REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF TRADE RELATIONS WITH POLAND

Information Supplied by Governments

Addendum

In addition to those reproduced in L/1753, communications in response to the request made in L/1736 have now been received from the Governments of Austria and the Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland. These are reproduced in the following pages.
AUSTRIA

(a) Trade between Austria and Poland is conducted in accordance with a bilateral agreement between the two countries. In order to establish conditions conducive to the steady expansion of this trade the two parties have agreed to make this agreement of a long-term nature. The agreement currently in force is valid for three years.

This agreement provides opportunities for deliveries of a great variety of Polish products and in particular consumer goods so as to take account of the structure of Poland's export interests. Trade under this agreement resulted in 1960 in a surplus in favour of Poland amounting to 287 million Austrian schillings. During the first nine months of 1961 there was again a trade balance in Poland's favour.

(b) The problems arising from the trading relations between Poland and Austria have been examined several times in a joint governmental committee. The purpose of the consultations in this committee was to ensure expansion of reciprocal trading relations.

RHODESIA AND NYASALAND

Following consultations initiated by the Polish Government, the Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland has revised, with effect from 26 February 1962, its import licensing treatment of goods originating in Poland.

(a) Licences will be issued without monetary limit in accordance with subsections 1 and 2 hereunder:

1. Items for which import licences will be issued on a selective basis for:
   (i) types not substitutable for domestic products, and
   (ii) quantities to satisfy requirements in excess of domestic production.

   Agricultural machinery
   Bicycle parts and accessories
   Butter (freedom to tender)
   Carbide
   Carbon paper
   Caplines (hoods)
   Chemicals, other than drugs and pharmaceuticals for dispensing shown in 2
   Electrical machinery and apparatus
   Electrical household appliances
   Haberdashery
Leather manufactures
Leather
Locks and padlocks
Mining and industrial machinery
Newsprint
Paraffin
Piece goods for industrial use and for convertors
Paper for making up into exercise books

2. Items for which import licences will usually be issued upon application:

Ammunition
Beer, wines and spirits, including brandy
Cotton thread
Drawing instruments
Drugs and pharmaceuticals for dispensing (approved by the Ministry of Health)
Dyestuffs
Electric and fluorescent lamps
Electric meters
Firearms
Fire engines and fire apparatus and appliances
Fish, tinned
Footballs and adaptors (pump)
Fountain pen ink
Glass, window
Glassware table and laboratory
Hand tools
Hessian piece goods
Horse shoe nails
Insulators of porcelain or glass
Jute grain bags
Lead crystals
Machine tools
Medical instruments
Motorcycles
Motor scooters
Musical instruments (excluding mouth organs)
Oil cloth
Ornamental porcelainware
Pencils, lead and colour
Piece goods of nylon or other synthetic fibres not containing rayon or spun rayon
Photographic paper and films including X-ray
Railway rolling stock (freedom to tender)
Salt
Scales and balances
Sporting and athletic goods
Telephone apparatus
Timber, unmanufactured coniferous
Toys, including dolls
Water colour paints
Water pumps
(b) Licences will be issued for direct import into the Federation of the following goods for over the counter sales, during the period ending 30 June 1962, up to the value of £100,000.

Piece goods: wool (excluding worsted), cotton corduroy, cotton prints, cotton poplin, and all rayon piece goods except those dyed or bleached, or in a loom state:

- if in a drill, twill, sateen or satin weave
- or if in a plain-weave, except poplin.

The Federation has reserved the right at any time, to vary the treatment accorded to any goods listed above, where prejudice is threatened to domestic industry.

Statistics of the Federation's trade with Poland during 1961 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>1961 Value £</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Imports</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Articles of food</td>
<td>1,814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton fabrics</td>
<td>36,743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rayon and other fabrics</td>
<td>68,870</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medicinal products</td>
<td>1,468</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other products</td>
<td>1,584</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>110,489</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Exports**                      |              |
| Hides, wet                       | 50,020       |
| Hides, dry                       | 11,082       |
| Asbestos                         | 152,589      |
| Copper blister                   | 384,852      |
| Copper, electrolytic and wire bar| 327,833      |
| Copper cathodes                  | 165,224      |
| **Total**                        | 1,091,600    |