PRESENTATION OF TRADE AND TARIFF DATA

Suggestion by the European Communities

For the tariff as a whole, the three stages of processing, the twenty-three product categories and the 119 sub-categories.

1. Percentages of tariff lines and m.f.n. imports at rates of:
   - 0.1 to 3 per cent
   - 3.1 to 5 per cent
   - 5.1 to 15 per cent
   - more than 15 per cent
   - " 20 per cent

2. Examination and test of various reduction scales depending on the initial level of the duty.

   E.g. Duties of 0.1 to 5 per cent: reduction of 20 per cent
   
   5.1 to 10 per cent: reduction of 30 per cent
   10.1 to 15 per cent: reduction of 40 per cent
   15.1 to 20 per cent: reduction of 50 per cent
   20.1 to 25 per cent: reduction of 60 per cent
   25.1 to 30 per cent: reduction of 70 per cent

   It would be necessary to round off the duties resulting from these reduction scales, and in addition to avoid any "inter-crossing" of duties.

3. Calculation of simple arithmetic mean of averages No. 1 of the ten tariffs and of the standard deviation, and listing of percentages of tariff lines and m.f.n. imports:

   - falling between 0.1 per cent and the simple arithmetic mean minus the standard deviation (point A)
- falling between point A and the simple arithmetic mean
- falling between the simple arithmetic mean and that mean plus the standard deviation (point B)
- situated beyond point B

4. Percentages of tariff lines and m.f.n. imports:
- falling between 0.1 per cent and one half of world average No. 1 (point X)
- falling between point X and the world average
- falling between the world average and twice the world average (point Y)
- situated beyond point Y.