BRAZILIAN COMPENSATORY CONCESSIONS

Proposal by the Delegations of the United Kingdom and the United States

At the meeting of the CONTRACTING PARTIES on 24 September, the delegations of the United Kingdom and the United States drew the attention of the contracting parties to the fact that certain concessions negotiated by Brazil at the time of the Third Session at Annecy had not been made effective by the Government of Brazil. The representative of Brazil offered to consult his Government, and he hoped that he would be able to report satisfactorily before the end of the Session. It is now understood that the Brazilian delegation have not yet received an assurance from their Government that the concessions in question will be made effective in the near future, and therefore it is proposed that the CONTRACTING PARTIES should adopt the following resolution:

DRAFT RESOLUTION OF OCTOBER 1953 CONCERNING
THE ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE COMPENSATORY CONCESSIONS NEGOTIATED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BRAZIL IN 1949

CONSIDERING that the Government of Brazil has not yet given effect to the compensatory concessions in respect of oat flour, domestic earthenware, tetraethyl and automotive parts, agreed in negotiations with the Governments of the United Kingdom and the United States, which, as modifications of Schedule III, were incorporated in the First Protocol of Modifications which was signed by Brazil on 13 August 1949,

THE CONTRACTING PARTIES

URGE the Government of Brazil to give effect to these concessions without delay and to report as early as possible on the action taken.