Textiles Surveillance Body

ARRANGEMENT REGARDING INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN TEXTILES

Notification under Article 4:4

Bilateral Agreement between Norway and Poland

Note by the Chairman

Attached is a notification received from Norway of a bilateral agreement concluded with Poland for the period 1 January 1985 to 31 December 1987.

1 In its notification under Article 2:1 (COM.TEX/SB/1007), Norway had notified bilateral quotas on imports of certain products from Poland. The TSB was informed during the review of this notification that Norway had concluded a bilateral agreement with Poland.

* English only/Anglais seulement/Inglés solamente
Dear Ambassador Raffaelli,

I have the honour to forward to you the attached notification to the Textiles Surveillance Body of a bilateral agreement between Norway and Poland relating to exports of certain textile products for imports into Norway.

Yours sincerely,

Johan Iversen

H.E. Ambassador M. Raffaelli
Chairman
Textiles Surveillance Body
GATT
Geneva
SHORT REASONED STATEMENT

Pursuant to Article 4:4 of the Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Textiles as extended by the 1981 Protocol, I am pleased to notify the Textiles Surveillance Body of the conclusion of a bilateral agreement between Norway and Poland, cf. COM.TEX/27/Add.12 of 10 July 1984.

This agreement covers the period from 1 January 1985 to 31 December 1987. It was signed in Oslo on 6 December 1984. The agreement has been reached for the purpose of avoiding further market disruption or risks thereof in Norway, while ensuring an orderly development of Poland's exports to Norway.

The product categories are clothing and three made-up articles. Out of the 22 categories covered by the Agreement, 10 are under quota restrictions and the remaining 12 items are subject to an administrative system of surveillance. 8 of the 10 categories under restraint were until 1 July 1984 covered by the Norwegian global quota system previously notified under Art. XIX of the GATT. During the period 1 July 1984 to 31 December 1984, these restraints were maintained on the basis of MFA's Article 2:1, cf. COM.TEX/SB/1007.

Concerning base levels for the restrained items,
account has been taken of the restraint levels in the former bilateral agreement between Norway and Poland, as well as the level of Norwegian imports from Poland of the restrained items in the past few years, cf. MFA's Annex B, paragraph 1 (c). (The Norwegian request for consultations was submitted at the end of August 1984.)

As to the flexibility provisions in the agreement as well as the rates of growth, account was taken of Annex B of the Arrangement and paragraph 11 of the 1981 Protocol.

The situation for the Norwegian textiles and clothing industries is difficult. The level of production of clothing (excl. knitwear) and the number of persons employed in this sector have been reduced to less than half during the period of 1973-1983. In 1980 the production of clothing (excl. knitwear) was more than 30 per cent higher than in 1983. Production and employment in the textiles and knitwear sectors have also declined continuously after 1980.

Imports of clothing (SITC 84) have increased substantially during the past few years, reaching a share of total domestic supply of 74% (in value terms) in 1982. The volume of imports in 1982 was two thirds higher than in 1974. After a small
decline in volume in 1983, due to weaker demand, total imports have in 1984 increased by 18% in value. In fact, Norway has the world's highest net imports per capita of textiles and clothing.

For Norway, being a small market with an exceptionally high level of import penetration and thus a low domestic production, the maintenance of a minimum viable production is of vital importance.
AGREEMENT BETWEEN

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE KINGDOM OF NORWAY

AND

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE POLISH PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC

RELATING TO THE EXPORTS FROM POLAND OF CERTAIN
TEXTILE PRODUCTS FOR IMPORTS INTO NORWAY
Preamble

RECOGNIZING the great importance of production and trade in textile products of wool, man-made fibres and cotton for the economies of many countries, and their particular importance for the economic and social development of developing countries and for the expansion and diversification of their export earnings, and conscious also of the special importance of trade in textile products of cotton for many developing countries;

RECOGNIZING further the tendency for an unsatisfactory situation to exist in world trade in textile products and that this situation, if not satisfactorily dealt with, could work to the detriment of countries participating in trade in textile products, whether as importers or exporters, or both, adversely affect prospects for international co-operation in the trade field, and have unfortunate repercussions on trade relations generally;

NOTING that this unsatisfactory situation is characterized by the proliferation of restrictive measures, including discriminatory measures, that are inconsistent with the principles of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade and also that, in some importing countries, situations have arisen which, in the view of these countries, cause or threaten to cause disruption of their domestic markets;
DESIRING to take co-operative and constructive action, within a multilateral framework, so as to deal with the situation in such a way as to promote on a sound basis the development of production and expansion of trade in textile products and progressively to achieve the reduction of trade barriers and the liberalization of world trade in these products;

RECOGNIZING that, in pursuit of such action, the volatile and continually evolving nature of production and trade in textile products should be constantly borne in mind and the fullest account taken of such serious economic and social problems as exist in this field in both importing and exporting countries, and particularly in the developing countries;

RECOGNIZING further that such action should be designed to facilitate economic expansion and to promote the development of developing countries possessing the necessary resources, such as materials and technical skills, by providing larger opportunities for such countries, including countries that are, or that may shortly become, new entrants in the field of textile exports to increase their exchange earnings from the sale in world markets of products which they can efficiently produce;

RECOGNIZING that future harmonious development of trade in textiles particularly having regard to the needs of
developing countries, also depends importantly upon matters outside the scope of this Arrangement, and that such factors in this respect include progress leading both to the reduction of tariffs and to the maintenance and improvement of schemes of generalized preferences, in accordance with the Tokyo Declaration;

DETERMINED to have full regard to the principles and objectives of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade and, in carrying out the aims of this Arrangement, effectively to implement the principles and objectives agreed upon in the Tokyo Declaration of Ministers dated 14 September 1973 concerning the Multilateral Trade Negotiations;

Introduction

1. This Agreement sets out the arrangements that have been made between the Government of the Kingdom of Norway and the Government of the Polish People's Republic regarding the exports of certain textile products from Poland for imports into Norway.

2. These arrangements have been made having regard to the Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Textiles, (hereinafter referred to as "the MFA") as extended by the Protocol of 22.12.1981, bearing in mind particularly the
provisions of Article 1:2 and Article 4 of the MFA.

Coverage

3. These arrangements apply to Poland’s export to Norway of the textile products listed in Annex A to this Agreement as per Article 12 of the MFA, when these are made of cotton, wool or man-made fibres, or blend thereof, in which any, or all of those fibres in combination represent either the chief value of the fibres or 50 per cent or more by weight (or 17 per cent or more by weight of wool) of the product.

Classification

4. For the purpose of classifying textile products in the appropriate category, the definitions set out in Annex A will apply.

5. In case of divergent opinions between the competent Norwegian and Polish authorities on the classification of products covered by this Agreement, consultations as provided for in Article 15 of this Agreement shall be held with a view to reaching agreement on the appropriate classification of the products concerned and to resolving any difficulties arising therefrom. For this purpose, the Polish authorities shall be informed by the competent Norwegian authorities
as soon as a case of divergent opinions on the classification of products arises.

Pending agreement on the appropriate classification and in order to avoid disruption of trade, the products in question shall be imported on the basis of the classification indicated by the competent Norwegian authorities at the point of entry, in conformity with the provisions of this Agreement.

Restraint levels

6. For products listed in Annex B to this Agreement, Poland shall for each restraint period during the term of this Agreement restrain its exports to Norway to the limits set out in Annex B, or the limits modified as provided for in various articles of this Agreement.

Flexibility provisions

7. Following notification to and statistical verification by the Government of Norway of the quantities involved, portions of any restraint level set out in Annex B which are not used during the restraint period, may be carried over and added to the corresponding level for the following restraint period. The restraint level for any such restraint period
can be increased within the limit of 8 per cent.

Following notification to and statistical verification by the Government of Norway of the quantities involved any restraint level may be increased within the limit of 3.5 per cent by an amount advanced from the corresponding restraint level for the following restraint period. The restraint level for any such following restraint period will be reduced by an amount equal to the amount so advanced.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the carry-over and carry-forward provisions may be used in combination only up to the limit of 8 per cent.

The statistical verification referred to above shall be completed not later than 10 working days from the date of the receipt of the notification.

**Products covered by the Agreement without restraint levels**

8. Imports of textile products covered by this Agreement which are not subject to quantitative limits shall be subject to a system of administrative control. These products will be subject to a dual system of export and
import licensing.

When import licences of a product listed in Annex A not subject to quota restraint have been issued up to a level corresponding to 1 1/2% of the preceding year’s total imports into Norway of that product, and the imports cause or threaten to cause market disruption as defined in Annex A of the MFA, the Norwegian Government may request consultations in order to establish a quantitative limit for the product concerned.

Pending a mutually acceptable solution through this consultation, the Norwegian Government may fix a quantitative limit at the volume reached by imports of the product in question in the twelve-month period preceding notification.

Administration
9. Exports from Poland to Norway of textile products listed in Annex B shall be subject to a double-checking system of export and import licensing as specified in Annex C of the Agreement.
Both parties agree to cooperate fully in dealing with problems relating to circumvention of the arrangements set out in this Agreement.

When information available to the Norwegian authorities indicates that products of Polish origin listed in Annex B to this Agreement have been imported into Norway by transshipment, rerouting or otherwise, in circumvention of the arrangements set out in this Agreement, the Government of Norway may ask for consultations as provided for in Article 15 of this Agreement, with a view to agree on an appropriate solution.

If the parties fail to reach a mutually satisfactory solution within a period of 51 days from the date when the request for consultations was received, the Norwegian authorities may, if solid evidence of circumvention has been provided, and pending the outcome of the consultations, carry out an appropriate adjustment of the restraint level for the product concerned, for the current or the following calendar year.

Seasonal fluctuations

11. The Government of the Polish People's Republic will endeavour to ensure by way of issuing
export licenses that exports of textile products covered by this Agreement and subject to restraint levels are spaced out as evenly as possible each calendar year, due account being taken of normal seasonal factors.

Rules of origin

12. The origin of the products covered by this Agreement shall be determined in accordance with the rules in force in Norway and the procedures for control of the origin of the products set out in Annex C.

Any change in these rules shall be notified to the Polish authorities.

Re-exports

13. Exports from Poland to Norway of textile products covered by this Agreement shall not be subject to the restraint levels established in Annex B, provided that the export licence certifies that the products concerned are for re-export outside Norway.

Where the competent Norwegian authorities have evidence that products exported from Poland and set off by Poland against a restraint level established in Annex B have been subsequently re-exported outside Norway, the Norwegian
authorities shall notify the Government of the Polish People's Republic of the quantities involved. Upon receipt of such notification, the Government of the Polish People's Republic may authorize exports for the current calendar year of identical quantities of products within the same category, which shall not be set off against the quantitative limits established in Annex B.

Exchange of statistics

14. For all products covered by Annex B of this Agreement the Government of the Polish People's Republic will provide the Government of Norway with quarterly statistics of all export licences issued by the authorities for each category for the current restraint period.

The Government of Norway will provide the Government of the Polish People's Republic with quarterly statistics of total imports and licences issued for imports from Poland of all categories covered by this Agreement for the current restraint period.

Each report shall be transmitted before the end of the second month following the quarter covered by the report.
both parties undertake to supply promptly any
other pertinent statistical information on the
products covered by this Agreement when requested
by the other party.

Consultations

15. The Government of Norway and the Government
of the Polish People's Republic agree to consult
at the request of either government, on any
question arising in the application of this
Agreement.

Any request for consultations shall be notified
in writing to the other party together with a
statement explaining the reasons and circumstances
that led to the request.

The parties shall enter into consultations
within 21 days at the latest from when the
request was made, with a view to arriving at
a mutually satisfactory conclusion in conformity
with the provisions of the MFA within a further
30 days at the latest.

Other textile products

16. Both parties reserve their rights under the
MFA with respect to textile products not covered
by this Agreement.
General

17. The present Agreement shall enter into force upon signature, but not earlier than 1 January 1985.

The Agreement shall apply with effect from 1 January 1985 until 31 December 1987, unless this is changed by application of the provisions of Article 18 of this Agreement.

18. Either party may at any time propose modifications to this Agreement. Such proposals shall lead to consultations in accordance with the procedures outlined in Article 15.

Either party may at any time denounce this Agreement provided that at least 60 days' notice is given. In that event the Agreement shall come to an end on the expiry of the period of notice.
The Annexes to this Agreement shall be considered as an integral part thereof.

Done at Oslo on 6 December 1984 in English in duplicate, both text being equally authentic.

For the Government of the Kingdom of Norway

For the Government of the Polish People's Republic
ANNEX A:

Product Categories Covered by the Agreement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category/Number</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1.              | Pieces | Outer garments of woven material, men's, boys', women's, girls':
|                 |       | - Jackets: Tailored jackets, blazers, waistcoats, sports jackets (including parts of ski suits), anoraks and similar garments, parkas, one-piece suits and the like, also as parts of suits, sets and costumes. |
| 2.              | Pieces | Outer garments of woven material, men's, boys', women's, girls':
|                 |       | - Trousers, slacks, jeans, breeches and the like (including bib and brace overalls), other than swimwear and shorts, also as parts of suits and sets. |
| 3.              | Pieces | Knitted or crocheted shirts, T-shirts and blouses of all kinds. |
| 4.              | Pieces | Knitted or crocheted under garments, men's, boys', women's, girls', infants', other than T-shirts, blouses, night wear and panty hose. |
| 5.              | Pieces | Men's and boys' shirts of all kinds, of woven material. |
| 6.              | Pieces | Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberised:
|                 |       | - Pull-overs, sweaters, jumpers, cardigans and jackets. |
| 8.              | Pieces | Outer garments of woven material, women's, girls':
|                 |       | - Blouses, shirts and the like. |
| 9.              | Pairs | Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberised, except women's stockings, sport stockings and thick woolen socks (known as "ragg-sokker"). |
| 10. | Pieces | Women's and girls' outer garments of woven material:  
|     |        | - Dresses, housecoats, frocks and gowns.  
| 11. | Pieces | Outer garments of woven material, women's, girls':  
|     |        | - Skirts, including divided skirts.  
| 12. | Pieces | Costumes, dresses, suits, skirts and trousers, knitted or crocheted (incl. track suits).  
| 13. | Kgs.   | Gloves, mittens and mitts of textile material, not knitted or crocheted.  
| 14. | Pieces | Outer garments of woven material for infants (defined as for infants of maximum height 110 cm).  
| 15. | Pieces | Men's, boy's, women's and girls' outer garments of woven material:  
|     |        | - Ulsters, overcoats, capes and coats (except those impregnated or coated with oil, varnish rubber, artificial plastic materials and the like).  
| 16. | Pieces | Under garments, knitted or crocheted:  
|     |        | - Panty nose.  
| 17. | Kgs.   | Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberised.  
| 18. | Pieces | Night wear, knitted or crocheted.  
| 19. | Pairs  | Gaiters and soots (short or long ones) of textile materials ("Usterdalssokker").  
| 21. | Pieces | Under garments of woven material, women's and girls' wear (except night wear).  
| 238 | Kgs.   | Woven fabrics of cotton, not printed.  
| 25  | Kgs.   | Table linen containing cotton.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAT.NO.</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
<th>1985</th>
<th>1986</th>
<th>1987</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Pcs.</td>
<td>8.000</td>
<td>8.040</td>
<td>8.080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Pcs.</td>
<td>3.000</td>
<td>3.015</td>
<td>3.030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3+4</td>
<td>Pcs.</td>
<td>179.000</td>
<td>179.537</td>
<td>180.076</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5+8</td>
<td>Pcs.</td>
<td>40.000</td>
<td>40.160</td>
<td>40.321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Pcs.</td>
<td>205.000</td>
<td>205.615</td>
<td>206.232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Kgs.</td>
<td>23.000</td>
<td>23.115</td>
<td>23.231</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Dozen Pairs</td>
<td>91.000</td>
<td>91.728</td>
<td>92.462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Pcs.</td>
<td>30.000</td>
<td>30.450</td>
<td>30.907</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANNEX C:

ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION

1. Products originating in Poland for export to Norway in accordance with the arrangements established by this Agreement shall be accompanied by a certificate of Polish origin conforming to the specimen attached as Annex D, including full and detailed description of the goods.

The certificate of Polish origin shall be issued by the Polish Chamber of Foreign Trade.

2. The competent Polish authorities shall issue an export licence in respect of all consignments from Poland for exports to Norway of products covered by Annex A. The export licence shall conform to the specimen attached as Annex E.

3. For products covered by Annex B, the Polish authorities shall issue export licences up to the quantitative limits agreed through this Agreement (eventually modified as provided for by this Agreement). The export licence must certify that the quantity of the product in question has been set off against the quantitative limit prescribed for the category of the product in question.
4. Each export licence shall cover only one of the categories of products listed in Annex A to this Agreement.

5. Exports shall be set off against the quantitative limits established for the year in which shipment of the goods has been effected.

6. The presentation of an export licence, in application of Paragraph 7 below, shall be effected not later than 31 January of the year following that in which the goods covered by the licence have been shipped.

7. Importation into Norway of textile products subject to quantitative limits shall be subject to the presentation of appropriate import documents.

The competent Norwegian authorities shall issue such import documents automatically within ten working days of the presentation by the importer of the original of the corresponding export licence.

8. The competent Norwegian authorities must be notified forthwith of the withdrawal or alteration of any export licence already issued.
The competent Norwegian authorities shall cancel the already issued import documents if the corresponding export licence has been withdrawn.

However, if the competent Norwegian authorities have not been notified about the withdrawal or cancellation of the export licence until after the products have been imported into Norway, the quantities involved shall be set off against the quantitative limit for the category and quota year in question, and the Polish authorities shall be informed as soon as possible.

If the competent Norwegian authorities find that the total quantities covered by export certificates issued by the authorities of Poland for a particular category in any quota period exceed the quantitative limit established for that category, the said authorities may suspend the further issue of import documents. In this event, the competent Norwegian authorities shall immediately inform the Polish authorities and the special consultation procedure set out in Article 15 of the Agreement shall be initiated forthwith.
10. Exports of Polish origin not covered by export licences issued by the Polish authorities in accordance with the provisions of this Annex may be refused the issue of appropriate import documents by the competent Norwegian authorities.

11. The export licence and the certificate of Polish origin may comprise additional copies duly indicated as such. They shall be made out in English. If they are completed by hand, entries must be in ink and in printscript.

Only the original, clearly marked "original" shall be accepted by the competent Norwegian authorities as being valid for the purposes of export to Norway in accordance with the arrangements established by this Agreement.

12. Each export licence and certificate of Polish origin shall bear a serial number, by which it can be identified.

The export licence shall also contain the following information:

a. Country of destination
b. Country of origin
c. Name and address of exporter (and manufacturer, if different from exporter)
d. Name and address of importer

e. Full and detailed description of the goods, including tariff classification numbers, if possible both in the systems of the exporting country and of Norway

f. Relevant category number and description as set out in Annex A of the Agreement

g. F.O.B. value

h. Quantity in units set out in Annex A

i. Place and date of shipment - means of transport.

13. In the event of theft, loss or destruction of an export licence or a certificate of Polish origin, the exporter may apply to the competent governmental authority which issued the document for a duplicate to be made out on the basis of the export documents in his possession. The duplicate of any such certificate or licence so issued shall bear the endorsement "duplicate".

The duplicate must bear the date of the original export licence or certificate of Polish origin.

14. The Government of the Polish People's Republic shall send the Government of Norway the names and addresses of the governmental authorities competent for the issue and verification of export licences and certificates of Polish origin.
origin together with specimens of the stamps used by those authorities. The Government of the Polish People's Republic shall also notify the Government of Norway of any change in this information.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
<th>Column 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data 1</td>
<td>Data 2</td>
<td>Data 3</td>
<td>Data 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data 5</td>
<td>Data 6</td>
<td>Data 7</td>
<td>Data 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Show net weight (kg) and also quantity in the unit prescribed for category where other than not as.

(2) In the currency of the sale contract - Dans la monnaie du contrat de vente.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Quantity Unit</th>
<th>Quantity Imported from Poland</th>
<th>% Share of Total Import Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Jackets (w.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>2336</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Trousers (w.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Shirts, T-shirts etc. (kn.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>181392</td>
<td>106596</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Other under garments (kn.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>26260</td>
<td>21151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Shirts (w.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>192977</td>
<td>132889</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Pull-overs etc. (kn.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>16825</td>
<td>12390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Ond linen</td>
<td>Kgs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1777</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Blouses (w.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>78660</td>
<td>46861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Stockings (kn.) except women's stockings and thick woolen socks</td>
<td>Dozen</td>
<td>17832</td>
<td>17006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Dresses (w.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Skirts (w.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>17335</td>
<td>2744</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Costumes, dresses, suits, skirts, trousers (incl. track suits) (kn.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>10736</td>
<td>7494</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Gloves, mittens, mitte (w.)</td>
<td>Kgs</td>
<td>164400</td>
<td>133806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Outer garments of woven material for infants</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>69069</td>
<td>50368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Overcoats, caps and coats (not impr. or coated) (w.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Panty hose (kn.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>69069</td>
<td>50368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Gloves, mittens, mitte (kn.)</td>
<td>Kgs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Night wear (kn.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Carpets and carpeting</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Impregnated or coated outergarments (w.)</td>
<td>Pcs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Women's and girl's under garments (w.)</td>
<td>Kgs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 23B. Woven fabrics of cotton, not printed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kgs.</td>
<td>39,529</td>
<td>56,753</td>
<td>73,506</td>
<td>36,360</td>
<td>27,951</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 25. Table linen containing cotton

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kat.</th>
<th>1/7-30.6.84</th>
<th>Kat.</th>
<th>1/7-30.6.84</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 stk.</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>16 &quot;</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>16,200 stk.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>60 &quot;</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>78/122 &quot;</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,4863 &quot;</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>6,5097 kg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>75,625 &quot;</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>679 &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>11,018 kg.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>3664 stk.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>15,995Edv.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1643 stk.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>21 &quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>19349 stk.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>80300 &quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Norwegian Ministry of Trade and Shipping proposes the following bilateral quotas for the licencing of import of textile goods from Poland in 1984.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Quantity/Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Woven cotton piece goods, bleached, multicoloured, not printed, woven piece goods of cotton and/or spun rayon or other disc. m.m.f.</td>
<td>47 tons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Table cloths of cotton and linen</td>
<td>15 tons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Underwear, nightwear and outerwear of woven material of cotton, linen and m.m.f. excluding items under global quotas</td>
<td>3 mill. NOK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Knitted nightwear, all fibres</td>
<td>30 tons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Other woven fabrics of cotton not printed</td>
<td>145 tons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Socks x/</td>
<td>90,000 doz pairs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Under Norwegian Customs Tariff NOS 60.03.120,-190,-920

Oslo, 3 April 1984