 3. The system applies to goods from all countries.
- 4. The non-automatic import licensing system implements Kyrgyz Repulic's legal obligations.
- 5. The legislation under which licences are maintained includes:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Annex No. 2 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 14 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

Licensing is a legislative requirement. It is not possible to abolish this system without legislative approval. The legislation does not leave designation of products to administrative discretion.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country:
- (a) Application should be filed in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.

- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) The authorized body for issuing permits is the Ministry of Economy and Commerce of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences:
- (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of importers to apply for licence

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentation and other requirements for application for licence

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of application;
- An electronic copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration on tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the licence to carry out the licenced type of activity or information on the availability
 of a licence to carry out the licenced type of activity if such activity is related to the turnover
 of the goods for which licensing has been introduced;
- A copy of the contract for supplying of intermediary services (in the case if an intermediary is the applicant);
- A copy of a valid certificate for cargo insurance.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 8
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilisation of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. No

⁸ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

7 NARCOTIC DRUGS, PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES AND THEIR PRECURSORS

Outline of Systems

1. Licences are issued to control the import of specified narcotic drugs, substances with psychotropic effects and their precursors (the Common List of Goods that are Subject to Non-Tariff Measures in Trade with Third Countries, approved by Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015, Annex 2.12).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

- 2. This system fulfils part of the Kyrgyz Republic's obligation under the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, the Convention on Psychotropic Substances, 1971, and Table I and Table II of the Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances, 1988.
- 3. The system applies to importers of controlled substances from all countries.
- 4. The use of import licences enables the Government to monitor the quantities of controlled substances imported. This is intended to prevent the over-supply and diversion of controlled substances and is one strategy adopted to address drug misuse. The system is based on the requirements of the international treaties. The system is not intended to restrict the quantity or volume of imports.
- 5. The controls on the importation of goods specified in this category are statutory requirements under the legislation detailed below:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 2 to the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 10 to the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

This system cannot be abolished without legislative approval.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country.
- (a) Application should be filed in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.

- (d) Yes, an application is considered by only administrative body the Ministry of Health and Social Development of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which mayoccur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of the application;
- A copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration with tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the licence for activities related to the use of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and their precursors.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 9
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of a licence.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

⁹ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

8 TOXIC SUBSTANCES WHICH ARE NOT PRECURSORS OF NARCOTIC AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

Outline of Systems

1. Licences are issued to control the import of toxic substances except for precursors of the drugs and substances with psychotropic effects.

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

2. The licensing system permits to control the turnover of toxic substances of different origins for protection of human, animal or plant life or health.

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012) f 1211 90 860 9 Aconite	
Y IZ LE ZU OOU ZEELE ALOHILE	
f 2939 80 000 0 f 2922 19 700 0 Amisyl	
f 2933 39 990 0 Aceclydine	
f 2837 19 000 0 Barium cyanide	
f 2939 79 000 0 Brucine	
f 2939 80 000 0 Brucille	
f 2939 79 000 0 Hyoscyamine (base)	
f 2939 80 000 0 Tryoscyaninie (base)	
f 2939 79 000 0 Hyoscyamine camphorate	
f 2939 80 000 0	
f 2939 79 000 0 Hyoscyamine sulfate	
f 2939 80 000 0	
f 2905 59 Glyfluor	
f 2837 19 000 0 Cadmium cyanide	
f 2837 19 000 0 Calcium prussiate	
f 2924 19 000 0 Carbacholinum	
f 2930 90 950 9 Mercaptophos	
905 11 000 0 Methylic alcohol (methanol)	
804 80 000 0 Arsenic	
f 2811 29 100 0 Arsenous acid anhydride	
f 2811 29 900 0 Arsenic anhydride	
f 2842 90 800 0 Sodium arsenate	
f 2939 79 000 0 Nicotine	
f 2939 80 000 0	
f 2931 90 800 9 Novarsenol	
f 2852 90 000 7 Chlormesodrine	
805 40 100 0 Metal mercury	
805 40 900 0	
f 2852 10 000 8 Mercury diiodide	
f 2852 10 000 8 Mercury dichloride	
f 2852 10 000 8 Mercury oxycyanide	
f 2852 10 000 8 Mercury salicylate	
f 2852 10 000 8 Mercury cyanide	
f 2843 29 000 0 Silver cyanide	
f 2939 79 000 0 Scopolamine hydrobromide	
f 2939 80 000 0	
f 2939 79 000 0 Strychnine nitrate	
f 2939 80 000 0	
f 2939 79 000 0 The sum of alkaloids of demoiselle crane	
f 2939 80 000 0	
f 8112 51 000 0 Unprocessed thallium	
f 2931 90 800 9 Nickel tetracarbonyl	
f 2931 10 000 0 Tetraethyllead	
f 2931 10 000 0 Tetramethyl lead	
f 1211 90 860 9 Fresh grass of aconite of Dzungarian	
f 2907 11 000 0 Phenol	
f 2853 90 900 0 Zinc phosphide	
f 2804 70 001 0 Yellow phosphorus	
f 2843 29 000 0 Silver fluoride	

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description
of 2926 90 980 0	O-chlorobenzylidenemalonodiny-tril 1
of 2837 19 000 0	Zinc cyanide
of 2939 20 000 0	Cinchonine
of 1302 19 900 0	Extract of nux vomica
of 2852 10 000 8	Ethyl mercuric phosphate
of 2852 10 000 8	Ethylmercurchloride
of 3001 90 980 0	Snake venom
of 3001 90 980 0	Purified bee poison
of 2837 11 000 0	Sodium cyanide
of 2837 19 000 0	Potassium cyanide
of 2837 19 000 0	Copper cyanides

- 3. The system applies to importers of controlled substances from all countries.
- 4. The use of import licences enables the Government to monitor the quantities of controlled substances imported. The system is not intended to restrict the quantity or volume of imports.
- 5. The legislation under which licences are maintained includes:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission dated 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 2 to the Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission dated 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 19 to the Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission dated 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013
 No. 195.

This system cannot be abolished without legislative approval.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country.
- (a) Application should be made in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) Yes, an application is considered by only authorized body the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the Kyrgyz Republic
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of application;
- A copy of a contract;
- A copy of document on registration on tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of activity licence for production, processing, purchase, storage, sale, use and destruction of toxic substances;
- A copy of sanitary and epidemiological conclusion on storage of toxic substances;
- Passport of safety of toxic products;
- A copy of certificate of insurance.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 10
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of a licence.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

9 MEDICINES

Outline of Systems

1. Kyrgyz Republic manages its obligations for medicines. The import of medicines is regulated by the Protokol on tariff and non-tariff regulation with respect to third countries (this is Annex No7 to the Eurasian Economic Union Treaty from 29 May 2014).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

- 2. The requirements of the licensing systems are:
- import of medicines.

Strict conditions and reporting requirements apply in relation to all licences issued.

¹⁰ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

- 3. The system applies to goods from all countries.
- 4. The non-automatic import licensing system implements Kyrgyz Repulic's legal obligations on medicines.
- 5. The legislation under which licences are maintained includes:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Annex No. 2 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 21 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015;
- Resolution of the Kyrgyz Republic on the approval of the Regulation on state regulation of the import and export of ozone-depleting substances and products containing them dated 19 September 2009 No. 594;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

Licensing is a legislative requirement. It is an offence to import, export or manufacture the mentioned substance without a licence. It is not possible to abolish this system without legislative approval. The legislation does not leave designation of products to administrative discretion. All substances that require licences are specified in a schedule to the legislation. No other substances require licensing under this legislation.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country:
- (a) Application should be filed in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) The authorized body for issuing permits is the Ministry of Economy and Commerce of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of importers to apply for licence

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentation and other requirements for application for licence

- 10. Application forms are available at: $\frac{\text{http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74}}{\text{application for licence:}}$ with the
- An electronic copy of application;
- An electronic copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration on tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the licence to carry out the licenced type of activity or information on the availability
 of a licence to carry out the licenced type of activity if such activity is related to the turnover
 of the goods for which licensing has been introduced;
- A copy of the contract for supplying of intermediary services (in the case if an intermediary is the applicant);
- Certificate of conformity or written notice of the manufacturer that the ozone-depleting substances and/or products containing ozone-depleting substances produced by it meet the requirements of the documents according to which they are manufactured;
- A copy of a valid certificate for cargo insurance.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 11
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilisation of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. Not applicable.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

10 RADIO-ELECTRONIC MEANS AND (OR) HIGH-FREQUENCY DEVICES FOR CIVIL PURPOSES, INCLUDING BUILT-IN OR INCLUDED IN OTHER GOODS

Outline of Systems

1. Licences are issued to regulate the import of civil radio-electronic and/or high-frequency means (REM and HFM) including built-in or forming part of other goods (the Common List of Goods that are Subject to Non-Tariff Measures in Trade with Third Countries, approved Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015, Annex 2.16).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

2. The licensing system permits to regulate the turnover of civil radio-electronic and/or high-frequency means (REM and HFM) including built-in or forming part of other goods.

 $^{^{\}rm 11}$ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

Tariff line code(s)	Detailed Product Description
affected, based on HS (2012)	
of 8419	High-frequency devices, equipment and appliances for industrial,
of 8514	scientific and medical purposes, including high-frequency generators
of 8540	
of 8543	
of 9018	
of 9027	
of 8470	Multipurpose radioelectronic means for the transmission or reception
of 8471	of voice, image, data and/or other types of information
of 8517	
of 8518	
of 8519	
of 8521	
of 8525	
of 8526	
of 8527	
of 8528	
of 8531	
of 90	
of 8526	Software and hardware of technical radio monitoring, receiving
of 8527	equipment intended for detection of radio electronic means, which are
	the source of electromagnetic radiation

- 3. The system applies to importers of controlled means from all countries.
- 4. The use of import licences enables the Government to monitor the quantities of controlled means imported. The system is not intended to restrict the quantity or volume of imports.
- 5. The controls on the importation of goods specified in this category are statutory requirements under the legislation detailed below:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 2 to the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 21 to the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

This system cannot be abolished without legislative approval.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country.
- (a) There is no minimum advance notice required for a licence. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) Yes, an application is considered by only authorized body- the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the Kyrgyz Republic.

8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of application;
- A copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration with tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- Data on imported civil radio-electronic and/or high-frequency means;
- A copy of the certificate of compliance;
- A copy of conclusion on technical examination with regard to designation of the imported goods to encryption good and special technical devises designed for conducting of operativeinvestigation activities issued by the National Security Committee of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- A copy of conclusion with regard to designation (non-designation) of the imported to the civil radio-electronic and/or high frequency means.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 12
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for non-utilization of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of a licence.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

 $^{^{\}rm 12}$ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

11 SPECIAL TECHNICAL MEANS INTENDED FOR COVERT OBTAINMENT OF INFORMATION

Outline of Systems

1. Licences are issued to regulate the import of special devices intended for unauthorized obtaining of information (the Common List of Goods that are Subject to Non-Tariff Measures in Trade with Third Countries, approved by Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015, Annex 2.17).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

2. The licensing system permits to regulate the turnover of special devices intended for unauthorized obtaining of information including built-in or forming part of other goods.

Tariff line code(s) affected,	Detailed Product Description
based on HS (2012)	
	Special technical means intended for covert obtainment of, and registration of acoustic information:
of 8517 61 000	wire communication systems intended for covert obtainment of,
of 8517 62 000	and/or recording acoustic information
of 8517 69 390 0	
of 8517 69 900 0	
of 8517 70 900 1	radio-electronic devices intended for covert obtainment of, and/or
of 8518 30 950 0	registration of acoustic information
of 8518 40	3
of 8523 49 450 0	
of 8525 50 000 0	
of 8525 60 000	
of 8527	
of 8529 10 390 0	
of 8519 81 510 0	electronic devices intended for covert registration of acoustic
of 8519 81 550	information
of 8519 81 610	Special technical means for covert visual observation and recording
of 8519 81 650	of video information:
of 8519 81 750	or video information.
of 8519 81 850	
of 8519 89 900	
of 8523 51	
of 9002	"pin-hole" lenses
of 9006 51 000 0	cameras having at least one of the following features: camouflaged
of 9006 52 000 9	for objects of other functional purpose; having "pin-hole" lenses
of 9006 53 100 0	
of 8525 80	TV and video cameras with at least one of the following features: camouflaged for objects of other functional purpose; having "pinhole" lenses
of 8517 61 000	wire communication systems intended for covert obtainment of,
of 8517 62 000	and/or recording video information
of 8517 62 300	radio electronic devices intended for covert obtainment of, and/or
of 8517 69 900 0	registration of video information
of 8523 49 450 0	registration of video information
of 8525 50 000 0	
of 8525 60 000	
of 8527	
of 8527 of 8529 10 390 0	
of 8529 10 390 0	electronic devices decigned for covert registration of vides
of 8521 of 8523 51	electronic devices designed for covert registration of video
01 0323 31	information Special technical means for covert listening to telephone
	conversations:
of 8517 61 000	wire communication systems intended for covert listening to
of 8517 62 000	telephone conversations
of 8517 69 390 0	radio electronic devices intended for covert listening to telephone
of 8517 69 900 0	conversations
of 8525 50 000 0	
of 8525 60 000	
of 8527	
of 8529 10 390 0	

Tariff line code(s) affected,	Detailed Product Description
based on HS (2012)	
of 8519 81 510 0	electronic devices designed for covert registration of information on
of 8519 81 550	telephone conversations
of 8519 81 610	
of 8519 81 650	
of 8519 81 750	
of 8519 81 850	
of 8523 51	
of 8471	Special technical means for covert capturing of, and recording of
of 8517 61 000	information from technical communication channels
of 8517 62 000	
of 8517 69 390 0	
of 8517 69 900 0	
of 8523 29 310 1	
of 8523 29 310 2	
of 8523 49 250 0	
of 8523 49 910 1	
of 8523 51 910 1	
of 8523 59 910 1	
of 8523 80 910 1	
of 8527	
of 9022 19 000 0	Special technical means for covert interception of mail messages and mailings
of 9022 19 000 0	Special technical means for covert examination of objects and
	documents, including portable small-size fluoroscopic, X-ray
	television and radiographic equipment
	Special technical means for covert penetration and examination of
	premises, vehicles and other objects:
of 8301 70 000 0	means for opening the locking devices
of 9022 19 000 0	portable small-size fluoroscopic, X-ray television and radiographic equipment
of 8526 10 000 9	Special technical means for covert penetration and examination of
of 8526 91	premises, vehicles and other facilities
of 8471	Special technical means for covert obtainment (change, destruction)
of 8505 90 200	of information from technical means of its storage, processing and
of 8517 61 000	transmission
of 8517 62 000	
of 8517 69 390 0	
of 8517 69 900 0	
of 8523 29 310 1	
of 8523 29 310 2	
of 8523 49 250 0	
of 8523 49 910 1	
of 8523 51 910 1	
of 8523 59 910 1	
of 8523 80 910 1	
of 8527	
of 9019 10 900 9	Special technical means for covert personal identification
of 9019 10 900 9	Special technical means for covert registration of psychophysiological
	human reactions

- 3. The system applies to importers of controlled means from all countries.
- 4. The use of import licences enables the Government to monitor the quantities of controlled means imported. The system is not intended to restrict the quantity or volume of imports.
- 5. The controls on the importation of goods specified in this category are statutory requirements under the legislation detailed below:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 2 to Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;

- Annex No. 16 to Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30
 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

This system cannot be abolished without legislative approval.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country.
- (a) There is no minimum advance notice required for a licence. Goods arriving at the customs without a licence cannot be imported and retrospective permits cannot be issued. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) Yes, an application is considered by only authorized body the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas); and (vi) in the case of refusal by a coordinating body to the approve an application for the issuance of a licence, as well as due to the results of the examination or technical research, confirming that the importation or exportation of special technical equipment may damage the national security of the Member State.

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of application;
- A copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration with tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of activity licence for development, production, repair and sale of special technical devises designed for conducting of operative-investigation activities;
- A copy of conclusion on technical examination with regard to designation of the imported goods to special technical devises designed for conducting of operative-investigation activities issued by the National Security Committee of the Republic of Kazakhstan.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.

- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 13
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of a licence.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

12 ENCRYPTION (CRYPTOGRAPHIC) MEANS

Outline of Systems

1. Licences are issued to regulate the import of encryption devices (the Common List of Goods that are Subject to Non-Tariff Measures in Trade with Third Countries, approved by Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015, Annex 2.19).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

2. The licensing system permits to regulate the turnover of encryption devices including built-in or forming part of other goods.

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description
of 8443 31	Printers, copy and fax machines and their electronic modules
of 8443 32 100 9	that have encryption (cryptographic) functions
of 8443 32 300 0	
of 8443 99 100 0	
of 8470 10 000 0	Pocket machines for recording, reproducing and visualizing data with computational functions, having the encryption (cryptographic) functions
of 8471 30 000 0	Pocket computers that have encryption (cryptography) functions
of 8471 30 000 0	Computing machines and parts thereof that have encryption
of 8471 41 000 0	(cryptographic) functions
of 8471 49 000 0	
of 8471 50 000 0	
of 8471 90 000 0	
of 8473 30 200 8	
of 8471 70 500 0	Devices of computers that have encryption (cryptographic)
of 8471 70 980 0	functions
of 8471 80 000 0	
of 8473 21 100 0	Electronic modules and parts of pocket computers that have
of 8473 21 900 0	encryption (cryptography) functions
of 8473 30 200 8	
of 8473 30 800 0	

 $^{^{13}}$ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description
of 8517 11 000 0	Subscriber communication devices that have encryption
of 8517 12 000 0	(cryptographic) functions
of 8517 18 000 0	
of 8517 61 000 1	Base stations that have encryption (cryptography) functions
of 8517 61 000 2	
of 8517 61 000 8	
of 8517 62 000	Telecommunication equipment and parts thereof that have
of 8517 69 390 0	encryption (cryptographic) functions
of 8517 69 900 0	
of 8517 70 900	
of 8523 29 310 1	Software encryption (cryptographic) tools regardless of the
of 8523 29 310 2	information carrier
of 8523 29 330 of 8523 29 390	
of 8523 49 250 0	
of 8523 49 230 0	
of 8523 49 390 0	
of 8523 49 450 0	
of 8523 49 910 1	
of 8523 49 930 0	
of 8523 51 910 1	
of 8523 51 930 0	
of 8523 52	
of 8523 59 910 1	
of 8523 59 930 0	
of 8523 80 910 1	
of 8523 80 930 0	
of 3704 00	Key documents
of 3705 00	
of 3706	
of 4821 10	
of 4901 10 000 0 of 4901 99 000 0	
of 4911 99 000 0	
of 8523 21 000 0	
of 8523 29 310 1	
of 8523 29 310 2	
of 8523 29 330	
of 8523 29 390	
of 8523 49 250 0	
of 8523 49 310 0	
of 8523 49 390 0	
of 8523 49 450 0	
of 8523 49 910 1	
of 8523 49 930 0	
of 8523 51 910 1	
of 8523 51 930 0	
of 8523 52	
of 8523 59 910 1 of 8523 59 930 0	
of 8523 80 910 1	
of 8523 80 930 0	
of 8525 50 000 0	Broadcasting or television equipment and parts thereof, which
of 8525 60 000 0	have the encryption (cryptography) functions
of 8529 90 200 1	and special (dispersylaphy) functions
of 8529 90 650	
of 8529 90 970 0	
of 8526 91 200 0	Radio navigation receivers, remote control equipment and
of 8526 91 800 0	parts thereof, with encryption (cryptography) functions
of 8526 92 000	(5.7, 5.5.7, 7.5.7)
of 8529 90 650	
of 8529 90 970 0	
of 8517 62 000	The equipment with an access to the information and
of 8528 71 150 0	communication network "Internet" and television receivers
of 8529 90 650	with a communication function, parts thereof, that have
of 8529 90 970 0	encryption (cryptography) functions

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description
of 8542 31 901 0	Electronic integrated circuits, memory devices that have
of 8542 31 909 0	encryption (cryptography) functions or contain encryption
of 8542 32 900 0	(cryptographic) means
of 8543 70 900 0	Other electrical machines and apparatus having individual
of 8543 90 000 0	functions containing encryption (cryptographic) tools
of 3704 00	Normative, technical, design and operational documentation
of 3705 00	for encryption (cryptographic) facilities specified in the
of 3706	aforementioned paragraphs (on any media)
of 4821 10	
of 4901 10 000 0	
of 4901 99 000 0	
of 4911 99 000 0	
of 8523 29 310	
of 8523 29 330	
of 8523 29 390	
of 8523 29 900 0	
of 8523 49 450 0 of 8523 49 510 0	
of 8523 49 590 0	
of 8523 49 930 0	
of 8523 49 990 0	
of 8523 51 930 0	
of 8523 51 990 0	
of 8523 59 930 0	
of 8523 59 990 0	
of 8523 80 930 0	
of 8523 80 990 0	

- 3. The system applies to importers of controlled means from all countries.
- 4. The use of import licences enables the Government to monitor the quantities of controlled means imported. The system is not intended to restrict the quantity or volume of import.
- 5. The controls on the importation of goods specified in this category are statutory requirements under the legislation detailed below:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

This system cannot be abolished without legislative approval.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country.
- (a) There is no minimum advance notice required for a licence. Goods arriving at the custom without a licence cannot be imported and retrospective permits cannot be issued. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) Yes, an application is considered by only authorized body the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the Kyrgyz Republic.

8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas); and (vi) in a case of refusal by a coordinating body to issue a licence.

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- Application;
- A copy of a foreign trade contract;
- Receipt of payment for licence;
- A copy of document on registration with tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A Copy of activity licence for development and sale (including other types of transfer) of cryptographic devices of information protection;
- Notification of the applicant on the absence in the imported encryption devices of radioelectronic and/or high-frequency means;
- A copy of conclusion on technical examination with regard to designation of the imported goods to special technical devises designed for conducting of operative-investigation activities issued by the National Security Committee of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- A copy of technical documents on encryption devices;
- Samples of an encryption device (upon request of National Security Committee).
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 14
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of a licence.

Other Procedural Requirements

18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.

 $^{^{\}rm 14}$ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

13 HUMAN ORGANS AND TISSUES, BLOOD AND ITS COMPONENTS, SAMPLES OF HUMAN BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS

Outline of Systems

1. Licences are issued to control the import of human organs and tissues, blood and its components (the Common List of Goods that are Subject to Non-Tariff Measures in Trade with Third Countries, approved by Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015, Annex 2.21).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

2. The licensing system permits to control the turnover of human organs and tissues, blood and its components for protection of human life or health.

Tariff line code(s) affected,	Detailed Product Description
based on HS (2012) of 3001 90 200 0	Allogeneic tissues (pancreas, thyroid, parathyroid glands, hypophysis and
01 3001 90 200 0	other endocrine tissues)
of 3001 90 200 0	Hematopoietic stem cells
of 3001 90 200 0	Phacocyst petrous
of 3001 90 200 0	Skin
of 3001 90 200 0	Heart and lungs
of 3001 90 200 0	Conjunctiva
of 3001 90 200 0	Bone marrow
of 3002 12 000 3	Human blood and its components
of 3002 12 000 4	
of 3002 12 000 5	
of 3002 13 000 0	
of 3002 14 000 0	
of 3002 90 100 0	
of 3001 90 200 0	Multivisceral complexes (liver – kidney, liver – kidney – adrenal glands –
	area of gastrointestinal tract, kidney – pancreas)
of 3001 90 200 0	Liver and its parts
of 3001 90 200 0	The pancreas alone or in combination with other organs
of 3001 90 200 0	Kidneys
of 3001 90 200 0	Cornea
of 3001 90 200 0	Heart
of 3001 90 200 0	Sclerae
of 3001 90 200 0	Fragments of the intestine
of 3001 90 200 0	Bones, fragments of bones with a cortical layer
of 3001 90 200 0	Cartilage tissue
of 3001 90 200 0	Upper extremities and its fragments
of 3001 90 200 0	Heart valves
of 3001 90 200 0	Calvarial bones
of 3001 90 200 0	Lung
of 3001 90 200 0	Lower extremities and its fragments
of 3001 90 200 0	Vessels and areas of vascular bed
of 3001 90 200 0	Tendons
of 3001 90 200 0	Dura mater
of 3001 90 200 0	Trachea
of 3001 90 200 0	Sex cells and embryos
of 3001 90 200 0	Trachea
of 0511 99 853 9	Samples of human biological materials (samples of cells, tissues, biological
of 0511 99 859 9	fluids, secrets, products of human vital activity, physiological and
of 3002 12 000 5	pathological excreta, smears, washings, scrapings)
of 3002 13 000 0	
of 3002 14 000 0	
of 3002 90 100 0	

3. The system applies to importers of controlled substances from all countries.

- 4. The use of import licences enables the Government to monitor the quantities of controlled substances imported. The system is not intended to restrict the quantity or volume of imports.
- 5. The controls on the importation of goods specified in this category are statutory requirements under the legislation detailed below:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 2 Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 3 Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

This system cannot be abolished without legislative approval.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country.
- (a) There is no minimum advance notice required for a licence. The maximum processing time for licence for human organs is one working day; for licence for human tissues and its components three working days, for licence for blood and its components 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) Yes, an application is considered by only authorized body the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. Only legal entities can apply for the licence.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

- 10. Application forms are available at: $\frac{\text{http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74}}{\text{application for licence:}}$ with the
- An electronic copy of application;
- A copy of a foreign trade contract;

- A copy of document on registration with tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of licence for medical activity;
- Permission of authorities of third countries responsible for taking decision on possibility of import/export of human organs and tissues, blood and its components.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 15
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of a licence.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

14 SERVICE AND CIVILIAN WEAPONS, ITS MAIN (CONSTITUENT) PARTS AND CARTRIDGES FOR THEM

Outline of Systems

1. Licences are issued to regulate the import of service and civil weapons (the Common List of Goods that are Subject to Non-Tariff Measures in Trade with Third Countries, approved by Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015, Annex 2.22).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

2. The system permits to regulate the turnover of service and civil weapon including its main parts and cartridges.

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description	
of 9302 00 000 0	Gas pistols and revolvers, including the possibility of firing cartridges with a rubber bullet	
of 9302 00 000 0	Sport pistols and revolvers with a rifled barrel	
of 9302 00 000 0	Service pistols and revolvers with a rifled barrel	
of 9302 00 000 0	Fire tuneless weapons (revolvers and pistols, including those with traumatic action cartridges)	
of 9303 20	Smoothbore sports guns	
of 9303 30 000 0	Sports rifles with a rifled barrel	
of 9303 20 100 0	Hunting long single-barreled smooth-bore guns	
of 9303 20 950 0	Hunting dual-barreled or combined guns	
of 9303 30 000 0		
of 9303 20 950 0	Hunting double-barreled smooth-bore guns, including those with different caliber barrels	

 $^{^{\}rm 15}$ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description
of 9303 30 000 0	Hunting shotguns with a rifled barrel
of 9303 20 950 0	Trunking Shotguns with a filled barrer
of 9304 00 000 0	Hunting pneumatic weapon with a muzzle energy no more than 25 J
of 9304 00 000 0	Sports pneumatic rifles and shotguns with muzzle energy more than 3 J
of 9304 00 000 0	Sports pneumatic pistols and revolvers with muzzle energy more than 3 J
of 9305 10 000 0	Main (composite) parts of sports pistols and revolvers (barrel, bolt, drum, frame, receiver, trigger and parts and accessories thereto)
of 9305 10 000 0	Main (composite) parts of duty pistols and revolvers (barrel, bolt, drum, frame, receiver, trigger and parts and accessories thereto)
of 9305 20 000 1	Trunks of hunting and sports smooth-bore rifles and carbines
of 9305 20 000 1	Trunks of rifled hunting and sports rifles and carbines
of 9305 20 000 9	Other main (component) parts of hunting and sports smooth-bore rifles (bolt, drum, frame, receiver (shoe), fore-end, shock-trigger mechanism and parts and accessories thereto)
of 9305 20,000	Main (integral) parts of sports rifles, hunting carbines, rifles with a rifled barrel (barrel, drum, frame, receiver (shoe), fore-end, shock-trigger mechanism and parts and accessories thereto)
of 9306 21 000 0	Cartridges for sports and hunting smooth-bore weapons, including cartridges for high-pressure test
of 9306 30 100 0	Cartridges for pistols and revolvers for sports, service, fire tuneless weapons
of 9306 30 900 0	Cartridges for sports and hunting weapons with a rifled barrel (except for pistols and revolvers), self-defense gas weapons, including cartridges for high-pressure test
of 9306 29 000 0	Cylindrical capsules for smooth-bore hunting and sports weapons
of 9306 30 900 0	Cylindrical capsules for hunting and sports weapons with a rifled barrel (except for pistols and revolvers)
of 9306 30 900 0	Encapsulated cylinders to gas self-defense weapons
of 9306 30 100 0	Encapsulated cylinders to sports and service pistols and revolvers
of 3603 00 900 9	Caps for cartridges for service and civilian weapons
of 9307 00 000 0 of 8211	Cold bladed hunting weapons (knives and hunting daggers)
of 9307 00 000 0	Cold bladed sport weapons
of 9307 00 000 0	Other cold bladed weapons (intended for wearing with the Cossack form, as well as with the national costumes of the peoples of the Eurasian Economic Union Member States, intended for collecting)
of 9506 99 900 0	Sports bows and crossbows
of 9304 00 000 0	Electric weapons (electric shock devices and spark arresters having output parameters corresponding to the norms established by the authorized body of the Eurasian Economic Union Member State in the field of health)
of 9303	Weapons structurally intended only for giving light, smoke and sound signals of caliber more than 6 mm
of 93	Copies and replicas of antique weapons
of 9705 00 000 0	
of 9706 00 000 0	

- 3. The system applies to importers of controlled means from all countries.
- 4. The use of conclusions enables the Government to monitor the quantities of controlled means imported. The system is not intended to restrict the quantity or volume of imports.
- 5. The controls on the importation of goods specified in this category are statutory requirements under the legislation detailed below:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Agreement on Movement of Service and Civil Weapons Between the Member States of the Eurasian Economic Union of 20 May 2016;
- Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission (EEC) No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Annex No. 2 to the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission (EEC) No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;

- Annex No. 17 to the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission (EEC) No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

This system cannot be abolished without legislative approval.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country.
- (a) There is no minimum advance notice required for a conclusion. Goods arriving at the customs without a conclusion cannot be imported. The maximum processing time for a conclusion is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) Importer has to apply to one administrative organ the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences (conclusions): (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a conclusion; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a conclusion.

The decision to refuse a conclusion has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for conclusions.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

- 10. Application forms are available at: $\frac{\text{http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74}}{\text{application for licence:}}$ with the
- An electronic copy of application;
- A copy of document on registration on tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of a licence on purchase of weapon and its parts, issued by the authorized body of the internal affairs;
- A copy of the certificate of compliance;
- Information on weapon's model and its characteristics;
- A copy of permit (license), issued by the exporting country's internal affair bodies;
- A copy of the licence to carry out the licenced type of activity.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid conclusion.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 16

 $^{^{16}}$ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of conclusions.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Conclusions are valid for the conclusion period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a conclusion or a portion of a conclusion.
- 16. Conclusion are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of conclusion.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from conclusion required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

15 PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS AND OTHER PERSISTENT ORGANIC POLLUTANTS TO BE USED IN LABORATORY-SCALE RESEARCH AND AS A REFERENCE STANDARD

Outline of Systems

1. Kyrgyz Republic implements non-automatic import licensing procedures on plant products.

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

- 2. The requirements of the licensing systems are:
- import plant protection products.

Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	0201 10 000 1
	0201 20 200 1
	0201 20 300 1
	0201 20 500 1
	0201 20 900 1
	0201 30 000 4
Meat of bovine animals, frozen	0202 10 000 1
	0202 20 100 1
	0202 20 300 1
	0202 20 500 1
	0202 20 900 1
	0202 30 100 4
	0202 30 500 4
	0202 30 900 4
Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen	0203 11 100 1
	0203 11 900 1
	0203 12 110 1
	0203 12 190 1
	0203 12 900 1
	0203 19 110 1
	0203 19 130 1
	0203 19 150 1
	0203 19 550 1
	0203 19 590 1
	0203 19 900 1
	0203 21 100 1
	0203 21 900 1
	0203 22 110 1
	0203 22 190 1
	0203 22 900 1
	0203 29 110 1
	0203 29 130 1
	0203 29 150 1

	0203 29 550 1
	0203 29 590 1
	0203 29 900 1
Pork trimming	0203 29 550 2
	0203 29 900 2
Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05, fresh, chilled or frozen	
- Of fowls of the species Gallus domesticus:	0207 14 200 1
Cuts and offal, frozen	0207 14 600 1
	0207 13 100 1

- 3. The system applies to goods from all countries.
- 4. The non-automatic import licensing system implements Kyrgyz Repulic's obligations on the import tariff rate quotas on plant products.
- 5. The legislation under which licences are maintained includes:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Agreement on Movement of Ozone-depleting Substances and Products Containing Them and Accounting for Ozone-depleting Substances in Mutual Trade of the Member States of the Eurasian Economic Union of 29 May 2015;
- Annex No. 2 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015;
- Regulation on the importation/exportation of ozone-depleting substances and products containing ozone-depleting substances into/from the customs territory of the Eurasian Economic Union (Annex No. 20 to Decision No. 30 of the Board of the Eurasian Economic Commission of 21 April 2015);
- Resolution of the Kyrgyz Republic on the approval of the Regulation on state regulation of the import and export of ozone-depleting substances and products containing them dated 19 September 2009 No. 594;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

Licensing is a legislative requirement. It is an offence to import, export or manufacture the mentioned substance without a licence. It is not possible to abolish this system without legislative approval. The legislation does not leave designation of products to administrative discretion. All substances that require licences are specified in a schedule to the legislation. No other substances require licensing under this legislation.

Procedures

- 6. Not applicable.
- 7. Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product or on imports from a particular country:
- (a) Application should be filed in advance of arrival of the goods. The maximum processing time for licence is 15 working days.
- (b) No.
- (c) No.
- (d) The authorized body for issuing permits is the Ministry of Economy and Commerce of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for

issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas).

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of importers to apply for licence

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentation and other requirements for application for licence

- 10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:
- An electronic copy of application;
- An electronic copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration on tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the licence to carry out the licenced type of activity or information on the availability
 of a licence to carry out the licenced type of activity if such activity is related to the turnover
 of the goods for which licensing has been introduced;
- A copy of the contract for supplying of intermediary services (in the case if an intermediary is the applicant);
- Certificate of conformity or written notice of the manufacturer that the ozone-depleting substances and/or products containing ozone-depleting substances produced by it meet the requirements of the documents according to which they are manufactured;
- A copy of a valid certificate for cargo insurance.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 17
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilisation of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. Licensees are not permitted to trade in ozone depleting substances with non-Parties to the Montreal Protocol. Conditions may also apply to the purpose to which the imported substance is to be applied if its consumption has been approved for a specific purpose through the Montreal Protocol.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

 $^{^{17}}$ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.

16 CERTAIN TYPES OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS FOR WHICH A DECISION WAS MADE TO ESTABLISH A TARIFF QUOTA AND ISSUE A LICENSE

Outline of Systems

1. The system of the import licensing applies to certain types of agricultural products in accordance with Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Union No. 127 "On Setting of Tariff Rate Quotas in 2020 for Certain Types of Agricultural Goods Imported into the Customs Territory of the Eurasian Economic Union, as well as the Volumes of Tariff Quotas for Importation of These Goods into the Territories of the Member States of the Eurasian Economic Union" of 31 July 2019. (Common List of Goods that are Subject to Non-Tariff Measures in Trade with Third Countries, approved by Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 30 "On Measures of Non-Tariff Regulation" of 21 April 2015, Annex 2.27).

Purpose and Coverage of Licensing

2. The licensing system permits to regulate the import of meat at zero tariff rates.

Tariff line code(s) affected, based	Detailed Product Description
on HS (2012)	
0201 10 000 1	Meat of cattle, fresh or chilled
0201 20 200 1	
0201 20 300 1	
0201 20 500 1	
0201 20 900 1	
0201 30 000 4	
0202 10 000 1	Meat of cattle, frozen.
0202 20 100 1	
0202 20 300 1	
0202 20 500 1	
0202 20 900 1	
0202 30 100 4	
0202 30 500 4	
0202 30 900 4	
0203 11 100 1	Fresh, chilled or frozen pork
0203 11 900 1	
0203 12 110 1	
0203 12 190 1	
0203 12 900 1	
0203 19 110 1	
0203 19 130 1	
0203 19 150 1	
0203 19 550 1	
0203 19 590 1	
0203 19 900 1	
0203 21 100 1	
0203 21 900 1	
0203 22 110 1	
0203 22 190 1	
0203 22 900 1	
0203 29 110 1	
0203 29 130 1	
0203 29 150 1	
0203 29 550 1	
0203 29 550 2	
0203 29 590 1	
0203 29 900 1	
0203 29 900 2	
	Fresh, chilled or frozen meat and food by-products of
	poultry specified in the commodity item 0105:
0207 14 200 1	Frozen unboned halves or quarters of dressed chicken
0207 14 600 1	and frozen unboned chicken legs and chunks thereof
0207 13 100 1	Fresh or chilled home-made boned chicken meat
0207 14 100 1	Frozen home-made boned chicken meat
0207 27 100 1	Frozen boneless turkey meat

Tariff line code(s) affected, based on HS (2012)	Detailed Product Description
0207 27 300 1 0207 27 400 1 0207 27 600 1 0207 27 700 1	Frozen unboned turkey carcass parts
0207 11 100 1, 0207 11 300 1, 0207 11 900 1 0207 12 100 1, 0207 12 900 1, 0207 13 200 1 0207 13 300 1, 0207 13 400 1, 0207 13 500 1 0207 13 600 1, 0207 13 700 1, 0207 13 910 1 0207 13 990 1, 0207 14 300 1, 0207 14 400 1 0207 14 500 1, 0207 14 700 1, 0207 14 910 1 0207 14 990 1, 0207 24 100 1, 0207 24 900 1 0207 25 100 1, 0207 25 900 1, 0207 26 200 1 0207 26 300 1, 0207 26 400 1, 0207 26 800 1 0207 26 600 1, 0207 26 700 1, 0207 27 200 1 0207 27 500 1, 0207 27 800 1, 0207 27 910 1 0207 27 990 1, 0207 41 200 1, 0207 42 800 1 0207 27 990 1, 0207 42 300 1, 0207 42 800 1 0207 44 800 1, 0207 44 100 1, 0207 44 210 1 0207 44 310 1, 0207 44 100 1, 0207 44 510 1 0207 44 510 1, 0207 44 990 1, 0207 44 510 1 0207 45 510 1, 0207 45 310 1, 0207 45 100 1 0207 45 990 1, 0207 45 900 1, 0207 45 710 1 0207 45 990 1, 0207 45 900 1, 0207 45 950 1 0207 45 990 1, 0207 45 900 1, 0207 45 900 1 0207 52 100 1, 0207 52 900 1, 0207 54 310 1 0207 54 100 1, 0207 55 100 1, 0207 55 100 1 0207 55 930 1, 0207 55 100 1, 0207 55 900 1 0207 55 930 1, 0207 55 100 1, 0207 55 990 1 0207 55 930 1, 0207 55 710 1, 0207 55 990 1 0207 55 930 1, 0207 55 950 1, 0207 55 990 1 0207 60 610 1, 0207 60 810 1, 0207 60 910 1 0207 60 990 1	Fresh, chilled or frozen meat and food by-products of poultry specified in the commodity item 0105, not listed above
0404 10 120 1 0404 10 160 1	Certain types of milk whey and modified milk whey, in powder, granules or other solid species, without the addition of sugar or other sweetening matter
1006 30 670 1	Fully collapsed long grained rice with a length to width ratio of 3 or more
1006 30 980 1	Completely collapsed other long grained rice with a length-to-width ratio of 3 or more

- 3. The system applies to importers of controlled goods from all countries.
- 4. The use of import licences enables the Government to monitor the quantities of controlled goods imported.
- 5. The controls on the importation of goods specified in this category are statutory requirements under the legislation detailed below:
- Treaty on the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) of 29 May 2014;
- Annex No. 7 "Protocol on Non-Tariff Measures Concerning Third Countries" to the Treaty on the EAEU;
- Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Union No. 127 "On Setting of Tariff Rate Quotas in 2020 for Certain Types of Agricultural Goods Imported into the Customs Territory of the Eurasian Economic Union, as well as the Volumes of Tariff Quotas for Importation of These Goods into the Territories of the Member States of the Eurasian Economic Union" of 31 July 2019;
- Law of the Kyrgyz Republic on the licensing system in the Kyrgyz Republic of 19 October 2013 No. 195.

This system cannot be abolished without legislative approval.

Procedures

- 6.I. Relevant information on allocation of quotas and formalities of filing applications for licences is available at the Eurasian Economic Commission website (http://www.eurasiancommission.org/ru/act/trade/catr/nontariff/Pages/ep.new.aspx).
- II. The size of the quota determined on a yearly basis. Licences are issued for imports on a yearly basis. Import quota set by the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Union No. 102 "On Setting of Tariff Rate Quotas in 2021 for Certain Types of Agricultural Goods Imported into the Customs Territory of the Eurasian Economic Union, as well as the Volumes of Tariff Quotas for Importation of These Goods into the Territories of the Member States of the Eurasian Economic Union" of 18 August 2020; and by the Decision of the Collegium of the Eurasian Economic Union No. 102 "On Setting of Tariff Rate Quotas in 2022 for Certain Types of Agricultural Goods Imported into the Customs Territory of the Eurasian Economic Union, as well as the Volumes of Tariff Quotas for Importation of These Goods into the Territories of the Member States of the Eurasian Economic Union" of 17 August 2021.
- III. Not applicable.
- IV. From the time of announcing the opening of quotas, a period of at least 30 days is allowed for the submission of applications for licences.
- V. Applications for licences are processed within 15 working day.
- VI. Not applicable.
- VII. Licence applications are considered by one administrative body the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the Kyrgyz Republic.
- VIII. Licences are issued mainly on the basis of past performance. A portion of the quota is allocated to new importers. Applications are examined on receipt.
- IX-X. Export permits from exporting countries are not required.
- XI. No, licences are issued on condition that goods should be exported and not sold in the domestic market.
- 7. Not applicable.
- 8. Part II of the Appendix to Annex No. 7 "Rules of the Issuance of Licences and Permits to Export and/or Import Goods" to the EAEU Treaty establishes the grounds for refusing licences: (i) incomplete or inaccurate information in the documents submitted by the applicant to obtain a licence; (ii) non-compliance with the requirements stipulated in the Appendix to Annex No. 7 to the EAEU Treaty; (iii) termination or suspension of one or more documents that served as the basis for issuance of a licence; (iv) violation of international obligations of an EAEU member State, which may occur as a result of performance of the contract which requires a licence; (v) exhaustion of quota (in the case of registration of a licence for goods subject to quotas); and (vi) in cases established by the Commission.

The decision to refuse a licence has to be justified and presented by the authorized body to the applicant in writing.

Eligibility of Importers to Apply for License

9. All persons, firms and institutions are eligible to apply for licences.

Documentational and Other Requirements for Application for License

10. Application forms are available at: http://mineconom.gov.kg/ru/direct/13/74 with the application for licence:

- An electronic copy of application;
- An electronic copy of a foreign trade contract;
- A copy of document on registration on tax authority or a copy of document on the state registration;
- A copy of the licence to carry out the licenced type of activity or information on the availability
 of a licence to carry out the licenced type of activity if such activity is related to the turnover
 of the goods for which licensing has been introduced;
- A copy of the contract for supplying of intermediary services (in the case if an intermediary is the applicant);
- Certificate of conformity or written notice of the manufacturer that the ozone-depleting substances and/or products containing ozone-depleting substances produced by it meet the requirements of the documents according to which they are manufactured;
- A copy of a valid certificate for cargo insurance.
- 11. Upon importation, an importer must present standard customs documentation along with a valid licence.
- 12. The license application fee is 10 Monthly Calculated Indices for a legal entity and 5 MCI for an individual. 18
- 13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issue of licences.

Conditions of Licensing

- 14. Licences are valid for the licence period and cannot be extended.
- 15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a licence or a portion of a licence.
- 16. Licences are not transferable between importers.
- 17. There are no conditions attached to the issuance of a licence.

Other Procedural Requirements

- 18. There are no other administrative procedures, apart from import licensing required prior to importation.
- 19. Foreign exchange is automatically provided by the banking authorities for goods to be imported.

 $^{^{\}rm 18}$ The amount of one monthly calculated index is 100 soms.