NORWAY

Information Supplied in Respect of
VEGETABLE OILS AND OILSEEDS

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A. PRODUCTION: PRODUCTION MEASURES AND POLICIES

A.1. Statistical data on total volume of production

**PRODUCTION OF RAPESEED**

('000 metric tons)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1965</th>
<th>1966</th>
<th>1967</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>13.8</td>
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</table>

A.2. Trends in production and estimates for 1970

There has been a steady increase in the production of rapeseed, the only vegetable oilseed grown in Norway. According to available forecasts production in 1970 is expected to reach 20,600 metric tons.

A.3. Statistical data on carry-over stocks

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A.4. Factors affecting production

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A.5. Policies and measures of governments or other bodies likely to influence production, other than those listed under B

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B. PROTECTION AND SUPPORT MEASURES AND POLICIES

B.I. Internal support measures and policies

B.I.1. Inventory of the instruments of supports

B.I.2. Levels of guaranteed prices or support prices

B.I.3. Amount of producer subsidies

The prices paid to producers for rapeseed are fixed by the Parliament pursuant to the price negotiations between the Government and the producers' organizations. Both farm income and the possibility to have alternative productions for farmers growing mainly grains are considered by the settlement of rapeseed prices.

In the 1966/68 Agricultural Agreement the basic rapeseed price was settled as follows:

1967/68: Nkr 125 per 100 kgs., or
US$ 174.83 per metric ton.

The Cereal Monopoly, administered by the Norwegian Grain Corporation, controls the handling of rapeseed. (See also COM.AG/W/16/Add.2, pages 4-5.)

B.I.4. Average returns to producers

See B.I.3.

B.I.5. Method of determining returns for producers

See B.I.3.

B.II. Measures at the frontier

All imports of grains and other concentrate feeds, including oilseeds, are made by the Norwegian Grain Corporation, and are not subject to licensing or quota. For these products there are no customs duties (COM.AG/W/16/Add.2). Customs duties on most vegetable oils are Nkr 0.16 per kg. There are no other import regulations on vegetable oils.
C. CONSUMPTION AND INTERNAL PRICES

C.1. Statistical data on consumption

C.2. Trends in consumption and estimates for 1970

C.3. Retail and wholesale prices on major internal markets

The domestic prices in Norway are based on the level of import prices (including customs duties). Vegetable oilseeds for animal feeding stuffs are subject to a levy to be paid into the Feed Concentrate Fund. (See COM.AG/W/16/Add.2, pages 4-5.)

C.4. Factors which condition the evolution of internal consumption

C.5. Policies and measures affecting consumption
D. INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND PRICES

D.1. Statistical data on the volume of imports and exports

Imports of vegetable oilseeds and vegetable oils during the last three years have been as follows, in metric tons:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1965</th>
<th>1966</th>
<th>1967</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable oilseeds</td>
<td>169,600</td>
<td>199,600</td>
<td>200,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable oils</td>
<td>4,500</td>
<td>3,700</td>
<td>3,600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.2. Levels of export prices prevailing in various markets

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D.3. Export aid measures and policies

Exports are negligible and there are no export aid measures.

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D.4. Description of bilateral agreements affecting imports or exports

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