I. General policy framework

1. The objectives of the Common Agricultural Policy are set forth in Article 39 of the Treaty of Rome establishing the European Economic Community, aiming in particular to increase agricultural productivity, stabilize markets, assure availability of supplies, and ensure that supplies reach consumers at reasonable prices. The principles of the Common Agricultural Policy are: maintenance of a single market, Community preference and financial solidarity among member States. The instruments of the Common Agricultural Policy are an agricultural market and price policy covering almost 90 per cent of agricultural end products and an agricultural socio-structural policy.

2. The market and price policy is implemented within the framework of the common organization of the market in agricultural products. There are various support mechanisms, ranging from minimum protection at the external frontier of the Community for poultry products (levy based on the quantity of feedgrains needed as a production input) to the establishment of minimum prices (sugar beet) or guarantee of purchase by public agencies at a fixed intervention price. The target price and guide price are not guaranteed prices but constitute a floor for market price trends within the Community above which imports are necessary to ensure supplies for Community consumers. In general, the common organization is a single system without any differentiation on the basis of regional or other criteria. Given that the growth rate of agricultural output is higher than that of consumption, the Community observes a prudent policy in regard to prices.
3. The Community has bound certain tariff commitments within GATT. Under individual agreements or treaties, it maintains preferential trade relations with many countries or regions of the world. At world level, the Community is the largest importer of agricultural and foodstuffs products.

4. The socio-structural policy is implemented within the framework of common actions designed to secure optimum use of production factors at the stage of agricultural production and of initial processing of agricultural products. Its implementation depends on action by operators who must meet certain conditions in order to qualify for support measures which are largely allocated in the form of interest rebates. Apart from general regimes, the socio-structural policy of the Community also includes measures in respect of a single production factor (for example the cattle herd) or specified regions (for example the hill regions). With a view to attaining Community objectives for production, the socio-structural provisions may be amended, supplemented or suspended in respect of certain sectors.

II. Procedures

The Council determines basic provisions, acting on a proposal by the Commission after having obtained the opinion of the European Parliament and the Economic and Social Committee. Each year the Council also fixes the institutional prices required for the common organization of the market in agricultural products. The Commission has responsibility for market management and the implementation of socio-structural measures, acting through Management Committees and the Standing Committee on Agricultural Structures.

III. Economic significance of the bovine/milk and meat sector

The bovine/milk sector is by far the most important sector in EEC agriculture, accounting for 36 per cent of end production by Community agriculture. It is a source of income for some 3 million farms (i.e. 52 per cent of the total number of farms). Some 2 million farms have dairy cows, representing approximately 80 per cent of the total cow herd. Consequently, mixed fatstock/dairy farming is very important. Reconversion to specialized beef and veal production is very slow.

In recent years there has been a pronounced fall in the number of fatstock and dairy farmers (by 20 per cent between 1973 and 1977), and a slight decline in the number of animals. The dairy-cow herd has remained relatively stable since 1975, at approximately 25 million head. The average size of herds in the Community is 28 bovine animals and 13 dairy cows. Because of increasing yields, the annual variation rate for milk production in the period 1973 to 1978 was 1.8 per cent. Beef and veal production showed an annual variation rate of 0.9 per cent. This rate was higher for calves (2.4 per cent) than for beef cattle (0.7 per cent).
A. PRODUCTION

I. Support and/or stabilization measures

The common organization of markets in the milk and milk products sector is based on Regulation (EEC) No. 804/68. In order to ensure a certain producer price level, a target price is fixed for milk delivered to processing plant.

In order to attain the target price, an intervention system exists within the Community (intervention price) and a system covering trade with third countries (import levies, export refunds, safeguard measures).

(a) Instruments

1. Price system

The following prices are fixed for each milk year:

- target price for milk
- intervention price for butter
  - skimmed milk powder
  - Grana Padano and Parmigiano Reggiano cheeses
- threshold price.

In principle, these prices become applicable on 1 April, i.e. at the beginning of the milk year, and remain valid until 31 March of the following year. They can be adjusted in the course of the milk year if the situation so requires; they can also be fixed in two stages.

- Target price for milk:

  This is the milk price that the Community policy aims "to obtain for the aggregate of producers' milk sales, on the Community market and on external markets, during the milk year". It is a target price, therefore, but not a guaranteed price. It applies to milk containing 3.7 per cent of fat, delivered to the dairy.

- Intervention prices:

  The intervention prices contribute to attaining the target price for milk, but they do not allow dairies, in respect of the quantities they have offered for intervention (free at warehouse), to pay to producers a milk price absolutely equivalent to the target price.
The intervention agencies established in each member State of the Community are required to buy in at the intervention price the products offered to them.

Accordingly, the intervention prices constitute the lower limit of market prices, thus guaranteeing a certain income level to producers.

Since the system is established for butter and skimmed milk powder, it affords an outlet for the two component elements of milk. For Italy, where the dairy sector is based on production of Grana Padano and Parmigiano Reggiano cheeses, intervention prices are also fixed in respect of those cheeses in order to afford the same lasting assurances as are afforded by the intervention measures for butter and skimmed milk powder in the other member States.

- **Threshold prices:**

Threshold prices are applied at the external frontier of the Community upon importation, constituting a protection for the target price for milk as well as an instrument through which market supplies can be secured by means of imports in the event of any shortage or threat thereof (fuller details are given under C "import and export measures").

2. **Intervention system**

In order to try to ensure the target price for milk to the producer, the intervention system extends to products that play a particularly significant role in the formation of producer prices for milk. This result can be achieved:

- either by supporting the component elements of milk, through intervention in favour of butterfat or milk proteins;
- or by supporting milk as a raw material, through intervention in favour of cheeses.

(1) **Interventions**

(a) **Purchase at the intervention price (public storage)**

Butter and skimmed milk powder that cannot be sold on the normal market are bought in by the intervention agencies provided the product meets certain criteria in respect of quality, age and packaging.

Disposal of bought-in products takes place in accordance with Commission regulations when the situation allows and in such a way that normal trade channels are not disturbed when butter is returned to the market.
(b) Aid to private storage of butter and cream

In order to ensure that normal market supplies of butter are available during the winter months and on price conditions similar to those prevailing during the rest of the year, aid to private storage of butter and cream is granted to certain market operators. The storage period runs from 1 April to 15 September; the period of release from storage runs from 16 September to 31 March of the following year. The minimum storage period is four months.

Under certain conditions the Council may also decide to grant aid to private storage of skimmed milk powder.

(2) Aid to skimmed milk processed into casein and caseinates

Aid is granted in respect of skimmed milk processed into casein and caseinates. The amount of the aid is adjusted according to the quality of the products obtained.

(3) Intervention for cheeses

As indicated above under "Price system", there is an intervention purchase system for Grana Padano and Parmigiano Reggiano cheeses.

For these cheeses, and also for Provolone, there is a system of private storage aid. For other Italian cheeses and long-keeping cheese a system of private storage aid can be introduced if market conditions so require. This is the case in particular for Pecorino Romano and Emmenthal cheeses (including Gruyère, Comté and Beaufort).

3. Prices

(a) Guaranteed intervention prices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Intervention price applicable for</th>
<th>1981/82</th>
<th>1982/83</th>
<th>1983/84</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Butter</td>
<td>317.84</td>
<td>349.70</td>
<td>357.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Skimmed milk powder</td>
<td>132.45</td>
<td>146.23</td>
<td>149.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Cheeses</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Grana Padano</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- from 30 to 60 days old</td>
<td>317.20</td>
<td>353.04</td>
<td>361.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- at least six months old</td>
<td>384.27</td>
<td>429.51</td>
<td>439.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Parmigiano Reggiano</td>
<td>418.87</td>
<td>469.30</td>
<td>480.26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ECU/100 kgs.
(b) **Amount of producer subsidies**

The grant of producer subsidies in the dairy sector is limited to aid for casein and caseinates. Since 1 October 1981 this aid has been as follows (in ECU/100 kgs. of skimmed milk):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Amount (ECU/100 kgs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 October 1981</td>
<td>5.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 June 1982</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 June 1983</td>
<td>6.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) **Average returns to producers**

Remuneration of milk producers is directly linked to the level of the target price which has developed as follows (on the basis of 3.7 per cent fat content):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Target Price</th>
<th>Prices received by producers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Milk year 1982/83:</td>
<td>26.81</td>
<td>1982: 27.43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milk year 1983/84:</td>
<td>27.43</td>
<td>1983: 27.43</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Price ex-farm not including VAT, subsidy, or co-responsibility levy (source: Eurostat).

Prices actually received by producers vary around the target price. Differences between individual real payments are attributable in particular to the distance between producer and dairy, market prices for processed products, etc.

II. **Policies and measures of governments or other bodies likely to influence production, other than those listed under I**

Since milk production is surplus in the Community, certain measures are taken in order to slow down and discourage milk production:

(a) **Co-responsibility levy**

The milk producer pays a compulsory contribution in the form of a percentage of the price of milk, set for the milk year 1983/84 at 2 per cent of the target price for milk. He then pays part of his milk income into a special fund designed to promote and expand sales of dairy products.
(b) Measures taken in the context of the production structure

The Community provisions adopted in the context of the production structures policy are more restrictive in the dairy sector than in the other agricultural production sectors. Accordingly:

- aids for the purchase of cattle are subject to the condition that the share of sales from cattle-farming and sheep-farming makes up more than 60 per cent of overall sales by the farm (Article 9 of Directive EEC/72/159);

- aids for the purchase of dairy cows and heifers are forbidden (Regulation (EEC) 1081/77);

- the compensatory allowance for dairy cows in less-favoured regions (Directive EEC/75/268) is only 80 per cent of the allowance granted in hill regions and is paid for not more than ten cows.

(c) Measures taken in the context of marketing structure and processing of dairy products

Under Regulation (EEC) 355/77, the Community has participated in certain investment projects concerning modernization and rationalization of undertakings engaged in milk processing and dairy product marketing.
B. INTERNAL PRICES AND CONSUMPTION

I. Representative retail and wholesale prices on major domestic markets

(a) Ex-dairy prices per 100 kgs. of product

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Butter ECU</th>
<th></th>
<th>Skimmed milk powder ECU</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1977</td>
<td>261,770</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>113,046</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1978</td>
<td>274,117</td>
<td>104,7</td>
<td>115,751</td>
<td>102,4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1979</td>
<td>281,296</td>
<td>107,5</td>
<td>117,376</td>
<td>104,3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>292,387</td>
<td>111,7</td>
<td>121,134</td>
<td>107,2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1981</td>
<td>317,843</td>
<td></td>
<td>130,388</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1982</td>
<td>340,185</td>
<td></td>
<td>139,517</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Arithmetic mean for all markets

Source: Directorate General for Agriculture

(b) Consumer prices per kg.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product: BUTTER</th>
<th>ECU/Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Belgium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Period</td>
<td>kg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>3,793</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1981</td>
<td>3,964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1982</td>
<td>4,144</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
II. Factors which condition the evolution and level of internal consumption

For some time past the following trends have been apparent in the Community for consumption of dairy products:

- a decline in consumption of fresh milk, slower increase in consumption of yoghurt and fresh cream, and marketing of uperized and sterilized milk in preference to pasteurized milk;

- continuing decline in per capita consumption of butter;

- increasing cheese consumption.

These trends are in the first place attributable to a change in consumer habits among the Community population: an increasing preference for products with a low fat content in the sector of milk-based consumer products, and for easily storable products. In overall fat consumption, butter continues to decline in importance, with a - very minor - shift to fats and oils of land animals. Rising cheese consumption is attributable to the ever-improving quality, diversity and presentation of supply as well as to the marketing efforts that cheese producers are making throughout the Community.

III. Policies and measures affecting consumption

With a view to promoting consumption, the Community engages in various activities.

1. The fund resulting from the co-responsibility levy (see A 2a) is used in particular to finance the following measures either partly or in full:

(a) Within the Community:

- market research
- sales promotion drives
- improvement of milk quality
- fresh milk at reduced price for schools
- butterfat at reduced price for ice cream
- concentrated butter at reduced price for cooking

(b) Outside the Community:

- market research
- technical assistance.
2. **Subsidy to consumption of milk and milk products in schools**

In order to encourage consumption of milk and milk products, a "school milk" subsidy has been established. This measure is limited, therefore, to young consumers in the Community for whom milk meets a physiological need and gives them certain food habits.

It is financed out of the proceeds of the co-responsibility levy.

3. **Specific activities in the field of publicity, promotion and market research**

Out of the proceeds of the co-responsibility levy, the Community finances publicity and promotion activities in favour of human consumption in the member States, in particular in the form of publications, collection of existing publications and dissemination.

It also encourages research activities designed to enlarge markets, in particular research for new or improved products and scientific examination of the nutritional aspects of consumption of milk and its component elements.

4. **Subsidies to butter consumption**

Under the Community regulations, in the event of any surplus of butterfat or threat thereof, measures can be taken to facilitate disposal.

The following activities may be mentioned:

- **General and permanent subsidy:**
  
  This aid, designed to reduce the consumer price of butter is in operation in certain member States.

- **Subsidy to welfare recipients:**
  
  Under certain conditions, needy persons in the Community can purchase butter at a reduced price.

- **Sale of butter at a reduced price for the manufacture of pastry-cook's products, biscuits, bakers' products and ice-cream, and of concentrated butter for cooking.**

- **Sale of butter at a reduced price to armed forces and assimilated units as well as to non-profit-making groups.**
5. Subsidies to consumption of skimmed milk (liquid or in powder form) for animal feed

These aids are granted primarily in order to encourage utilization for animal feed. To this end, the amounts are fixed taking into account the following criteria:

- the intervention price for skimmed milk powder applicable during the milk year concerned;
- the trend in the supply situation for skimmed milk and powdered milk, and use thereof for animal feed;
- the trend in the price of calves;
- the trend in market prices for competing proteins as compared with the price of skimmed milk powder.

The system is applicable to:

(a) - liquid skimmed milk sold back by the dairy to the farm;
    - liquid skimmed milk used directly at the farm where produced.

    The amount of the aid varies according to the kind of animals, a higher amount being applicable in respect of animals other than young calves.

(b) Skimmed milk powder:

    - on condition the product is denatured or incorporated in milk feed. If the stock situation so requires, special measures can be applied to encourage use of skimmed milk powder in the sector of "pig and poultry" compound feed.

    *

    *

    All these activities to promote consumption are at present proceeding satisfactorily. It is not yet possible, however, to make any definite assessment as to their effect.
C. MEASURES AT THE FRONTIER

I. Common customs tariff - Chapter 4


(b) Annex to common customs tariff (sub-heading 04.04.exA) (see Annex Kb).

(c) Regulation (EEC) No. 2915/79 determining the groups of products and the special provisions for calculating levies on milk and milk products, as amended by Regulations (EEC) No. 1463/82 (OJ L 159 of 10 June 1982) and (EEC) No. 1206/83 (OJ L 132 of 21 May 1983) (see Annex 1(c)).


(d) Price levels.

### Threshold Prices of Milk Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pilot product</th>
<th>1981/82</th>
<th>1982/83</th>
<th>1983/84</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Whey powder</td>
<td>42.71</td>
<td>52.56</td>
<td>53.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skimmed milk powder</td>
<td>152.25</td>
<td>167.77</td>
<td>171.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whole milk powder</td>
<td>234.96</td>
<td>259.10</td>
<td>265.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concentrated milk not containing added sugar</td>
<td>92.02</td>
<td>100.15</td>
<td>102.43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concentrated milk containing added sugar</td>
<td>119.39</td>
<td>130.23</td>
<td>133.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butter</td>
<td>350.48</td>
<td>384.39</td>
<td>393.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emmenthal</td>
<td>346.01</td>
<td>381.71</td>
<td>390.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue-veined cheese</td>
<td>279.03</td>
<td>306.17</td>
<td>313.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parmigiano-Reggiano</td>
<td>459.33</td>
<td>512.96</td>
<td>524.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheddar</td>
<td>309.17</td>
<td>339.51</td>
<td>347.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other cheeses</td>
<td>276.67</td>
<td>304.04</td>
<td>311.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lactose</td>
<td>85.07</td>
<td>93.45</td>
<td>95.59</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. Import measures at tariff line level

1. General rules

(a) A variable levy is applied on import, except in respect of products for which the Community has concluded special agreements or arrangements, the list and conditions of which are indicated in section 2 below.
On the basis of the target price for milk, the Council fixes a threshold price for milk products which are divided into groups. For each of these groups a pilot product is designated for which a threshold price is set (see Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No. 2915/79 - Annex 1(c)) taking into account:

- the ratio of the fat content to the protein content of milk;
- the protection that must be afforded to the Community processing industry.

(b) The threshold price is used for calculating the levy which is determined as being the difference between that same threshold price and the free-at-frontier price for each product, on the basis of the most favourable purchase possibilities in international trade. The levy is fixed by the Commission on the first and sixteenth of each month. If necessary, the Commission can adjust the levy in the interval between those two dates.

(c) For certain products within the same group, but different from the pilot product, a derived levy can be calculated according to the rules set forth in Regulation (EEC) No. 2915/79 (see Annex 1(c)).

(d) In the case of shortage, or a threat thereof, of one or more milk products in the Community, the threshold price makes it possible to ensure market supplies at a price level corresponding to the target price for milk.

(e) For prepared feedingstuffs falling within CCT heading 23.07 (compound feedingstuffs containing more than 50 per cent of milk products) the levy is calculated in relation to the quantity of maize and milk products incorporated in the compound feedingstuff (Article 2:4 Regulation (EEC) No. 2915/79).

Special import régimes

(a) Special milk for infants falling within CCT sub-heading 04.02.B I(a).

The specific levy for these products is at the rate of 36.27 ECU/100 kgs. (Article 3:6 of Regulation (EEC) No. 2915/79).

This is an autonomous concession granted by the Community to Switzerland and applicable since 1 August 1967. Under that concession, these products are admitted to the Community on certain conditions, in particular in respect of the fat content and characteristics of the product. The products are admitted to this sub-heading only if accompanied by a certificate I.M.A. 1
issued by an agency approved by the Community (see Regulations (EEC) No. 2695/79 and (EEC) No. 1054/68 as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No. 2966/79 hereinafter referred to "admission regulations").

(b) Emmenthal, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Bergkäse and Appenzell cheeses, falling within sub-heading 04.04 A I of the CCT.

The specific levies applicable to these products are at the rate of 9.07 and 18.13 ECU/100 kgs. according to the free-at-frontier value specified in the CCT. This is a GATT binding concluded on:

- 29 June 1967 in respect of Switzerland;
- 26 March 1968 in respect of Austria;
- 31 May 1968 in respect of Finland.

Accordingly, these products are admitted to the Community on certain conditions concerning, in particular, the composition and age of cheese as well as observance of a minimum free-at-frontier value. The products concerned are admitted to this sub-heading only if accompanied by a certificate I.M.A. 1 issued under the provisions of the admission regulations.

The minimum free-at-frontier prices are index-related to the target price for milk in the Community.

In the case of Austria and Finland, the observance of a minimum free-at-frontier value is suspended until 31 December 1984 and replaced by commitment by those countries to limit their exports to the Community to the traditional level.

This level has been fixed by agreement at:

- 8,000 t in the case of Austria and
- 7,200 t in the case of Finland, including a maximum of 2,900 t for Finlandia cheese falling within CCT sub-heading 04.04 E I (b) 5.

(c) Glarus cheese, falling within sub-heading 04.04.B of the CCT.

The customs duty of 12 per cent is bound in GATT. Since 1 January 1973 this duty has been reduced to 6 per cent under an autonomous concession.

These products are admitted to the Community provided they are accompanied by a certificate I.M.A. 1 issued under the provisions of the admission regulations.

(d) Processed cheese falling within sub-heading 04.04.D 1.

The specific levy applicable to these products is at the rate of 36.27 ECU/100 kgs.
This is an autonomous concession granted by the Community to Switzerland as from 1 August 1967 and extended to Austria on 26 March 1968 and to Finland on 31 May 1968.

These products are admitted provided they correspond to a definition stipulated in that sub-heading, that they observe a certain free-at-frontier value and that they are accompanied by a certificate I.M.A. 1 issued under the provisions of the admission regulations.

In the case of Austria and Finland, the observance of a minimum free-at-frontier value is suspended until 31 December 1984 and replaced by a commitment by those countries to limit their exports to the Community to the traditional level.

This level has been fixed by agreement at:
- 3,700 t in the case of Austria and
- 500 t in the case of Finland.

(e) Cheddar cheese falling within sub-heading 04.04.E I (b) 1 of the CCT.

The specific levies applicable to these products are at the rate of 12.09 ECU/100 kg.

This is a GATT binding in respect of Australia and New Zealand (9,000 tons) and an autonomous concession in respect of Canada (2,750 tons).

The above-mentioned levies are applicable within the tariff quotas specified in Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No. 2915/79 (Annex I (c)).

The tariff quota of 2,750 tons granted to Canada is not mentioned in the common customs tariff since this is an autonomous concession.

Under the import régime applicable to these cheeses, the products concerned must meet certain technical characteristics such as fat content, age and minimum free-at-frontier values and must be accompanied by a certificate I.M.A.1 issued under the provisions of the admission regulations.

(f) Cheddar cheese intended for processing falling within sub-heading 04.04.E I (b) 1 as well as other cheeses intended for processing falling within sub-heading 04.04.E I (b) 5.

The specific levies applicable to these products are at the rate of 12.09 ECU/100 kg.

This is a GATT binding granted to Australia and New Zealand (3,500 tons).

The above-mentioned levies are applicable within the tariff quotas referred to in Article 9 of Regulation (EEC) No. 2915/79 (Annex I (c)).
The import régime applicable to these cheeses is the same as that mentioned in point (e) with a difference in respect of use of the product. Under Regulation (EEC) No. 2967/79 these cheeses are considered as processed when they have been processed into products falling within sub-heading 04.04.D of the CCT. (processed cheese).

(g) - Tilsit and Butterkäse cheese falling within sub-heading 04.04.E I (b) 2;
- Kashkaval cheese falling within sub-heading 04.04.E I (b) 3;
- Cheese of sheep's milk or buffalo's milk, falling within sub-heading 04.04.E I (b) 4.

These products are subject to a levy equal to the difference between the threshold price for Group 11 and the prices stipulated for each cheese in Article 11 of Regulation (EEC) No. 2915/79. Consequently, the amount of the levy varies only in the event of any change in the threshold price or the recorded import price.

These are autonomous concessions granted to:
- Switzerland and Romania for Tilsit;
- Romania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Turkey for Kashkaval and cheese of sheep's milk or buffalo's milk.

Import of these products is subject to production of a certificate I.M.A.1 issued under the provisions of the admission regulations.

(h) For certain cheeses for which the exporting country has made a commitment to limit its exports to the Community to the traditional level, a reduced levy is applied. These are the following cheeses, originating in and coming from Austria and accompanied by an approved certificate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Import levy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,500 t</td>
<td>55 ECU/100 kg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>800 t</td>
<td>50 ECU/100 kg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150 t</td>
<td>50 ECU/100 kg.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(i) Butter falling within sub-heading 04.03.A of the CCT.

Transitional régime in accordance with the provisions of Protocol 18 of the Act of Accession to the Communities of Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom in respect of United Kingdom imports of butter from New Zealand.

Under the provisions of Council Regulations (EEC) No. 858/81, the quantity authorized for import into the United Kingdom from New Zealand for 1983 is 87,000 t. A special levy is charged upon importation.

III. Export measures at tariff line level

1. General rules

(a) Under the provision of Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No. 304/68, the Community may grant export refunds to cover the difference between internal prices and prices in international trade of milk products. The refund thus fixed is the same for the whole Community, but may be varied according to the country of destination to take account of any specific features of those markets. The refunds must be fixed at least every four weeks.

(b) When the refund is being fixed, account is taken, in particular, of the need to establish a balance between the use of Community basic products in the manufacture of goods for export, and the use of third country products brought in under inward processing traffic (I.P.T.).

Since 1 August 1975, under the provisions of Regulation (EEC) No. 1961/75, I.P.T. for skimmed milk is prohibited.


(c) The amount of the refund may be fixed in advance. The period differs according to the product. Nevertheless, for certain products and certain destinations, advance fixing of refunds is excluded (in particular for cheeses in respect of which minimum export prices must be observed under export commitments). The provisions regarding advance fixing of refunds are set forth in Regulation (EEC) No. 2044/75.

2. Special export régimes

(a) Agreement between EEC and Switzerland: this Agreement provides for observance of a price free-at-Swiss-frontier which may be adjusted after consultation of both parties. This régime applies only to certain cheeses listed in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No. 1324/68. The cheeses concerned must be accompanied by a certificate (Annex II to that Regulation).
(b) Agreement between EEC and Spain: this Agreement provides for observance of a minimum price free-at-Spanish-frontier for all cheeses entering into trade with Spain. The minimum prices are adjusted with any price adjustment in Spain and in particular, with any adjustment of the milk price fixed by the Spanish Government. The provisions governing this Agreement are set forth in Regulation (EEC) No. 1579/70 which provides for certificates issued on certain conditions regarding price observance in particular.

(c) Agreement between EEC and the United States: this Agreement provides in particular, on the United States side, for the opening of quotas for the EEC in a total amount of 43,554 tons per annum as well as for the admission, without quantitative limitation, of soft ripened cheese corresponding to an agreed description.

On the EEC side, there is a commitment to observe the prices of United States-produced cheeses, at the wholesale stage, for cheeses under quota.

(d) Agreement between EEC and Canada: this Agreement on cheeses provides in particular on the Canadian side for the opening of a global quota for the EEC equivalent to not less than 60 per cent of the global quota opened for the import into Canada of not less than 45 million pounds (approximately 20,400 tons of which 12,240 for the EEC).

On the EEC side, there is a commitment to observe the price of cheeses produced in Canada at the ex-works stage.

(e) Agreement between EEC and Australia: this Agreement provides in particular that no quantitative restriction or customs duty will be applied to "fancy cheeses" (soft ripened cheese); while for Edam and Gouda cheeses the duty of $A0.096/kg. will be charged on an amount not exceeding 1,000 tons per annum; on other cheeses this same duty will be charged on an amount not exceeding 2,500 tons per annum.

(f) Agreement between EEC and Norway: a temporary arrangement on joint disciplines between Norway and EEC, concerning mutual trade in cheeses, entered into force on 1 January 1983.

The purpose of the arrangement, which is valid for a term of three years (until 31 December 1985), is to make it possible to stabilize trade at a quantitative level corresponding to the traditional trade (Community of 10):
- Imports into Norway:

for all types and varieties of cheeses, within the limit of:

- 1,740 t for 1983
- 1,850 t for 1984
- 1,960 t for 1985

- Imports into the Community:

for Jarlsberg cheese, within the limit of:

- 1,500 t for 1983
- 1,600 t for 1984
- 1,700 t for 1985

The import levy has been fixed at 55 ECU/100 kg.

3. Products for which no refund is granted

No export refund is granted for:

- products falling within headings 04.01, 04.02, 04.03 and 23.07 of the CCT for export to zone E (USA);

- whey, whey powder, lactose and lactose syrup falling within sub-headings 04.01 and 04.02.A I, 17.02.A II and 21.07 F I of the CCT;

- cheese having a water content in the non-fatty matter exceeding 62 per cent, except cottage cheese and cream cheese;

- most cheeses having a dry matter content of less than 32 per cent.

4. Milk products exported in the form of goods not covered by Annex II of the Treaty

A refund may be granted on milk products exported in the form of goods listed in the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No. 804/68.

This refund is calculated in relation to the quantities of milk products incorporated in the exported end product. It is valid for one month.

The amount granted on incorporated milk products is normally equal to the amount of the same products exported in unaltered state.

The general rules for fixing these refunds are set forth in Regulation (EEC) No. 2682/72.
5. **Food aid**

The food aid programme of the Community for 1983 covers:

- 150,000 tons of skimmed milk powder
- 36,500 tons of butter oil.

IV. **Description of internal regulations and of agreements governing admission of products**

All the measures provided for the admission of milk products into the Community have been indicated under Sections I and II. For full information, in particular in regard to product classification upon import into the Community, it may be useful to annex the explanatory notes to the Brussels nomenclature in respect of Chapter 4 (see Annex I (c)).

V. **Reasons and circumstances why frontier measures were instituted**

The frontier measures are solely in pursuance of the bilateral or multilateral agreements that the Community has concluded with its trade partners over many years, in order primarily:

- to develop trade in milk products;
- to import and export these milk products at prices that do not jeopardize the Community's markets, on the one hand, and markets of the countries of destination, on the other hand;
- to collaborate with other countries for greater stabilization of the world market in regard to the volume of trade and prevailing prices.
DAIRY PRODUCE; BIRDS’ EGGS; NATURAL HONEY; EDIBLE PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED OR INCLUDED

Notes

1. The expression “milk” means full cream or skimmed milk, buttermilk, whey, curdled milk, kephir, yoghurt and other fermented or acidified milk.

2. Milk and cream put up in hermetically sealed cans are regarded as preserved within the meaning of heading No 04.02. However, milk and cream are not regarded as so preserved merely by reason of being pasteurised, sterilised or peptonised, if they are not put up in hermetically sealed cans.

Additional Notes

1. The term “cans”, as used in Note 2 to this Chapter, shall be taken to apply only to such containers of a net capacity not exceeding 5 kg.

2. The expression “special milk for infants”, as used in subheading 04.02 B I a), shall be taken to mean products free from pathogenic and toxigenic germs and containing per gram less than 10 000 revivable aerobic bacteria and less than two coliform bacteria.

3. For the purpose of calculating the fat content of products falling within subheadings 04.02 B I b) and B II b), the weight of any added sugar shall be disregarded.

4. Levy applicable to certain mixtures falling within this Chapter:
The levy applicable to mixtures falling within this Chapter and composed of products classified under headings or subheadings 04.01 B, 04.02, 04.03, 04.04, 17.02 A or 21.07 F I shall be that applicable to the ingredient which involves the higher or highest levy and which also forms at least 10% by weight of the mixture concerned. Where this method of assessing the levy cannot be applied, the levy to be applied to such mixtures shall be that determined by the tariff classification of the mixtures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Heading number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Rate of duty</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Autonomous % or levy (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>04.01 Milk and cream, fresh, not concentrated or sweetened:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 6%:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I. Yoghurt, kephir, curdled milk, whey, buttermilk and other fermented or acidified milk:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of two litres or less</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>b) Other</td>
<td>16 (L)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II. Other:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of two litres or less and of a fat content, by weight:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Not exceeding 4%</td>
<td>16 (L)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Exceeding 4%</td>
<td>16 (L)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Other, of a fat content, by weight:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Not exceeding 4%</td>
<td>16 (L)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Exceeding 4%</td>
<td>16 (L)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heading number</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Rate of duty</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>04.01 (cont’d)</td>
<td>B. Other, of a fat content, by weight:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I. Exceeding 6 % but not exceeding 21 %</td>
<td>16 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>II. Exceeding 21 % but not exceeding 45 %</td>
<td>16 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>III. Exceeding 45 %</td>
<td>16 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04.02</td>
<td>Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Not containing added sugar:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I. Whey</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II. Milk and cream, in powder or granules: a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of 2·5 kg or less and of a fat content, by weight:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Not exceeding 1·5 %</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Exceeding 1·5 % but not exceeding 27 %</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Exceeding 27 % but not exceeding 29 %</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Exceeding 29%</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Other, of a fat content, by weight:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Not exceeding 1·5 %</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Exceeding 1·5 % but not exceeding 27 %</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Exceeding 27 % but not exceeding 29 %</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Exceeding 29%</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III. Milk and cream, other than in powder or granules: a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of 2·5 kg or less and of a fat content, by weight:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 8·9 %</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Other</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Other, of a fat content by weight:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Not exceeding 45 %</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Exceeding 45%</td>
<td>18 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Containing added sugar:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I. Milk and cream, in powder or granules: a) Special milk for infants, in hermetically sealed containers of a net capacity of 500 g or less and of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % but not exceeding 27 % (a)</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Other:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 2·5 kg or less and of a fat content, by weight:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>aa) Not exceeding 1·5 %</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>bb) Exceeding 1·5 % but not exceeding 27 %</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cc) Exceeding 27 %</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Other, of a fat content, by weight:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>aa) Not exceeding 1·5 %</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>bb) Exceeding 1·5 % but not exceeding 27 %</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cc) Exceeding 27 %</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Heading number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Rate of duty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Autonomous % or levy (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04.02 (cont'd)</td>
<td>B. II. Milk and cream, other than in powder or granules:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of 2.5 kg or less and of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 9.5%</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Other, of a fat content by weight:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Not exceeding 45%</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Exceeding 45%</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04.03</td>
<td>Butter:</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A. Of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 85%</td>
<td>24 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Other</td>
<td>24 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04.04</td>
<td>Cheese and curd:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A. Emmentaler, Gruyère, SHRINTZ, BERGKASE, APPENZELL, VACHERIN Fribourgeois, and Tête de moine, not grated or powdered</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziger), made from skimmed milk and mixed with finely-ground herbs (b)</td>
<td>23 (L) (c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Blue-veined cheese, not grated or powdered</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D. Processed cheese, not grated or powdered, of a fat content, by weight:</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I. Not exceeding 36% and of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter:</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Not exceeding 48%</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Exceeding 48%</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>II. Exceeding 36%</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>E. Other:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I. Not grated or powdered, of a fat content, by weight, not exceeding 40% and a water content, calculated by weight of the non-fat matter:</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Not exceeding 47%</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Exceeding 47% but not exceeding 72%:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Cheddar</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Other</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) See Annex.
(b) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions as determined by the competent authorities.
(c) The levy cannot exceed 6% of the customs value.
(d) Within the limits of an annual tariff quota of 9,000 tonnes to be granted by the competent authorities, a rate of 12.09 ECU per 100 kg net weight is provided for whole Cheddar cheeses of a minimum fat content of 50% by weight in the dry matter, measured for at least three months and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 208.53 ECU per 100 kg net weight.
(e) Furthermore, entry under this quota shall be subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

For these purposes "whole cheeses" means:
1. cheeses of the conventional cylindrical shape of a net weight of not less than 33 kg but not more than 44 kg,
2. cheeses of the conventional flat cylindrical shape or cheeses in parallelepiped shape, of a net weight of 10 kg or more.

The minimum values shall be automatically adjusted to take account of changes in the factors determining the formation of Cheddar prices in the Community. This adjustment shall be by way of an increase or decrease equal to that of the threshold price of Cheddar in the Community.

Furthermore, entry under this quota and verification of the end use shall be subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Heading number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Rate of duty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Autonomous % or levy (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04.04 (cont’d)</td>
<td>E. I. c) Exceeding 72 %:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. In immediate packings of a net capacity not exceeding 500 g</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Other</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>II. Other:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Grated or powdered</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Other</td>
<td>23 (L)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Only poultry eggs which fulfill the conditions stipulated by the competent authorities are eligible for entry under this subheading.
(b) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.
Annex I(b)
Annex to the Common Customs Tariff
(Sub-heading 04.04 ex A)
HEADINGS OR SUBHEADINGS OF WHICH ONLY PART IS COVERED BY A GATT CONCESSION OR IN WHICH DIFFERENT CONCESSIONS HAVE BEEN GRANTED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Heading number</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Rate of conventional duty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>04.04</td>
<td>Cheese and curd: ex A. Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Bergkäse and Appenzell, not grated or powdered: — Of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least three months (a): — Whole cheeses (b) of a free-at-frontier value per 100 kg net weight of: — Not less than 141.45 ECU, but less than 171.37 ECU (excluding Appenzell) (c) (d) — Not less than 171.37 ECU (excluding Bergkäse) (c) — Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas: — With rind on at least one side, of a net weight: — Of not less than 1 kg but less than 5 kg and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 165.63 ECU but less than 205.52 ECU per 100 kg net weight (excluding Appenzell) (c) (d) — Not less than 1 kg and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 205.52 ECU per 100 kg net weight (excluding Bergkäse) (c)</td>
<td>24.18 ECU per 100 kg net weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ex A. — Not less than 1 kg and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 205.52 ECU per 100 kg net weight (excluding Bergkäse) (c)</td>
<td>9.07 ECU per 100 kg net weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Other, of a net weight of less than 450 g and of a free-at-frontier value, of not less than 229.70 ECU per 100 kg net weight (other than Bergkäse) (c) (e)</td>
<td>9.07 ECU per 100 kg net weight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.
(b) The expression "whole cheeses" shall be taken to apply to whole cheeses of the following weights:
- Emmentaler: not less than 60 kg but not more than 130 kg,
- Gruyère and Sbrinz: not less than 20 kg but not more than 65 kg,
- Bergkäse: not less than 20 kg but not more than 60 kg.
- Appenzell: not less than 6 kg but not more than 8 kg.
(c) The Community reserves the right to apply value limits lower than those specified in the text of the concessions.
(d) With effect from 1 July 1970 the value limits shall be adapted automatically on the basis of changes in the factors determining the formation of prices for Emmentaler in the Community. Such adjustment shall be based on an increase or reduction of 14 ECU in the minimum value for any upward or downward movement of 1 ECU per 100 kg of the common target price for milk in the Community.
(e) The Community reserves the right to reduce customs duties autonomously from 24.18 ECU to 18.13 ECU subject to an increase of 6.05 ECU in the value limits.
(f) Vacuum-packed pieces of a net weight of not more than 450 g qualify for the concession only if their packings bear at least the following particulars:
- description of the cheese,
- fat content,
- packer responsible,
- country of manufacture.
Annex I(c)

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1463/82
of 27 May 1982
amending Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 as regards the conditions for the entry of certain cheeses under certain tariff headings and Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1183/82 (2), and in particular Article 14 (6) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 of 18 December 1979 determining the groups of products and the special provisions for calculating levies on milk and milk products and amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1191/82 (4), lays down certain conditions for the entry into the Community of certain cheeses falling within heading No 04.04 of the Common Customs Tariff; whereas, following bilateral agreements concluded under GATT with Austria and Finland, the Regulation in question should be adjusted in order to put into effect the Community’s undertakings in respect of those countries;

Whereas, moreover, changes should be made to Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 to take account of a judgment of the Court of Justice of 9 July 1981 (5);

Whereas the tariff nomenclature resulting from application of this Regulation is used in the Common Customs Tariff; whereas the Common Customs Tariff laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 (6), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1191/82, should therefore be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 1 (2) shall be deleted.

2. Articles 7 to 11 shall be replaced by the following:

   Article 7

   1. The levy on 100 kilograms of a product belonging to Group 7 shall be:

      — 18.13 ECU in respect of the products appearing under (a) and (c) in Annex II,

      — 9.07 ECU in respect of the products appearing under (b) in Annex II,

   if it is established that the products correspond to the description and, where provision is made therefor, that the applicable free-at-frontier value is complied with.

   2. The free-at-frontier value limits for the products described under (a) and (b) in Annex II shall be increased or reduced by 14 ECU for any upward or downward movement of 1 ECU per 100 kilograms of the common target price for milk.

   Article 8

   The levy on a product belonging to Group 9 and falling within subheading 04.04 B shall be limited to 6 % of its customs value.

Article 9

1. The levy on 100 kilograms of the products belonging to Group 10 described under (d), (e) and (f) in Annex II shall be 12.09 ECU if it is established that the products correspond to the description and that the applicable free-at-frontier value is complied with.

2. The free-at-frontier value limits for the products referred to in paragraph 1 shall be increased or decreased by an amount equal to any increase or decrease in the threshold price of Cheddar.

Article 10

1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, the levy on 100 kilograms of a product belonging to Group 11 shall be equal:

A. if it falls within subheading 04.04 D I a), to the sum of the following components:
   (a) a component equal to 80% of the levy on the pilot product of Group 11;
   (b) a component equal to 5% of the levy on the pilot product of Group 6; and
   (c) a component equal to 12.09 ECU;

B. if it falls within subheading 04.04 D I b), to the sum of the following components:
   (a) a component equal to 60% of the levy on the pilot product of Group 11;
   (b) a component equal to 24% of the levy on the pilot product of Group 6; and
   (c) a component equal to 12.09 ECU;

C. if it falls within subheading 04.04 D II, to the sum of the following components:
   (a) a component equal to the levy calculated in accordance with point B; and
   (b) a component equal to 96.72 ECU;

D. if it falls within subheading 04.04 E I c) 1, to 75% of the levy on the pilot product;

E. if it falls within subheadings 04.04 E I c) 2 or 04.04 E II b), to the sum of the following components:
   (a) a component equal to the levy on the pilot product of Group 11; and
   (b) a component equal to 96.72 ECU.

2. However, the levy on 100 kilograms of the products described under (g) and (h) in Annex II shall be 36.27 ECU if it is established that the products correspond to the description and, where provision is made therefor, that the applicable free-at-frontier value is complied with.

Article 11

1. Without prejudice to paragraphs 2, 3 and 4, the levy on 100 kilograms of the products belonging to Group 11 shall be equal to the threshold price, less:
   — 233.36 ECU per 100 kilograms in respect of the product described under (i) in Annex II,
   — 233.36 ECU per 100 kilograms plus a component equal to 24.18 ECU in respect of the product described under (k) in Annex II,
   — 245.45 ECU per 100 kilograms in respect of the products described under (l) and (m) in Annex II,
   provided the import price is not less than the amount deducted from the threshold price. The import price for the product described under (m) in Annex II must not, however, be less than 227.32 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Moreover, it must be established that the products correspond to the description in Annex II.' (a)

2. The levy on 100 kilograms of the products described under (n) and (r) in Annex II shall be 55 ECU if it is established that the products correspond to the description therein.

3. The levy on 100 kilograms of the products described under (o) and (p) in Annex II shall be 50 ECU if it is established that the products correspond to the description therein.

4. The levy on 100 kilograms of the products described under (q) in Annex II shall be 18.13 ECU if it is established that the products correspond to the description therein.

3. Annexes I and II shall be replaced by Annexes I and II to this Regulation.

Article 2

The Common Customs Tariff shall be amended in accordance with Annex III to this Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities. It shall apply from 5 July 1982.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 May 1982.

For the Council
The President
M. HANSENNE
### ANNEX I

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of group</th>
<th>Groups of products according to the Common Customs Tariff</th>
<th>Pilot product for each group of products</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>04.02 A I</td>
<td>Powdered whey, obtained by the spray process, with a water content of less than 5% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 A II a) 1</td>
<td>Milk powder, obtained by the spray process, with a fat content of less than 1.5% by weight and a water content of less than 5% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 A II b) 1</td>
<td>Milk powder, obtained by the spray process, with a fat content of less than 1.5% by weight and a water content of less than 5% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 B I (b) 1 aa)</td>
<td>Milk powder, obtained by the spray process, with a fat content of less than 1.5% by weight and a water content of less than 5% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 B I (b) 2 aa)</td>
<td>Milk powder, obtained by the spray process, with a fat content of less than 1.5% by weight and a water content of less than 5% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ex 23.07 B</td>
<td>Milk powder, obtained by the spray process, with a fat content of less than 1.5% by weight and a water content of less than 5% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>04.02 A II a) 2</td>
<td>Concentrated milk, with a fat content of 7.5% by weight and a dry matter content of 25% by weight, in cases or cartons of 96 tins of a net content of 170 g.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 A II a) 3</td>
<td>Concentrated milk with added sugar, with a fat content of 9% by weight and a lactic dry matter content of 31% by weight, in cases or cartons of 48 tins of a net content of 397 g.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 A II a) 4</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 A II b) 2</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 A II b) 3</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 A II b) 4</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 B I a)</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 B I (b) 1 bb)</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 B I (b) 1 cc)</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 B I (b) 2 bb)</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 B I (b) 2 cc)</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>04.02 A III a)</td>
<td>Concentrated milk, with a fat content of 7.5% by weight and a dry matter content of 25% by weight, in cases or cartons of 96 tins of a net content of 170 g.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>04.02 B II a)</td>
<td>Concentrated milk with added sugar, with a fat content of 9% by weight and a lactic dry matter content of 31% by weight, in cases or cartons of 48 tins of a net content of 397 g.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>04.01</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 A III b)</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.02 B II b)</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.03</td>
<td>Butter with a fat content of 82% by weight, in packages normally used in the trade of a net content of 25 kg or more.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>04.04 A</td>
<td>Emmentaler cheese, whole, matured for three to four months with a fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>04.04 C</td>
<td>Blue-veined cheese, whole with a fat content of 45% by weight, dry matter, in packages normally used in the trade.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>04.04 E I a)</td>
<td>Parmigiano Reggiano cheese, whole, matured for 18 months, with a fat content of 32% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 B</td>
<td>Parmigiano Reggiano cheese, whole, matured for 18 months, with a fat content of 32% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E II a)</td>
<td>Parmigiano Reggiano cheese, whole, matured for 18 months, with a fat content of 32% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 1</td>
<td>Cheddar cheese, whole, matured for three months, with a fat content of 50% by weight, in the dry matter and a water content by weight of the non-fatty matter greater than 50% and not more than 57% without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Whole cheese, matured for six to eight weeks, with a fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E 1 c)</td>
<td>Whole cheese, matured for six to eight weeks, with a fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E II b)</td>
<td>Whole cheese, matured for six to eight weeks, with a fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>04.04 D</td>
<td>Whole cheese, matured for six to eight weeks, with a fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E I (b) 2</td>
<td>Whole cheese, matured for six to eight weeks, with a fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E 1 c)</td>
<td>Whole cheese, matured for six to eight weeks, with a fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E II b)</td>
<td>Whole cheese, matured for six to eight weeks, with a fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, without packaging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>17.02 A II</td>
<td>Lactose containing, in the dry state, 98.5% by weight of the pure product, in packages normally used in the trade.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>21.07 F I</td>
<td>Lactose containing, in the dry state, 98.5% by weight of the pure product, in packages normally used in the trade.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## ANNEX II

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCT heading No</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **ex** (a) 04.04 A | Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Bergkäse, Appenzell, Vacherin fribourgeois and tête de moine, not grated or powdered, of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight in the dry matter, matured for at least two months in the case of Vacherin fribourgeois and at least three months in the other cases:  
  - whole cheeses with rind of a free-at-frontier value per 100 kilograms net weight of 348.46 ECU or more but less than 372.64 ECU,  
  - pieces packed in vacuum or inert gas, with rind on at least one side, of a net weight of not less than 1 kg but less than 5 kg and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 372.64 ECU but less than 396.82 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight |
| **ex** (b) 04.04 A | Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Bergkäse, Appenzell, Vacherin fribourgeois and tête de moine, not grated or powdered, of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight in the dry matter, matured for at least two months in the case of Vacherin fribourgeois and at least three months in the other cases:  
  - whole cheeses with rind of a free-at-frontier value per 100 kilograms net weight of 372.64 ECU or more,  
  - pieces packed in vacuum or inert gas, with rind on at least one side of a net weight of not less than 1 kg and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 396.82 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight,  
  - pieces packed in vacuum or inert gas of a net weight of not more than 450 grams and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 430.67 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight |
| **ex** (c) 04.04 A | Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz and Bergkäse, not grated or powdered, of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight in the dry matter, matured for at least three months:  
  - whole cheeses with rind within an annual tariff quota of:  
    (a) 5 000 tonnes, originating in Austria,  
    (b) 2 950 tonnes, originating in Finland  
  - pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas, with rind on at least one side, of a net weight of not less than 1 kg but less than 5 kg within an annual tariff quota of:  
    (a) 3 000 tonnes, originating in Austria,  
    (b) 1 350 tonnes, originating in Finland |
| **ex** (d) 04.04 E I b) 1 | Cheddar made from unpasteurized milk, of a minimum fat content of 30 % by weight in the dry matter, matured for at least nine months, of a free-at-frontier value per 100 kilograms net weight of not less than:  
  - 277.96 ECU in respect of whole cheeses,  
  - 296.10 ECU in respect of cheeses of a net weight of not less than 500 grams,  
  - 308.19 ECU in respect of cheeses of a net weight of less than 500 grams within an annual tariff quota of 2 750 tonnes. |
| **ex** (e) 04.04 E I b) 1 | Whole Cheddar cheeses of a minimum fat content of 50 % by weight in the dry matter, matured for at least three months and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 271.92 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight, within an annual tariff quota of 9 000 tonnes |

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Regulation No. 3042/82 of 15 November 1982  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCT heading No</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(f) 04.04 E I b) 1</td>
<td>— Cheddar, — Other cheeses falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2 for processing, of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 247.74 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight, within an annual tariff quota of 3 500 tonnes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(g) 04.04 D</td>
<td>Processed cheese, not grated or powdered, in the blending of which only Emmentaler, Gruyère and Appenzell have been used and which may contain, as an addition, Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziger), put up for retail sale, of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 243 ECU per 100 kilograms net weight and of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter, not exceeding 56 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(h) 04.04 D</td>
<td>Processed cheese, not grated or powdered, in the blending of which only Emmentaler, Gruyère and Appenzell have been used and which may contain, as an addition, Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziger), put up for retail sale of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter, not exceeding 56 % within an annual tariff quota of: (a) 3 700 tonnes, originating in Austria, (b) 500 tonnes, originating in Finland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(j) 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Tilsit and Butterkäse, of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter, not exceeding 48 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(k) 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Tilsit and Butterkäse, of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter, exceeding 48 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(l) 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Kashkaval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(m) 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Cheese of sheep's milk or buffalo milk, in containers containing brine, or in sheep or goatskin bottles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(n) 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Tilsit, not pressed, matured for at least one month, and Butterkäse, within an annual tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes, originating in Austria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(o) 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>— Blue-veined cheese, not grated or powdered, — Edam of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter, exceeding 40 % but not exceeding 48 %, in whole cheeses of a net weight not exceeding 350 g (known as 'Geheimratskäse') within an annual tariff quota of 800 tonnes, originating in Austria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(p) 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Cheeses known as 'Feta' and 'Kefalotyri', made of cow's milk, of a fat content, by weight, in the dry matter, not exceeding 48 %, within an annual tariff quota of 150 tonnes, originating in Austria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(q) 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Finlandia of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight in the dry matter, matured for at least 100 days, in rectangular blocks of a net weight of not less than 30 kg, within an annual tariff quota of 2 900 tonnes, originating in Finland</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3042/82
of 15 November 1982
amending Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 with regard to the application of a reduced levy in respect of certain cheeses

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1183/82 (2), and in particular Article 14 (6) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 of 18 December 1979 determining the groups of products and the special provisions for calculating levies on milk and milk products and amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1463/82 (4), lays down certain conditions for the entry into the Community of certain cheeses falling within heading No 04.04 of the Common Customs Tariff; whereas the most recent amendment was required following bilateral agreements concluded under GATT; whereas, in the case of the agreement with Finland, the scope of the undertakings given concerning the Finlandia cheese quota should be more precisely specified;

Whereas the arrangement between Canada and the Community concerning certain cheeses (5) has been re-examined; whereas, following this examination, it is necessary to re-introduce, with effect from 1 January 1983, the tariff quota of 2750 tonnes of Cheddar originating in Canada; whereas it is therefore necessary to amend Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79;

Whereas a temporary arrangement between Norway and the European Economic Community on joint discipline in their trade in cheese has been concluded and should enter into force on 1 January 1983; whereas the arrangement provides for a restriction on the quantities of Jarlsberg cheese for import into the Community and on the levy applicable for a three-year period; whereas, accordingly, Article 11 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 and Annex II thereto should be supplemented;

Whereas the descriptions of the goods in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 cover only part of the products which fall within the Common Customs Tariff subheadings referred to therein; whereas the Annex in question should be amended by adding 'ex' in front of each subheading;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Article 11 (2) shall be replaced by the following:

'2. The levy on 100 kilograms of the products listed under (n) and (r) in Annex II shall be 55 ECU if it is established that the products correspond to the description therein.'

2. in point (d) of Annex II, the term 'within an annual tariff quota of 3,250 tonnes for 1981 and 1982' shall be replaced by the following 'within an annual tariff quota of 2,750 tonnes';

3. in Annex II, point (q) shall be replaced by the following:

\[
\text{\textit{(q) ex } 04.04 \text{ E I b) 2}} \\
\text{Finlandia of a minimum fat content of } 45 \% \text{ by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least 100 days, in rectangular blocks of a net weight of not less than 30 kilograms, originating in Finland, within an annual tariff quota of 2,900 tonnes. Any quantities of the product which are not imported may be replaced by corresponding quantities of cheeses specified in (b) of the first indent of (q).} \\
\]

4. the following point shall be added to Annex II:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCT heading No</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>\textit{(r) ex } 04.04 \text{ E I b) 2}</td>
<td>Whole Jarlsberg cheeses with nd, of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight, in the dry matter, and of a dry matter content by weight of not less than 58 %, matured for at least three months, originating in Norway, within an annual tariff quota of:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- 1,500 tonnes for 1983</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- 1,600 tonnes for 1984</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- 1,700 tonnes for 1985</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. in Annex II, 'ex' shall be inserted before every Common Customs Tariff subheading listed from (a) to (p).

\textit{Article 2}

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the \textit{Official Journal of the European Communities}.

It shall apply from 1 January 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 15 November 1982.

\textit{For the Council}

\textit{The President}

N. A. KOFOED
Annex I(d)

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1767/82
of 1 July 1982
laying down detailed rules for applying specific import levies on certain milk products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1183/82 (2), and in particular Article 14 (7) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 974/71 of 12 May 1971 on certain measures of conjunctural policy to be taken in agriculture following the temporary widening of the margins of fluctuation for the currencies of certain Member States (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3605/81 (4), and in particular Article 6 thereof,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 (5), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1463/82 (6), provides for specific levies on certain cheeses from non-member countries;

Whereas the conditions for admission to the tariff headings given for most of these cheeses are laid down in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1054/68 (7), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 584/82 (8), and in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2965/79 (9), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1898/81 (10); whereas, as a result of the most recent amendment to Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79, admission to tariff headings is no longer the sole factor to be considered for the purposes of applying the specific levy; whereas, therefore, the Commission Regulations in this field should be amended;

Whereas, for the sake of clarity and administrative efficiency, all the provisions relating to application of the specific levy should be brought together in a single Regulation;

Whereas the detailed description of goods complicates the import procedure; whereas the import procedure could be considerably simplified if the exporting country gave an assurance that the product exported met the description of the goods in question; whereas, therefore, a product should not qualify for the specific levy unless it is accompanied by a certificate issued in a prescribed form on the responsibility of the exporting country and providing the said assurance; whereas this system of certificates is also used by non-member countries to monitor compliance with tariff quotas; whereas, consequently, no Community system need be introduced for this purpose;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1055/68 (11), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2751/80 (12), sets the fixed amount representing delivery costs to Community customs territory in respect of certain cheeses from Finland; whereas this fixed amount is no longer a factor to be taken into consideration in respect of import of cheese from Finland; whereas the Regulation in question should therefore be repealed;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

(7) OJ No L 179, 25. 7. 1968, p. 25.
(11) OJ No L 179, 25. 7. 1968, p. 27.
HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

**Article 1**

1. The import levies applicable to the products listed in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 shall be those listed in Annex I to this Regulation.

2. The products listed in Annex I shall qualify for the abovementioned import levies only on production of an IMA I certificate drawn up according to the specimen in Annex II, subject to compliance with the conditions laid down in this Regulation.

3. Admission:
   - to subheading 04.02 B I a) of the Common Customs Tariff of special milk for infants, in hermetically sealed containers of a net content not exceeding 500 grams and with a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % but not exceeding 27 %, and
   - of Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziger), to subheading 04.04 B of the Common Customs Tariff made from skimmed milk with finely-ground herbs added,
   shall be subject to production of the certificate referred to in paragraph 2 and to compliance with the conditions laid down in this Regulation.

**Article 2**

1. The dimensions of the form referred to in Article 1 (2) shall be 210 x 297 mm. The paper used shall weigh at least 40 g/m² and shall be white in colour.

2. The forms shall be printed and completed in an official Community language. They may also be printed and completed in an official language of the exporting country in addition to an official Community language.

3. The form shall be completed, either in typescript or in manuscript. Block letters shall be used for forms completed in manuscript.

4. Each certificate shall bear a serial number allocated to it by the issuing agency.

**Article 3**

1. A separate certificate must be drawn up for each type and each form of presentation of the products referred to in Article 1.

2. The certificate must contain, in respect of each type and each form of presentation, the particulars set out in Annex III.

**Article 4**

Within three months of the date of issue of the certificate, the original thereof shall be presented to the customs authorities of the importing Member State, together with the products to which it relates, except in unforeseeable circumstances or in cases of force majeure.

**Article 5**

1. A certificate shall be valid only if duly completed and authenticated by an issuing agency listed in Annex IV.

2. The certificate shall be regarded as duly authenticated when it shows the date and place of issue, is stamped by the issuing agency and bears the signature or signatures of the person or persons qualified to sign it.

3. A certificate on which the free-at-frontier price must be shown shall be regarded as valid even where the free-at-frontier value to be observed has altered during the period between the issue of the certificate and the placing of the product into free circulation in the Community, provided that:
   - the free-at-frontier price shown on the certificate is not less than the free-at-frontier value applicable on the date of issue;
   - the certificate was issued less than a month before the change in the free-at-frontier value.

**Article 6**

1. An issuing agency may be listed in Annex IV only if:
   - it is recognized as such by the exporting country;
   - it undertakes to verify the particulars set out in the certificates;
   - it undertakes to supply the Commission and the Member States, upon request, with any information that may be required to assess the particulars set out in the certificates.

2. Annex IV shall be revised when the condition referred to in paragraph 1 (a) is no longer fulfilled or when an issuing agency does not fulfil one of the obligations it has undertaken.

**Article 7**

Member States shall take the measures necessary to check that the system of certificates established by this Regulation is operating correctly.

**Article 8**

No monetary compensatory amounts shall apply when the products specified in (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (k), (l), (a) and (r) of Annex I are put into free circulation.

**Article 9**


**Article 10**

This Regulation shall enter into force on 5 July 1982.
This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 July 1982.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission
### ANNEX I

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCT heading No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Country of origin</th>
<th>Import levy in ECU per 100 kg net weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| (a) ex 04.04 A | **Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Appenzell, Vacherin fribourgeois and Tête de moine, not grated or powdered, of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least two months in the case of Vacherin fribourgeois and at least three months in the case of the others:**  
  — Whole cheeses with rind (') (a), of a free-at-frontier value (°) of not less than 348-46 ECU but less than 372-64 ECU per 100 kg net weight,  
  — Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas, with rind (') (a) on at least one side, of a net weight of not less than 1 kg but less than 5 kg and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 372-64 ECU but less than 396-82 ECU per 100 kg net weight | Switzerland       | 18-13                                  |
| (b) ex 04.04 A | **Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Appenzell, Vacherin fribourgeois and Tête de Moine, not grated or powdered, of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least two months in the case of Vacherin fribourgeois, and at least three months in the case of the others:**  
  — Whole cheeses with rind (') (a), of a free-at-frontier value (°), not less than 372-64 ECU per 100 kg net weight,  
  — Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas (°), with rind (') (a) on at least one side, of a net weight of not less than 1 kg and of a free-at-frontier value (°) not less than 396-82 ECU per 100 kg net weight,  
  — Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas (°), of a net weight not exceeding 450 g and of a free-at-frontier value (°) of not less than 430-67 ECU per 100 kg net weight | Switzerland       | 9-07                                   |
| (c) ex 04.04 A | **Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, and Bergkäse, not grated or powdered, of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least three months:**  
  — Whole cheeses with rind (') (a), subject to an annual tariff quota of:  
    (a) 5 000 tonnes originating in Austria,  
    (b) 2 950 tonnes originating in Finland  
  — Pieces packed in vacuum on in inert gas (°), with rind (') (a) on at least one side, of a net weight of not less than 1 kg but less than 5 kg, subject to an annual tariff quota of:  
    (a) 3 000 tonnes originating in Austria,  
    (b) 1 350 tonnes originating in Finland | Austria, Finland  | 18-13                                  |
| (d) ex 04.04 E I b) | **Cheddar, made from unpasteurized milk, of a minimum fat content of 50 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least nine months, of a free-at-frontier value (°) per 100 kg net weight of not less than:**  
  — 277-96 ECU in the case of whole cheeses (') (b),  
  — 296-10 ECU in the case of cheeses of a net weight of not less than 500 g,  
  — 308-19 ECU in the case of cheeses of a net weight of less than 500 g,  
  subject to an annual tariff quota of 2 750 tonnes. | Canada            | 12-09                                  |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCT heading No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Country of origin</th>
<th>Import lev in ECU per 100 kg net weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(e) ex 04.04 E I b) 1</td>
<td>Whole cheddar cheeses (b), of a minimum fat content of 50 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least three months and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 271.92 ECU per 100 kg net weight, subject to an annual tariff quota of 9,000 tonnes</td>
<td>Australia, New Zealand</td>
<td>12.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f) ex 04.04 E I b) 1 and ex 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>— Cheddar and — Other cheeses falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2, intended for processing, of a free-at-frontier value (f) of not less than 247.74 ECU per 100 kg net weight, subject to an annual tariff quota of 3,500 tonnes</td>
<td>Australia, New Zealand</td>
<td>12.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(g) ex 04.04 D</td>
<td>Processed cheese, not grated or powdered, in the blending of which only Emmentaler, Gruyère and Appenzell have been used and which may contain, as an addition, Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziiger), put up for retail sale (i), of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 243 ECU per 100 kg net weight and of a fat content not exceeding 56 % by weight, in the dry matter</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>36.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(h) ex 04.04 D</td>
<td>Processed cheese, not grated or powdered, in the blending of which only Emmentaler, Gruyère and Appenzell have been used and which may contain, as an addition, Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziiger), put up for retail sale (i), of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 243 ECU per 100 kg net weight and of a fat content not exceeding 56 % by weight, in the dry matter, subject to an annual tariff quota of (a) 3,700 tonnes originating in Austria, (b) 500 tonnes originating in Finland</td>
<td>Austria, Finland</td>
<td>36.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) ex 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Tilsit, of a fat content not exceeding 48 % by weight, in the dry matter</td>
<td>Romania, Switzerland</td>
<td>77.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(k) ex 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Tilsit, of a fat content exceeding 48 % by weight, in the dry matter</td>
<td>Romania, Switzerland</td>
<td>101.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(l) ex 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Kashkaval</td>
<td>Bulgaria, Hungary, Israel, Romania, Turkey</td>
<td>65.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(m) ex 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Cheese of sheep’s milk or buffalo milk, in containers containing brine, or in sheepskin or goatskin bottles</td>
<td>Bulgaria, Hungary, Israel, Romania, Turkey</td>
<td>65.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(n) ex 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Tilsit, not pressed, matured for at least one month, and Butterkäse, subject to an annual tariff quota of 1,500 tonnes, originating in Austria</td>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>55.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(o) ex 04.04 C and ex 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>— Blue-veined cheese, not grated or powdered, and — Edam with a fat content by weight, in the dry matter, of more than 40 % but less than 48 %, put up in forms of a net weight not exceeding 350 g (known as Geheimrat-käse), subject to an annual tariff quota of 800 tonnes, originating in Austria</td>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### CCT heading No

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Country of origin</th>
<th>Import levv in ECU per 100 kg net weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(p) ex 04.04 E I b) 2 Feta and Kefalotvrni, made from cow’s milk, of a fat content not exceeding 48 % by weight, in the dry matter, subject to an annual tariff quota of 130 tonnes, originating in Austria</td>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>50:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(q) ex 04.04 E I b) 2 Finlandia, of a minimum fat content of 45 % by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least 100 days, in rectangular blocks of a net weight of not less than 30 kg, subject to an annual tariff quota of 2,900 tonnes</td>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>18:13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) (a) ‘Whole cheeses, with rind’ means whole cheeses of the following net weights:

- Emmentaler: not less than 60 kg but not more than 130 kg inclusive,
- Gruyère: not less than 20 kg but not more than 45 kg inclusive,
- Bergkäse: not less than 20 kg but not more than 60 kg inclusive,
- Appenzell: not less than 6 kg but not more than 8 kg inclusive,
- Vacherin fribourgeois: not less than 6 kg but not more than 10 kg inclusive,
- Tête de moine: not less than 0.700 kg but not more than 4 kg inclusive.

For the purposes of these provisions, ‘rind’ is defined as follows:

‘The rind of such cheeses is the outer layer formed from the cheese itself, having a distinctly more solid consistency and a distinctly darker colour.’

(b) ‘Whole cheddar cheeses’ means:

- whole cheeses of a net weight of not less than 33 kg but not more than 44 kg inclusive,
- cubic blocks or parallelepipeds of cheese of a net weight of not less than 10 kg.

(2) ‘Free-at-frontier value’ means the free-at-frontier price or fob price in the country of exportation, plus a fixed amount, where appropriate, for delivery costs to the customs territory of the Community.

(3) The concession shall apply to vacuum-packed pieces of a net weight of less than 450 g provided that the packings of such goods bear at least the following particulars:

- the name of the cheese,
- the fat content by weight in the dry matter,
- the packer responsible,
- the country of origin of the cheese.

(*) The expression ‘put up for retail sale’ shall be taken to apply to cheese put up in immediate packings of a net weight not exceeding 1 kg containing portions or slices of an individual net weight not exceeding 100 g.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Seller</th>
<th>2. Serial No of issue</th>
<th>ORIGINAL</th>
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<tbody>
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**CERTIFICATE**

for the admission of certain milk products to certain headings or subheadings of the Common Customs Tariff

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</table>

**IMPORTANT**

A. A separate certificate must be made out for each form of presentation of each product.

B. The certificate must be in an official language of the European Economic Community. It may also contain a translation into the official language or one official language of the exporting country.

C. The certificate must be made out in accordance with the Community provisions in force.

D. The original and, where appropriate, a copy of the certificate must be presented to the customs office in the Community at the time when the product is being put into free circulation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>7. Marks, numbers, number and kind of packages; detailed description of product and particulars of its form of presentation</th>
<th>8. Gross weight (kg)</th>
<th>9. Net weight (kg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

10. Raw material used

11. Fat content by weight (kg) referred to dry matter

12. Water content by weight (kg) in non-fat matter

13. Fat content by weight (kg)

14. Ripening period

15. Community free-at-frontier price per 100 kg net weight (in ECU) equal to or more than:

16. Observations: (a) tariff quota (')
    (b) intended for processing (')

17. IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED

    — that the particulars set out above are accurate and comply with the Community provisions in force,
    — that for the products described above, no discount, refund, or any other rebate will be granted to the buyer, which may lead to the product in question having a value less than the minimum import value fixed for such product (').

18. Issuing agency

    (Signature and stamp of issuing agency)
ANNEX III

RULES FOR COMPLETING CERTIFICATES

The following must be completed, in addition to boxes 1 to 6, 9, 17 and 18:

A. As regards special milk for infants falling within subheading 04.02 B I a) of the Common Customs Tariff:
   1. Box 7 by specifying 'special milk for infants which is free from toxicogenic or pathogenic germs and contains per gram less than 10 000 revivifiable aerobic bacteria and less than two coliform bacteria',
   2. Box 10 by specifying 'exclusively home-produced cows' milk',
   3. Box 13 by specifying 'exceeding 10 % but not exceeding 27 %'.

B. As regards Emmentaler, Guyère, Sbrinz, Bergkäse, Appenzell, Vacherin fribourgeois or Tête de moine cheese falling within subheading 04.04 A of the Common Customs Tariff:
   1. Box 7 by specifying, as appropriate, 'Emmentaler cheese', 'Gruyère cheese', 'Sbrinz cheese', 'Bergkäse cheese', 'Appenzell cheese', 'Vacherin fribourgeois cheese' or 'Tête de moine cheese' and, as appropriate, 'in whole cheeses, with rind', 'in pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas, with rind on at least one side, and of a weight of not less than 1 kg but less than 5 kg', 'in pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas, with rind on at least one side, and of a net weight of not less than 1 kg', 'in pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas, of a net weight not exceeding 450 g',
   2. Box 10 by specifying 'exclusively home-produced cows' milk',
   3. Box 11 by specifying 'at least 45 %',
   4. Boxes 14 and 15; in the case of products originating in Austria or Finland, however, box 15 need not be completed.

C. As regards Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziger) falling within subheading 04.04 B of the Common Customs Tariff:
   1. Box 7 by specifying 'Glarus cheese (known as Schabziger)',
   2. Box 10 by specifying 'exclusively home-produced skimmed milk with finely-ground herbs added'.

D. As regards the processed cheeses listed under (g) and (h) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 D I of the Common Customs Tariff:
   1. Box 7 by specifying 'processed cheese, put up in immediate packaging of a weight not exceeding 1 kg containing portions or slices each weighing not more than 100 g',
   2. Box 10 by specifying 'exclusively home-produced Emmentaler, Gruyère and Appenzell and possibly as an addition, Glarus herb cheese (known as Schabziger)',
   3. Box 11 by specifying 'not more than 56 %',
   4. Box 15; in the case of products originating in Austria or Finland, however, Box 15 need not be completed.

E. As regards cheddar cheese listed under (d) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 1 of the Common Customs Tariff:
   1. Box 7 by specifying, as appropriate: 'whole cheddar cheeses', 'cheddar cheeses in forms other than whole cheeses, of a net weight of not less than 300 g', 'cheddar cheese in forms other than whole cheeses, of a net weight of less than 300 g'.


2. Box 10 by specifying 'exclusively unpasteurized home-produced cows' milk',

3. Box 11 by specifying 'at least 50 %',

4. Box 14 by specifying 'at least nine months',

5. Boxes 15 and 16 by specifying the period for which the quota is valid.

F. As regards cheddar cheeses listed under (e) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 1 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying 'whole cheddar cheeses',

2. Box 10 by specifying 'exclusively home-produced cows' milk',

3. Box 11 by specifying 'at least 50 %',

4. Box 14 specifying 'at least three months',

5. Boxes 15 and 16 by specifying the period for which the quota is valid.

G. As regards cheddar cheese intended for processing as listed under (f) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 1 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying 'whole cheddar cheeses',

2. Box 10 by specifying 'exclusively home-produced cows' milk',

3. Boxes 15 and 16 by specifying the period for which the quota is valid.

H. As regards Tilsit and Butterkäse cheeses listed under (i) and (k) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying as appropriate, 'Tilsit cheese' or 'Butterkäse cheese',

2. Box 10 by specifying 'exclusively home-produced cows' milk',


I. As regards Kashkaval cheeses listed under (l) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying 'Kashkaval cheese',

2. Box 10 by specifying 'exclusively home-produced sheep's milk',


K. As regards cheeses of sheep's milk or buffalo milk in containers containing brine, or in sheepskin or goatskin bottles, as listed under (m) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying, as appropriate, 'cheese of sheep's milk' or 'cheese of buffalo milk' and 'in containers containing brine' or 'in sheepskin or goatskin bottles',

2. Box 10 by specifying, as appropriate, 'exclusively home-produced sheep's milk' or 'exclusively home-produced buffalo milk',


L. As regards other cheese, other than cheddar, intended for processing, as listed under (f) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying 'exclusively home-produced cows' milk',

2. Boxes 15 and 16 by specifying the period for which the quota is valid.
M. As regards Edam cheese listed under (o) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying ‘Edam cheese in forms of a net weight not exceeding 350 g (known as Geheimratskäse)’,
2. Box 11 by specifying ‘not less than 40 % but less than 48 %’.

N. As regards blue-veined cheeses listed under (o) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 C of the Common Customs Tariff:

Box 7 by specifying ‘blue-veined cheese, not grated or powdered’.

O. As regards Feta and Kefalotyri cheeses listed under (p) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying, as appropriate, ‘Feta’ or ‘Kefalotyri’,
2. Box 10 by specifying ‘exclusively home-produced cows’ milk’,
3. Box 11 by specifying ‘less than 48 %’.

P. As regards Finlandia cheeses listed under (q) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying ‘Finlandia cheese in rectangular blocks, of a net weight of not less than 30 kg’,
2. Box 11 by specifying ‘at least 45 %’,
3. Box 14 by specifying ‘at least 100 days’.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-member country</th>
<th>CCT subheading and description</th>
<th>Issuing agency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Australia</strong></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 1 and 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Cheddar and cheese for processing. Department of Primary Industry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Austria</strong></td>
<td>04.04 A</td>
<td>Emmentaler, Gruyere, Berghäse. Milchwirtschaftsfonds und Österreichische Hartkäse. Export-Gesellschaft, either jointly or separately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 C</td>
<td>Blue-veined cheese. Export Gesellschaft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 D</td>
<td>Processed cheese. Milchwirtschaftsfonds and Österreichische Hartkäse.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Edam. Export Gesellschaft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Tilsit and Butterkäse. Milchwirtschaftsfonds and Österreichische Hartkäse.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Bulgaria</strong></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Kashkaval and cheeses of sheep’s milk or buffalo milk. Daržavna Inspektzia za Kontrola na Stokite za Iznos (DIKSI).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Canada</strong></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 1</td>
<td>Cheddar. Canadian Dairy Commission. Commission canadienne du lait.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Cyprus</strong></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Cheeses of sheep’s milk or buffalo milk. Ministry of Commerce and Industry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Finland</strong></td>
<td>04.04 A</td>
<td>Emmentaler, Gruyere, Processed cheese. Maitotalousotterteiden Tarkastusliitos.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 D</td>
<td>Finlandia. Maitotalousotterteiden Tarkastusliitos.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Hungary</strong></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Kashkaval and cheeses of sheep’s milk or buffalo milk. Tejtermékek Magyar Allami Elle-nörzo Alomasa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Israel</strong></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Kashkaval and cheeses of sheep’s milk. Ministry of Industry and Trade, Food Division.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>New Zealand</strong></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 1 and 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Cheddar and cheese for processing. New Zealand Dairy Board.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Romania</strong></td>
<td>ex 04.04 E I b) 2 and 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Tilsit. Kashkaval and cheeses of sheep’s milk or buffalo milk. Officiul de Control al Marfurilor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Switzerland</strong></td>
<td>04.02 B I a)</td>
<td>Special milk for infants. Office fédéral de l’agriculture du département fédéral de l’économie publique.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 A</td>
<td>Appenzell. Office commercial pour le fromage d’Appenzell.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 A</td>
<td>Emmentaler, Gruyere, Schnitz. Union suisse du commerce de fromage SA.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-member country</th>
<th>CCT subheading and description</th>
<th>Issuing agency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Switzerland</strong> (cont'd)</td>
<td>04.04 A Vacherin fribourgeois, Tête de moine</td>
<td>Société suisse des fabricants de fromages à pâte molle et mi-dure SFPF Berne</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 B Glarus herb cheese</td>
<td>Chambre de commerce glaronaise and Société suisse des fabricants de fromages aux herbes à ri Glarus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 D Processed cheese</td>
<td>Union suisse du commerce de fromage SA Berne</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2 Tilsit</td>
<td>Central suisse du Commerce du Tilsit and Office fédéral de l'agriculture du département fédéral de l'économie publique Weinfelden Berne</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Turkey</strong></td>
<td>ex 04.04 E I b) 2 Kashkaval and cheeses of sheep's milk or buffalo milk</td>
<td>TC Tarim Bakaniigi Veterinary services of the Tarim Bankanligi at various locations in Turkey</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3336/82
of 13 December 1982
amending Regulations (EEC) No 1767/82 and (EEC) No 1953/82 with regard to implementation of the detailed rules for the import and export of certain cheeses

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1183/82 (2), and in particular Article 14(7) and the first subparagraph of Article 17(4) thereof,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 of 18 December 1979 determining the groups of products and the special provisions for calculating levies on milk and milk products and amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff (3) was last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3042/82 (4) to take account of the review of the arrangement between Canada and the Community on cheeses, certain conditions relating to the quota for certain cheese originating in Finland and the temporary arrangement between the Community and Norway on joint discipline ;

Whereas, following this amendment, Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 of 1 July 1982 laying down detailed rules for applying specific import levies on certain milk products (5), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2478/82 (6), must be changed accordingly ;

Whereas the quantities of Finlandia cheese which may be imported under the system provided for in the arrangement with Finland are specified in item (q) of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 ; whereas it has been agreed that, should these quantities not be reached, they may be replaced by equivalent quantities of cheeses listed under (b) of the first indent of item (c) of the said Annex ; whereas this option should accordingly be indicated in Annex I to the said Regulation ;

Whereas, following the changes to certain subheadings of the Common Customs Tariff, Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1953/82 of 6 July 1982 laying down special conditions for the export of certain cheeses to certain third countries (7), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2724/82 (8), should be amended accordingly ;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 is hereby amended as follows :

1. In item (d) of Annex I the phrase 'subject to an annual tariff quota of 3 250 tonnes for 1982' is replaced by 'subject to an annual tariff quota of 2 750 tonnes' ;

2. Article 8 is replaced by the following :

'Article 8

No monetary compensatory amounts shall apply when the products specified in items (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (k), (l), (m) and (r) of Annex I are put into free circulation.'

3. Item (q) of Annex I is replaced by the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCT heading No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Country of origin</th>
<th>Import levy in ECU per 100 kg net weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(q) ex 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Finlandia, of a minimum fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least 100 days, in rectangular blocks of a net weight of not less than 30 kg, originating in Finland, within an annual tariff quota of 2,900 tonnes. Any quantities of the product which are not imported may be replaced by corresponding quantities of cheeses specified in (b) of the first indent of (c).</td>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>18:13'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. The following item (r) is added to Annex I:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCT heading No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Country of origin</th>
<th>Import levy in ECU per 100 kg net weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(r) ex 04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Whole Jarlsberg cheeses with rind, of a minimum fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, and of a dry matter content by weight of not less than 58%, matured for at least three months, originating in Norway, within an annual tariff quota of:</td>
<td>Norway</td>
<td>55:00'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— 1,500 tonnes for 1983</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— 1,600 tonnes for 1984</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— 1,700 tonnes for 1985</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. The following indent is added to footnote (') (a) to Annex I:

'— Jarlsberg: not less than 9 kg but not more than 10 kg inclusive.'

6. In Annex III D the phrase 'subheading 04.04 D I' is replaced by 'subheading 04.04 D'.

7. The following is added to Annex III:

'As regards Jarlsberg cheeses listed under (r) in Annex I and falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2 of the Common Customs Tariff:

1. Box 7 by specifying 'whole Jarlsberg cheeses of a net weight of not less than 9 kg but more than 10 kg inclusive',
2. Box 11 by specifying 'at least 45%',
3. Box 14 by specifying 'at least three months'.

8. The following entry is added to Annex IV between the entries for Israel and New Zealand:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-member country</th>
<th>CCT subheading and description</th>
<th>Issuing agency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Norway</td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2</td>
<td>Jarlsberg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Article 2

In Article 2(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1953/82 the phrase 'subheading 04.04 D II' is replaced by 'subheading 04.04 D'.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply from 1 January 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 13 December 1982.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission
COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1264/83
of 20 May 1983
amending Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 as regards the adjustment of the free-at-frontier values of certain cheeses for the 1983/84 milk year

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products (1), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1183/82 (2), and in particular Article 14 (7) thereof,

Whereas Articles 7 (2) and 9 (2) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2915/79 of 18 December 1979 determining the groups of products and the special provisions for calculating levies on milk and milk products and amending Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 on the Common Customs Tariff (3), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1206/83 (4), provide for the adjustment of the free-at-frontier values for certain cheeses for any variation in the target price for milk or the threshold price of Cheddar; whereas these values were laid down by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 (5), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 86/83 (6);

Whereas as a result of the fixing of the target price and the threshold prices for the 1983/84 milk year, it is necessary to adjust the free-at-frontier values shown in Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82;

Whereas the reference to processed cheeses in Annex III (D) to that Regulation should be extended to include the processed cheeses listed under (h) in Annex I to the same Regulation;

Whereas the Government of the People's Republic of Bulgaria has designated a different agency which is authorized to issue IMA 1 certificates; whereas it is necessary therefore to amend Annex IV in order to take account of that change,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 is hereby amended as follows:

1. Points (a), (b), (d), (e) and (f) in Annex I are replaced by the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCT heading No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Country of origin</th>
<th>Import levy in ECU per 100 kg net weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| (a) ex 04.04 A | Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Appenzell, Vacherin tribourgeois and Tête de moine, not grated or powdered, of a minimum fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least two months in the case of Vacherin tribourgeois and at least three months in the case of the others:  
  — Whole cheeses with rind (1) (a), of a free-at-frontier value (7) of not less than 357.14 ECU but less than 381.32 ECU per 100 kg net weight,  
  — Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas, with rind (1) (a) on at least one side, of a net weight of not less than 1 kg but less than 3 kg and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 381.32 ECU but less than 405.5 ECU per 100 kg net weight | Switzerland | 18.13 |

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(4) OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1983, p. 3.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CCT heading No</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Country of origin</th>
<th>Import levy per 100 kg net weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| (b) ex 04.04 A | Emmentaler, Gruyère, Sbrinz, Appenzell, Vacherin fribourgeois and Tête de Moine, not grated or powdered, of a minimum fat content of 45% by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least two months in the case of Vacherin fribourgeois, and at least three months in the case of the others:  
  — Whole cheeses with rind (a), of a free-at-frontier value (b), not less than 381.32 ECU per 100 kg net weight,  
  — Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas (c), with rind (d) on at least one side, of a net weight of not less than 1 kg and of a free-at-frontier value (e) not less than 405.50 ECU per 100 kg net weight,  
  — Pieces packed in vacuum or in inert gas (f), of a net weight not exceeding 450 g and of a free-at-frontier value (g) of not less than 439.35 ECU per 100 kg net weight | Switzerland         | 9.07                             |
| (d) ex 04.04 E I b) 1 | Cheddar, made from unpasteurized milk, of a minimum fat content of 50% by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least nine months, of a free-at-frontier value (h) per 100 kg net weight of not less than:  
  — 285.79 ECU in the case of whole cheeses (i) (b),  
  — 303.93 ECU in the case of cheeses of a net weight of not less than 500 g,  
  — 316.02 ECU in the case of cheeses of a net weight of less than 500 g, subject to an annual tariff quota of 2750 tonnes | Canada              | 12.09                            |
| (e) ex 04.04 E I b) 1 | Whole cheddar cheeses (i) (b), of a minimum fat content of 50% by weight, in the dry matter, matured for at least three months and of a free-at-frontier value of not less than 279.75 ECU per 100 kg net weight, subject to an annual tariff quota of 9000 tonnes | Australia, New Zealand | 12.09                            |
| (f) ex 04.04 E I b) 1 and ex 04.04 E I b) 2 | — Cheddar and  
  — Other cheeses falling within subheading 04.04 E I b) 2, intended for processing, of a free-at-frontier value (i) of not less than 255.37 ECU per 100 kg net weight, subject to an annual tariff quota of 3500 tonnes | Australia, New Zealand | 12.09'                           |
2. In Annex III (D) the words 'As regards the processed cheeses listed under (g) in Annex I' are replaced by the words 'As regards the processed cheeses listed under (g) and (h) in Annex I'.

3. The heading concerning Bulgaria in Annex IV is hereby replaced by the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-member country</th>
<th>CCT subheading and description</th>
<th>Issuing agency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bulgaria</td>
<td>04.04 E I b) 2 Kashkaval and cheeses of sheep's milk or buffalo milk</td>
<td>Bulgarkontrola Sofia</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Article 2**

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 23 May 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 May 1983.

*For the Commission*

Poul DALSAGER

*Member of the Commission*