ARRANGEMENT REGARDING INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN TEXTILES

Notification transmitted under Articles 7 and 8

Bilateral agreement between the United States and Guatemala

The Textiles Surveillance body received a notification under Article 4 from the United States of a bilateral agreement concluded with Guatemala, for the period 1 January 1993 to 31 December 1994.¹

The TSB decided to forward the text of the notification to participating countries under Articles 7 and 8, as Guatemala had not, at the time of transmittal, accepted the 1993 Protocol maintaining in force the Arrangement.²

¹The previous agreement is contained in COM.TEX/SB/1159.

²For the TSB’s observation concerning this notification, see paragraph 24 of COM.TEX/SB/1910.

*English only/Anglais seulement/Inglés solamente
BILATERAL TEXTILE AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE UNITED STATES AND GUATEMALA

Agreement term

1. The term of this agreement will be the period from 1 January 1993 through 31 December 1994. Any changes resulting from any extension of the Multifibre Arrangement of any future Uruguay Round GATT agreement prior to the expiration of this agreement, shall be incorporated. Each "agreement period" or "agreement year" shall be a twelve-month period from 1 January, of a given year to 31 December of the same year.

Coverage of agreement and classification by fibre

2. The textiles and textile products covered by this agreement are those summarized in paragraph 3(D), as subject to amendment. The system of categories and the rates of conversion into square meters equivalent (SME) listed in paragraph 3(D), as subject to amendment, shall apply in implementing this agreement.

3. (a) Tops, yarns, piece goods, made-up articles, garments, and other textile manufactured products (being products which derive their chief characteristics from their textile components) of cotton, wool, man-made fibres or blends thereof, in which any or all of these fibres in combination represent the chief weight of the product, are subject to this agreement. Components of an article which are not considered relevant to the classification under the general rules of interpretation or the legal notes to Section XI of the Harmonized System are likewise to be disregarded here.

(b) For the purpose of this agreement, textile products covered by sub-paragraph (a) above shall be classified as:

(i) Man-made fibre textiles, if the product is in chief weight of man-made fibres, unless:

(a) the product is knitted or crocheted apparel in which wool equals or exceeds 23 per cent by weight of all fibres, in which case the product will be a wool textile; or

(b) the product is apparel, not knitted or crocheted, in which wool equals or exceeds 36 per cent by weight of all fibres; in which case the product will be a wool textile;

(c) the product is a woven fibre in which wool equals or exceeds 36 per cent by weight of all fibres, in which case the product will be a wool textile.

(ii) Cotton textiles, if not covered by (i) and if the product is in chief weight of cotton, unless the product is a woven fabric in which wool equals or exceeds 36 per cent by weight of all fibres, in which case the product will be a wool textile.

(iii) Wool textiles, if neither of the foregoing applies, and the product is in chief weight of wool.
(c) Coverage under this paragraph is intended to be identical with the terms of the Arrangement and in conformance with the 31 July 1986 Protocol of Extension. In the event of a question regarding whether a product is covered by this agreement by virtue of being in chief weight of cotton, wool, or man-made fibre the chief value of the fibres may be considered.

(d) For the purposes of this agreement, the following categories, as defined below, are covered by this agreement. If both countries agree to put new categories under quota, both parties shall amend this paragraph of the agreement and the Visa Arrangement as necessary to include additional categories.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category conversion</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Categories merged/agreement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Designation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>340</td>
<td>Men's &amp; boys' cotton shirts, not knit</td>
<td>340/640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>347</td>
<td>Men's &amp; boys' cotton trousers/ slacks/shorts</td>
<td>347/348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>348</td>
<td>Women's &amp; girls' cotton trousers/ slacks/shorts</td>
<td>347/348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>448</td>
<td>Women's &amp; girls' wool trousers/ slacks/shorts</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>640</td>
<td>Men's &amp; boys' mmf shirts, not knit</td>
<td>340/640</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Designated consultation levels

4. (a) The categories and products listed in Annex A as Designated Consultation Levels are those which the Government of Guatemala intends to export to the United States, which are not eligible for the Caribbean Basin Special Access Programme, and are subject to Designated Consultation Levels (DCL).

(b) If the Government of Guatemala wishes to export textile products to United States in excess of the applicable DCLs, the Government of Guatemala shall request higher levels. The Government of the United States shall consider such requests sympathetically. The Government of the United States shall respond promptly and make every effort to resolve the issue within 30 United States working days of the United States Government in Washington of the initial request. Until a mutually satisfactory change in the consultation level in question is established, shipments shall not exceed the existing DCL. If the Government of the United States is unable to comply fully with the request due to problems of market disruption, or the real risk thereof as described in Annex A of the Arrangement, in the category or product subject to such a request, the Government of the United States will so inform the Government of Guatemala. Either Government may request consultations to discuss such requests for DCL increases.
Specific limits

5. The categories and products listed in Annex B are those which the Government of Guatemala intends to export to the United States which are not eligible for the Caribbean Basin Special Trade Access Programme and are subject to specific limits.

Guaranteed Access Levels (GAL)

6. (a) The products and the categories listed as GALs in Annex C are those which the Government of Guatemala intends to export to the United States under the Caribbean Basic Textile Special Access Programme. These products, which will be:

- Assembled in Guatemala of United States-formed fabrics, cut in the United States for re-export to the United States under contracts governed by HTSUSA 9802.00.8010 OR

- Assembled in Guatemala of United States-formed fabric, cut in the United States and then subject to bleaching, acid washing, stonewashing, garment dyeing, or permapressing in Guatemala following assembly, for re-export to the United States under contracts governed by the statistical headnote under Chapters 61 and 62 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States annotated, as implemented by the Government of the United States requiring the use of the statistical prefix "H" are subject to the annual Guaranteed Access Levels specified in Annex C.

(b) If the Government of Guatemala wishes to apply for a new Guaranteed Access Level or to export textile products to the United States under the Caribbean Basic Textile Access Programme in excess of the existing GAL, the Government of Guatemala shall submit a request for a new or increased level. The Government of the United States shall consider such a request sympathetically and respond promptly within thirty United States working days of the receipt by the Government of the United States in Washington of the initial request. Among other factors, the Government of the United States will take into consideration export performance, current levels of exports, unused production capacity, expected new investment and the potential for market disruption, taking into account the US content of the product.

(c) If the Government of the United States fails to reply within 30 United States working days, the request of the Government of Guatemala becomes the new Guaranteed Access Level. If the Government of the United States is unable to comply fully with the request due to problems of market disruption, as described in Annex A of the Arrangement, or the real risk thereof, in the category or product subject to such request, the Government of the United States will so inform the Government of Guatemala within 30 United States working days. In this case, until a mutually satisfactory change in the GAL in question is established, shipments shall not exceed the existing GAL. The United States response will be supported by data which form the basis of the position it has taken. Either Government may request consultations to discuss such request for increases in GALs.
Other categories

7. Categories and products not listed in Annex A, B or C of this Agreement, as subject to amendment, are free of all restrictions at this time; however the Government of the United States and the Government of Guatemala reserve their rights in accordance with paragraph 23 of this agreement.

Flexibility adjustments

8. (a) The specific limits set out in Annex B do not include any adjustments permitted under paragraph 8.

(b) During any agreement period, the specific limits set out in Annex B may be increased by not more than 7 per cent swing provided that a corresponding reduction in square metres equivalent is made in one or more other specific limits during the same agreement period.

(c) No specific limit may be decreased pursuant to paragraph 8(b) to a level which is below the level of exports charged against that category’s limit for that agreement period.

(d) The Government of Guatemala shall indicate to the Government of the United States the specific limits it would like increased and those which it would like decreased by commensurate quantities in square metres equivalent.

Carryover and carry forward

9. (a) The extent to which any specific limit set out in Annex B may be exceeded in any agreement period by carry forward (borrowing a portion of the corresponding specific limit from the succeeding agreement period) and/or carryover (the use of any unused metreage (shortfall) of the corresponding specific limit for the previous agreement period) is 11 per cent, of which carry forward shall not constitute more than 6 per cent.

(b) Carryover and carry forward will be available for categories previously covered under Memoranda of Understanding dated 28 October 1989; 30 June 1992 and 14 December 1992. No carry forward shall be available for application in the final agreement period.

(c) For the purposes of the agreement, a shortfall occurs when exports of textiles or textile products of Guatemala to the United States during any agreement period are below any specific limit as set out in Annex B (or, in the case of any limit decreased pursuant to paragraphs 8 or 9, when such exports are below the limit as decreased).

(d) The Government of Guatemala will notify the Government of the United States when it wishes to use unused metreage (shortfall) available in categories for carryover, or for use by other categories for swing, subject to the provisions set out above. However, the Government of the United States may supply adjustments under this Section to any specific limit whenever that adjustment appears appropriate to facilitate the flow of trade and the sound administration of the Agreement. To the extent that such adjustments are actually utilized, they will be implemented by means of carryover and
carry forward, in that order. Any unused carry forward will be recredited to the following period's limit. This procedure will not prejudice the outcome of any consultations that may be held between our governments concerning the amounts of available carryover and carry forward.

Protection of rights

10. The introduction of changes (such as changes in practices, rules, procedures, categorization of textile products, including those changes relating to the Harmonized System) in the implementation or interpretation of bilateral textile agreements, which have the effect of upsetting the balance of rights and obligations between the parties concerned, or which affect the economic content of this bilateral agreement, or which affect the ability of a party to use or benefit fully from this bilateral agreement, or which disrupt trade, shall be avoided as far as possible. Where such changes are necessary, parties agree that the party initiating any such changes shall, wherever possible, inform and initiate consultations with the affected party prior to the time that such changes may affect the trade in question, with a view to reaching a mutually acceptable solution regarding appropriate and equitable adjustments. The parties further agree that where consultation prior to the implementation of any such changes is not feasible, the party initiating such changes will consult, as early as possible, with the affected party with a view to reaching a mutually satisfactory solution regarding appropriate and equitable adjustments. Any disruption under this provision may be referred to the Textile Surveillance Body, or other appropriate successor monitoring body, for recommendation.

Overshipment charges

11. (a) Products of Guatemala shipped in excess of authorized limits in any agreement period may be denied entry into the United States. Any such shipment denied may be permitted into the United States and charged to the applicable limit in the succeeding agreement period.

(b) Products of Guatemala shipped in excess of applicable limits in any agreement period will, if allowed entry into the United States during that agreement period, be charged to the applicable limit in the succeeding agreement period.

(c) The Government of the United States shall inform the Government of Guatemala of any charges as soon as possible.

(d) Any action taken pursuant to subparagraph 11(a) and 11(b) above, will not prejudice the rights of the other side regarding consultations.

Spacing provisions

12. The Government of Guatemala shall use its best efforts to space exports of its product to the United States within each category evenly throughout each agreement period, taking into consideration normal seasonal factors.

United States assistance in implementation of the limitation provisions

13. The Government of Guatemala shall administer its export control system under the agreement. The Government of the United States may assist the Government of Guatemala in implementing the limitation provisions of this agreement by controlling, by the date of export, imports of textiles and textile products covered by this agreement.
Correct category/quantity visa system

14. (a) The provisions of the visa arrangement will govern the licensing and/or certification of exports from Guatemala. Visas issued in a particular agreement year shall be valid only for textile and apparel products exported during that agreement year.

(b) The parties recognize that under the agreement the purchase of textiles and textile products to be delivered subject to the restrictions under the agreement implies that the delivery of goods will be accompanied by a valid visa.

Commercial samples and personal shipments

15. Properly marked commercial sample shipments, valued at $250.00 or less, and items for the personal use of the importer and not for resale, regardless of the value, need not be accompanied by an export visa and shall not be subject to the limits established under the agreement.

Exchange of information

16. Subject to domestic laws, at the request of the other government, each government agrees to supply any information within its possession reasonably believed to be necessary for the enforcement of this agreement.

Exchange of data


(b) The Government of Guatemala shall promptly supply the Government of the United States with data on monthly exports of cotton, man-made fibre, wool textiles and textile products of Guatemala to the United States.

(c) The Government of the United States and the Government of Guatemala agree to exchange namesake data via computer diskette as agreed in a previous technical letter.

Cooperation in the prevention of circumvention

18. (a) The Government of the United States and the Government of Guatemala shall cooperate to prevent circumvention of the agreement.

(b) Subject to domestic laws, the competent authorities of Guatemala shall cooperate with the competent authorities of the United States in ensuring that the agreement is not circumvented by transshipment, re-routing, misdescription, under-invoicing or by whatever means. To this end, the competent authorities of Guatemala and those of the United States shall assist each other:

(i) in securing documents, correspondence and reports considered relevant to investigations;

(ii) by providing for plant visits and inspections, whether by prior notification or impromptu, by authorized personnel; and
(iii) by facilitating personal interviews designed to ascertain needed facts.

Mutually satisfactory administrative arrangements

19. Mutually satisfactory administrative arrangements or adjustments may be made to resolve minor problems arising in the implementation of this agreement, including differences in points of procedure or operation.

Consultation on implementation questions

20. The Government of the United States and the Government of Guatemala each agree to consult, upon the request of the other, on any question arising in the implementation of this agreement.

Right to propose revisions to the agreement

21. The Government of the United States and the Government of Guatemala may at any time propose revisions to the terms of this agreement. Each agrees to consult promptly with the other about such proposals with a view to making such revisions to this agreement, or taking such other appropriate action as may be mutually agreed upon.

Consultations in case of inequity vis-a-vis a third country

22. If the Government of Guatemala considers that as a result of limits specified in this agreement, it is being placed in an inequitable position in relation to a third country, the Government of Guatemala may request consultations with the Government of the United States with a view to taking appropriate remedial actions, such as a reasonable modification of this agreement.

Reservation of rights

23. The Government of the United States and the Government of Guatemala each reserve their rights under the Arrangement with respect to textiles and textile products not subject to this agreement.

Right to terminate the agreement

24. Either government may terminate this agreement, effective at the end of an agreement period, by written notice to the other government, to be given at least 90 days prior to the end of such agreement period.

25. This agreement supersedes the Memoranda of Understanding currently in force between our two governments.

Signed this twentieth day of July 1993.

For the Government of the United States

For the Government of Guatemala
ANNEX A - Designated Consultation Levels

ANNEX B - Specific Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Growth Category Rate</th>
<th>Swing</th>
<th>Quota/Units</th>
<th>Quota/Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>340/640</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>1/1/93-31/12/93</td>
<td>1/1/94-31/12/94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>943,400 Dozen</td>
<td>1,000,004 Dozen</td>
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<tr>
<td>347/348</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>1,113,000 Dozen</td>
<td>1,179,780 Dozen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>41,873</td>
<td>42,292 Dozen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>448</td>
<td>7.0</td>
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</table>

ANNEX C - Guarantee Access Levels

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Quota/Units</th>
<th>Quota/Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>340/640</td>
<td>1/1/93-31/12/93</td>
<td>1/1/94-31/12/94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>347/348</td>
<td>520,000 Dozen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>448</td>
<td>1,000,000 Dozen</td>
<td>1,000,000 Dozen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>42,000 Dozen</td>
<td>42,000 Dozen</td>
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</tbody>
</table>