1. At its meeting on 10 July 1981, the Working Party agreed that the secretariat, with the co-operation of the EC and other interested delegations, would endeavour to prepare an inventory of relevant measures affecting both agricultural and industrial products operated by Greece immediately prior to its accession to the EC and by the EC of Ten. It was further agreed that the secretariat would also prepare a technical note dealing with the approach that might be used for the establishment on the basis of the inventory of an indication of the incidence of these measures and the establishment of developments in the application of these measures (Spec(81)36/Rev.1, paragraph 22).

2. The inventory of measures affecting agricultural and industrial products operated by Greece immediately prior to and after its accession to the EC based on materials supplied by the Commission of the European Communities is contained in document Spec(81)43.

3. A note submitted by the delegation of Romania which relates to the same subject is contained in document Spec(81)43/Add.1.

4. Members of the Working Party may wish to examine this inventory and to take note of the range of measures, notably of a non-tariff type, which are covered. In this connexion, the Working Party may wish to consider how far the information supplied and the range of measures covered provide an adequate basis for the examination by the Working Party as required by its terms of reference.

5. It will be noted that the inventory identifies a range of individual non-tariff measures but does not give details with respect to these matters such as, for example, the rates of import deposit or stamp tax applied by Greece prior to accession or the size of the global quotas applied after accession.

6. The specific incidence of a duty or other regulation of commerce depends evidently on the values or amounts involved. If such details are not available it will not be possible for the secretariat to pronounce on the feasibility of assessing the general incidence of the duties and other regulations of commerce applicable in the constituent territories prior to and after accession of Greece as envisaged by the Working Party at its last meeting.
7. Insofar as import quotas are concerned, it should be noted that an assessment of their restrictive incidence may require information not only on the size of the quota but also notably on the differences between the world market price and the domestic price of the product.

8. With respect to the information supplied on variable levies, the secretariat would be prepared to make a statement at the meeting of the Working Party on the possibility of calculating the ad valorem incidence of these measures.