SUBJECT: SCHEDULE XX - UNITED STATES; CONSULTATIONS UNDER ARTICLE XIX
EXTENSION OF TIME LIMIT IN ARTICLE XIX:3(a)

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ACTION TAKEN BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT ON
29 NOVEMBER 1957 INCREASING UNDER THE TERMS OF ARTICLE XIX OF THE GENERAL
AGREEMENT THE RATE OF DUTY ON SAFETY PINS (L/624/A2.1) THE
GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED KINGDOM HAS INFORMED THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
THAT IT WISHES TO ENTER INTO CONSULTATIONS WITH A VIEW TO REACHING AGREEMENT
ON COMPENSATION.

IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT SUCH CONSULTATIONS WILL NOT BE COMPLETED IN
TIME FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED KINGDOM TO AVAIL ITSELF IN THE EVENT
OF FAILURE OF THE CONSULTATIONS OF ITS RIGHT TO SUSPEND EQUIVALENT OBLIGATIONS
OR CONCESSIONS PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 3(a) OF ARTICLE XIX THE GOVERNMENT OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM HAS REQUESTED AN EXTENSION OF THE TIME LIMIT PRESCRIBED
IN ARTICLE XIX:3(a).

ACCORDINGLY THE FOLLOWING DRAFT DECISION IS BEING CIRCULATED TO ALL
CONTRACTING PARTIES WITH THE REQUEST THAT THEY SUBMIT THEIR VOTE BY 4 APRIL 1958
AT THE LATEST.

DECISION EXTENDING THE TIME LIMIT IN ARTICLE XIX:3(a) FOR
NOTIFICATION BY CONTRACTING PARTIES OF ANY SUSPENSION OF
OBLIGATIONS OR CONCESSIONS IN CONNEOXION WITH THE INCREASE
IN THE UNITED STATES DUTIES ON SAFETY PINS
UNDER ARTICLE XIX.

CONSIDERING that on 29 November 1957 the Government of the United States
took action under Article XIX to raise the rates of duty on safety pins bound under item No. 350 in Schedule XX,

CONSIDERING that the United States Government is consulting with other
contracting parties in respect of this action with a view to reaching agreement
on compensation, and

CONSIDERING that the said consultations will not have been completed in
time for a government to avail itself, in the event of failure of the con-
sultation, of its right to suspend equivalent obligations or concessions
pursuant to paragraph 3(a) of Article XIX,

The CONTRACTING PARTIES

DECEDE that the ninety-day period prescribed in Article XIX:3(a) shall
begin to run as from the date of the completion of any such consultations.

E. WYNDHAM WHITE