The Textiles Surveillance Body has received from Canada a notification of a bilateral agreement which has been concluded under Article 4 of the Arrangement between Canada and Sri Lanka, for a two and a half year period starting 1 July 1979.

The TSB, pursuant to its procedure regarding bilateral agreements notified under Article 4\(^1\), has examined the relevant documentation and is circulating the text of this agreement to participating countries for their information.

\(^1\) See COM.TEX/SB/35, Annex B.
MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA AND
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA
RELATING TO THE EXPORT FROM SRI LANKA OF CERTAIN TEXTILE
PRODUCTS FOR IMPORT INTO CANADA

Introduction

1. This Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) sets out the arrangement that has been agreed between the Government of Canada as represented by the Department of Industry, Trade and Commerce (hereinafter referred to as the Canadian authority) and the Government of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka as represented by the Department of Commerce (hereinafter referred to as the Sri Lankan authority) regarding the export of certain clothing products from Sri Lanka for import into Canada.

2. This arrangement has been made having regard to the Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Textiles (hereinafter referred to as "the ITA") and in particular to Article 4 thereof, and to the protocol extending the said Arrangement.

Coverage and restraint limits

3. During the time this arrangement is in force both of the parties agree that the export of the clothing products set out in Annex A to this MOU from Sri Lanka to Canada will be executed by the Sri Lankan authority within the mutually agreed quantitative limits.

4. For the purposes of classifying clothing products in the appropriate category, the definitions and notes set out in Annex A should apply.

Restraint periods

5. This arrangement shall be effective for two and a half calendar years starting on 1 July 1979 and ending on 31 December 1981. In this arrangement, there shall be two restraint periods, the first, eighteen months and the second, twelve months.

Administration

6. The parties agree that the quantitative limits established under this arrangement will be managed under a system of control, the details of which are set out in Annex B to this arrangement.

Swing

7. Subject to the specific limitations set out in Annex A, any quantitative limit shown therein may be exceeded by the percentage shown in column (e) thereof provided that an equivalent amount is deducted from any other quantitative limit shown therein.
8. For the purpose of implementing these swing provisions the conversion factors shown in column (d) of Annex A shall apply.

**Carryover - borrow/forward**

9. Following notification to the Canadian authority of the quantities involved, portions of any quantitative limit set out in Annex A which are not used during any restraint period may be carried over and added to the corresponding quantitative limit for the following restraint period within the higher percentage limit set out in column (f) of the Annex.

10. Any quantitative limit may be increased within the lower percentage limit set out in column (f) of Annex A by an amount advanced from the corresponding quantitative limit for the following restraint period. The quantitative limit for the following restraint period shall be reduced by an amount equal to the amount so advanced.

11. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the carryover and borrow-forward provisions may be used in combination only up to the higher percentage limit set out in column (f) of Annex A.

**Exchange of statistics**

12. The two parties agree to exchange all useful information concerning their mutual trade in clothing in order to ensure the successful implementation of this arrangement.

13. The Sri Lankan authority agrees to furnish the Canadian authority with precise statistical information, on a quarterly basis, of all export licences issued by them for all categories of clothing product exports to which this arrangement applies.

**Concentration**

14. The Sri Lankan authority shall endeavour to space out as evenly as possible over each of the restraint periods the exports of all clothing products for which quantitative limits may be established under this arrangement, due account being taken of seasonal factors.

**Consultation**

15. Each party agrees at the request of the other party to enter promptly into consultations with each other on any problems arising from the application of this arrangement.
16. Further, in view of the desire of both parties to avoid, on the one hand, real risks of market disruption in Canada and, on the other hand, disruption to the clothing trade of Sri Lanka, and having full regard to the need for equitable treatment of participating countries in the ITA, the following specific consultation procedures shall apply to the trade in clothing or textile products not specifically provided for in this arrangement.

17. The Canadian authority may request consultations with the Sri Lankan authority with a view to reaching agreement on an appropriate level of restraint for any clothing or textile products not specifically provided for in this arrangement whenever, in the view of the Canadian authority, conditions in the Canadian market are such that a limitation on further trade in any such clothing or textile products may be necessary to eliminate real risk of market disruption.

18. The Sri Lankan authority shall respond within a period of sixty days to such a request for consultations.

Equity

19. If, having regard to the provisions of the ITA, either party considers that it is being placed in an inequitable position in respect of trade in clothing products as compared with a third country, that party may seek consultations with the other with a view to taking appropriate remedial action.

Revisions and termination

20. Either party may at any time propose modifications to this arrangement or terminate it provided that notice of such proposal of termination is given to the other party at least ninety days before the expiry of any restraint period of this arrangement; in the event of a notice to terminate, the arrangement will come to an end at the expiry of the restraint period in which the notice is given.

Handloom products

21. With reference to Article 12(3) of the ITA, this agreement shall not apply to bona fide handmade clothing of handloomed fabric as defined in Annex C or to bona fide batik fabrics or clothing products as defined in Annex D, when accompanied on importation by a certificate validated by the competent Sri Lankan authorities. A sample certificate is contained in Annex C and Annex D.
22. Either Government may request consultations in respect to any aspect of the trade in such handloom products whenever it considers such consultations necessary. Consultations will begin within sixty days of the request of such consultations with a view to reaching a mutually acceptable conclusion within one month at the latest.

Final provisions

23. Annexes A, B, C and D to this arrangement and letters of exchange between the two parties shall form an integral part thereof.

24. This Memorandum of Understanding will become effective on an exchange of notes between the two Governments confirming their acceptance of this arrangement and will apply for the period 1 July 1979 to 31 December 1981.
ANNEX A

Description of Product

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(b) Description of Product</th>
<th>(c) Restraint Level</th>
<th>(d) Conversion Factor</th>
<th>(e) Saving</th>
<th>(f) Carryover/Borrow Forward</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shirts with tailored collars, men's and boys', wholly or mainly by weight of cotton, man-made fibres or wool, or blends thereof, knitted or woven, being garments covering the upper part of the body normally worn next to the skin or directly over underwear and with a full or partial front opening which may include a zipper. Included are all men's and boys' shirts meeting this description whether exported separately or as part of a set.</td>
<td>July 1, 1979 to December 31, 1980 459,000 units</td>
<td>2.10</td>
<td>7 1/2</td>
<td>11 1/2 (6 1/2)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Footnotes:

(1) A "tailored collar" consists of one or more pieces of material which are cut and sewn or cut and fused and designed with two pointed or rounded ends.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description of Product</th>
<th>Restraint Level</th>
<th>Conversion Factor</th>
<th>Swing</th>
<th>Carryover/Borrow Forward</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jackets, men's, boys', women's, girls', children's and infants', wholly or mainly by</td>
<td>July 1, 1979 to December 31, 1980</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td>7½</td>
<td>11½ (6½)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>weight of cotton, man-made fibres, or wool, or blends thereof.</td>
<td>465,000 units</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Jackets are outerwear garments covering the upper part of the body not extending to</td>
<td>January 1, 1981 to December 31, 1981</td>
<td>341,000 units</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>the knee, including woven ponchos, vests, boleros.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Partially manufactured garments, i.e. garments which have been cut and sewn, or otherwise assembled, but which require further manufacture or processing, are also included in all the foregoing items, and are to be counted against the item number of the end product.

2. Garments of indeterminate gender, including unisex garments, are to be counted as of male gender.

3. Swing is permitted from adult sizes to children's and infants' sizes (0-6X) at a 3 to 5 ratio.

4. The restraint limits in column (c) may not be increased by more than 15 per cent by the combined use of swing, carryover and borrow-forward.
ANNEX B

Agreed Details of Control System

As agreed between the parties to this arrangement, the administration of exports from Sri Lanka and imports into Canada of those clothing products set out in Annex A will be based on a system of control applied by the Sri Lankan authority and the Canadian authority. The details of the said system of control are set out below.

The Canadian authority will accept imports of clothing products referred to above on submission of the importer's application together with a certified copy of the export licence issued by the Sri Lankan authority.

All shipments valued at less than $250 (Canadian) f.o.b. do not require an export licence.

The export licences issued by the Sri Lankan authority in respect of products subject to restraint under this arrangement shall specify and contain:

1. destination
2. serial number
3. importer's name and address
4. exporter's name and address
5. category and description of product
6. quantity in the units as designated in the arrangement
7. certification by the Sri Lankan authority that the quantity has been debited against the agreed ceiling for exports to Canada.

The Canadian authority will not raise difficulties in the event of a discrepancy between the units indicated in the export licence and the shipment or import units provided it is within reasonable limits.

The Canadian authority will deny entry to any shipment if any discrepancy exists between the actual product received and the product indicated on the export licence.

In the event of total or partial withdrawal of an export licence, the Sri Lankan authority will notify the Canadian authorities of such total or partial withdrawal. The Canadian authority will take the appropriate measures in accordance with existing administrative provisions.

The Sri Lankan authority will supply the Canadian authority with the periodic returns provided for in Article 13 of this arrangement showing the details referred to in (5) and (6) above, covered by the export licences issued against the quantitative limits for exports to Canada for all categories of clothing exported to Canada.
ANNEX C

1. The exemption provided for in paragraph 21 of this MDU in respect of cottage industry products shall apply only to the following products:

(a) garments or other textile articles of a kind traditionally made in the cottage industry, having been cut, sewn and embroidered if applicable solely by hand from handloom textile fabrics without the aid of any machine. Handloom textile fabrics are fabrics which have been woven on looms operated solely by hand or foot and are of a kind traditionally made in the cottage industry.

2. The exemption shall apply only in respect of products covered by a certificate issued by the competent Sri Lankan authorities conforming to the specimen attached to this Annex.

3. Such certificates shall indicate the grounds on which the exemption is based and shall be accepted by Canadian authorities provided that they are satisfied that the products concerned conform to the conditions set out in this Annex.
1. Exporter (name, full address)

2. Importer (name, full address)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country of Origin</th>
<th>Country of Destination</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

6. Place and date of shipment - Means of transport

7. Supplementary details

8. Marks and numbers - Number and kind of packages - DESCRIPTION OF GOODS

9. Quantity

10. FOB Value

Certification by the competent authority

I, the undersigned, certify that the consignment described above includes only the following textile products of the cottage industry of the country shown in box No.1:

- Handloom textile fabrics, being fabrics woven on looms operated solely by hand or foot of a kind traditionally made in the cottage industry.
- Garments or other textile articles, of a kind traditionally made in the cottage industry, having been cut, sewn and embroidered, if applicable, solely by hand from handloom textile fabrics as described above without the aid of any machine.

Competent authority (name, full address, country)
ANNEX D

Batik Fabrics and Products

1. The exemption provided for in paragraph 21 of this MOU in respect of batik fabrics and clothing products shall apply only to items in which the batik fabric is produced by the traditional handicraft batik process. This process involves the following three operations, carried out by hand, for each of the colours or shades applied to the fabric:

(a) Waxing. (Application of wax by hand to the fabric.)

(b) Dyeing/Painting. (Application of colour either by the traditional cottage method of dyeing or hand-painting.)

(c) Dewaxing. (Boiling the fabrics to remove the wax.)

2. This exemption shall apply to batik fabrics, and clothing products as described in paragraph 1 above, irrespective of the method of manufacture.

3. The exemption shall apply only in respect of products covered by a certificate issued by the competent Sri Lankan authorities conforming to the specimen attached to this Annex.

4. Such certificates shall indicate the grounds on which the exemption is based and shall be accepted by Canadian authorities provided that they are satisfied that the products concerned conform to the conditions set out in this Annex.
<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Exporter (name, full address)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>CERTIFICATE in regard to Batik Fabrics and clothing items</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Importer (name, full address)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Country of Origin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Country of Destination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Place and date of shipment—Means of transport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Supplementary details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Marks and numbers—Number and kind of packages — DESCRIPTION OF GOODS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>FOB Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Certification by the competent authority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I, the undersigned, certify that the consignment described above includes only the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>following products of the batik industry of the country shown in Box No.4:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Batik fabrics or clothing items in which the traditional handicraft batik process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>is used; that is in which the fabric is waxed, dyed or painted, and dyed or painted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>by hand for each of the colours or shades.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Competent authority (name, full address, country)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>At __________________ On ___________________</td>
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</tbody>
</table>