The attached communication, received from the United States, refers to measures taken by the United States with respect to the transshipment of textile products manufactured in Pakistan and sent to the United States as products of third countries. Changes were made against the 1992 quota limits of Categories 360 and 361, which are restrained under the terms of the existing MFA agreement between the two countries.
The Honorable
Ambassador Marcelo Raffaelli
Chairman, Textiles Surveillance Body
General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
Rue de Lausanne 154
1211 Geneva

Dear Ambassador Raffaelli:

I am communicating to the TSB, pursuant to paragraph 4 of Article 8 of the Arrangement, measures taken by the United States with respect to the transshipment of textile products manufactured in Pakistan and sent to the United States as products of third countries. These transshipments were the subject of discussions in several consultations in 1991 and 1992.

The products concerned are cotton pillowcases (category 360) and cotton sheets (category 361). The measures taken were to charge the 1992 quotas in the U.S.-Pakistan bilateral agreement with 189,620 units for category 360 and 1,121,545 units for category 361.

A copy of the letter confirming these charges to the government of Pakistan is attached.

Sincerely,

Robert E. Shepherd
Minister Counsellor
August 4, 1992

Mr. Nasim Qureshi
Commercial Minister-Counselor
Embassy of the Pakistan
1825 Connecticut Ave., N.W., Suite 217
Washington, D.C. 20008

Dear Mr. Qureshi:

As the Government of Pakistan has been previously informed, charges have been made to the 1992 quotas for illegal transshipments of textiles. The amount charged in category 360 is 189,620 numbers and in category 361 is 1,121,545 numbers. I will send you a copy of the Federal Register implementing those charges when it is available.

If you have any questions on this matter, please feel free to contact my office.

Sincerely

[Signature]

Chief, Textile Division
Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs