1. Imposition of Anti-Dumping (AD) duties should be based on the fact that a product is introduced into the commerce of another country at less than its normal value. Will the EC impose AD duties without applying this fundamental principle to imported parts which differ from finished products?

2. We believe that it is discriminatory treatment to levy AD duties on only parties related to or associated with companies producing finished product subject to AD duties and such treatment contravenes Article 1.1 of the GATT. What is the view of the EC regarding this matter?

3. Will the EC impose AD duties on imported parts even when the minimum use ratio of "50%" could not be observed because the EC could not or did not provide necessary parts and materials to produce finished products on a timely basis?

4. Will the EC observe the series of investigative procedures provided for in Article 2-8 of the GATT Anti-Dumping Code to determine the levying of AD duties on imported parts?

   In particular, is the EC willing to grant full opportunities to all interested parties, including the exporters, to submit evidence they consider relevant to their defense?

5. It is our understanding that the EC claims the new regulation is justified under Article XX(d) of the GATT.

   According to this Article, however, any measures are subject to the conditions that they be non-discriminatory and not inconsistent with the provisions of GATT. Under these limitations, does not the new regulation conflict with GATT?

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*See document ADP/1/Add.1/Suppl.5.*