The following communication has been received from the Permanent Mission of Romania.

The Permanent Mission of Romania to the European Office of the United Nations and the International Organizations in Switzerland presents its compliments to the Director-General of GATT and has the honour to forward to him, in accordance with the provisions of Article 5.4(b) of the Agreement on Import Licensing Procedures, the unofficial translation into English of Government Decision No. 215/1992 and Order No. 2/1993 of the Minister of Trade, on Romania's export and import licensing régime. This information replaces the information previously provided in documents LIC/1/Add.15 and 51.

At the same time, it has the honour to submit, in accordance with the provisions of Article 1.4 of the Agreement, copies of the publications (in Romanian) containing rules and information on the export and import licensing régime.

1Available for reference in the Secretariat (Office No. 3013).
GOVERNMENT DECISION NO. 215/1992
ON EXPORT AND IMPORT LICENSING
RÉGIME IN ROMANIA

The Government of Romania decides:

Article 1 - Export and import transactions can be performed only by economic operators whose object of activity provides for the carrying out of such operations.

Article 2 - The export and import of goods from and into the customs territory of Romania are liberalized, and are not subject to export and import licensing.

Article 3 - The following goods are exempted from the provisions of Article 2: goods under quantitative restrictions, goods subject to control régime according to the international commitments undertaken by Romania, regarding non-proliferation of mass destruction weapons and carrying missiles of nuclear interest, as well as any other goods subject to control under the provisions of this Decision for which export and import licences are necessary.

The following are subject to the licensing régime: commercial transactions under clearing, barter or co-operation arrangements agreed upon through governmental agreements; transactions aimed at recovering external claims (due payments) of the State; those carried out under credits granted or agreed upon at government level; as well as export-import compensation (counter-purchase) transactions.

Article 4 - With a view to ensuring the general or local equilibrium in the domestic market, general security, protection of cultural and artistic patrimony, as well as the preservation of exhaustible natural resources, the Ministry of Trade and Tourism may place certain export goods under temporary quantitative restrictions, control or ban.

Article 5 - The Ministry of Trade and Tourism may establish temporary quantitative restrictions on imports in the following circumstances:

(a) in the case of an imminent threat of balance-of-payments deficit or with a view to creating normal foreign exchange reserves;

(b) when certain imports, by their quantity or conditions under which they are performed, cause or threaten to cause serious injury to domestic producers of similar or directly competitive products.

Article 6 - Quantitative restrictions on imports may be imposed at the well-motivated request of the National Bank of Romania, national economic operators or of the associations of national economic operators, as the case may be, and are to remain in force until the elimination of the negative influences which may have led to the introduction of such measures.
Article 7 - For reasons of public morality, human life or health, environment and national security protection, the Ministry of Trade and Tourism may submit certain goods to import control or import ban.

Article 8 - The imposition of quantitative restrictions on exports and imports, submission of goods to export or import control or ban, lists of goods subject to such measures, as well as the period of application of those measures shall be published.

The list of goods subject to control régime in compliance with the international commitments undertaken by Romania on non-proliferation of mass destruction weapons and carrying missiles, of radioactive materials, nuclear installations and materials of nuclear interest, as well as the procedure used to allow the respective imports or exports, is established by joint order of the Ministry of Trade and Tourism, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Industry, Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of National Defence, and shall be published.

Article 9 - Export and import licences mentioned in this Decision are issued by the Ministry of Trade and Tourism through the Foreign Trade Department.

Article 10 - Export and import licences are issued in a maximum of ten days from the date of registration of the application with the Ministry of Trade and Tourism, and are, as a rule, valid until the end of the calendar year for which they have been issued.

Article 11 - In accordance with the provisions of this Decision, export and import licences for goods subject to quantitative restrictions are issued for such a period of time as to avoid blocking up the utilization of quotas.

Article 12 - The rejection of an application for export or import licence shall be documented and be communicated to the respective economic operator.

Article 13 - The Ministry of Trade and Tourism will establish guidelines for the application of the provisions of this Decision.

The Ministry of Economy and Finance will establish specific procedures for the submission of customs documents in application of this Decision.

Article 14 - This Decision comes into force on 1 May 1992.

On the date this Decision comes into force, Government Decision No.726 of 14 October 1991, as well as any other contrary provisions are abrogated.

PRIME-MINISTER
Theodor Stolojan

Bucharest, 30 April 1992
ORDER NO. 2/1993
ON EXPORT AND IMPORT LICENSING RÉGIME

Based on Government Decision No. 815/1992 on the organization and tasks of the Ministry of Trade,

Taking into consideration the provisions of Government Decision No. 215/1992 on export and import licensing régime,

The Minister of Trade issues the following Order:

Article 1 - The Ministry of Trade issues export and import licences as a prerequisite for exports from and imports into Romania's customs territory of the following categories of goods:

(a) goods under quotas;

(b) goods subject to quantitative restrictions imposed by certain countries when imported from Romania, for which rules will be established by separate Orders of the Minister of Trade;

(c) goods under surveillance régimes introduced by certain countries for Romanian exports, for which rules will be established by separate Orders of the Minister of Trade;

(d) goods subject to export and import control régimes as follows:
   - goods listed in Annexes 1 and 2 of this Order;
   - goods listed in the Annexes to Government Decision No. 594/1992, on import and export régime of goods and technologies under control of the final destination, as well as for the goods under export control for reasons related to non-proliferation of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons and of carrying missiles for such weapons;
   - goods listed in the Annex to Order No. 150/1992 of the Minister of Trade and Tourism on export and import licences for certain chemical products under international control;

(e) goods temporarily prohibited for export but which are related to outward processing operations, goods to be used for supplying foreign ships and airplanes, for supplying Romanian personnel on building sites abroad, as well as, except for the goods prohibited by Law, for deliveries under contracts relating to building/assembling and to complex installation;

(f) goods temporarily prohibited for export but which are shipped abroad for outward processing operations;

(g) goods representing foreign economic aid (according to Government Decision No. 470/1992).
Article 2 - The Ministry of Trade issues transaction licences for the following categories of trade operations:

(a) trade operations to be settled through clearing, barter or co-operation accounts based on governmental agreements concluded by Romania with the countries listed in Annex 3 of this Order (according to Government Decision No. 555/1992);

(b) operations meant to recover Romania's external debt from countries listed in Annex 4 of this Order;

(c) operations carried out on the basis of credits granted or agreed at government level;

(d) export-import counter-purchase operations concluded at the level of economic operators.

Article 3 - Licences issued according to Article 2 are used only for formalities of execution, settlement and banking operations and are not necessary for customs clearance of the goods involved in the respective operations, except in the case when these goods are at the same time subject to provisions of Article 1 of this Order.

Article 4 - Goods listed in Annexes 5 and 6 of this Order are prohibited for export and/or import.

Article 5 - Instructions for issuing import and export licences are stipulated in Annex 7 of this Order.

Article 6 - The codification of terms of payment is listed in Annex 8 of this Order.

Article 7 - The codification of registration number of the import or export licence is contained in Annex 9 of this Order;

Article 8 - Sample application forms\(^1\) for export licences are contained in Annexes 10, 11 and 12 and, for import licences, in Annexes 13, 14 and 15 of this Order;

Article 9 - Sample application forms\(^1\) for export transaction licences are contained in Annexes 16, 17 and 18 and, for import transaction licences, in Annexes 19, 20 and 21 of this Order;

Article 10 - Annexes 1 to 21 are integral parts of this Order.


MINISTER,
Constantin Teculescu

Issued in Bucharest, on 29 January 1993

\(^1\)Available in Romanian for reference in the Secretariat.
ANNEX 1

LIST OF GOODS SUBJECT TO CONTROL FOR WHICH EXPORT AND IMPORT LICENCES ARE ISSUED (Article 1(d))

I. EXPORT

1. Weapons and ammunition authorized by law (Government Decision No. 547/1992);

2. Military equipment and other special products authorized by law (Government Decision No. 547/1992);

3. Explosives and toxic products authorized by law;

4. Drugs and narcotics authorized by law;

5. Precious metals, precious stones and objects made thereof, export of which is permitted by law;

6. Documentation regarding patents and know-how rights;

7. Goods which transit regions subject to embargoes under resolutions of the UN Security Council.

II. IMPORT

1. Weapons and ammunition authorized by law (Government Decision No. 547/1992);

2. Military equipment and other special products authorized by law (Government Decision No. 547/1992);

3. Explosives and toxic products authorized by law;

4. Drugs and narcotics authorized by law;


6. Goods which transit regions subject to embargoes under resolutions of the UN Security Council.

See list attached (pages 20-21)
### Annex 2

**List of Radioactive Products and Nuclear Installation Other Than Those Directly Used in Producing Nuclear Explosive Devices**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Heading</th>
<th>Product Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28 44 40</td>
<td>Radioactive elements of any kind of aggregation, except radioactive offals other than those which could be used for the proliferation of nuclear weapons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 44 50</td>
<td>Spent fuel elements of nuclear reactors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 22</td>
<td>Installations, apparatus or devices which extract, produce, process or contain radioactive products or nuclear products or nuclear radiation, generators, irrespective of the field of utilization, including medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 22 11</td>
<td>Apparatus based on use of X-rays radiation used for medical, surgical, dental or veterinary purpose, including radiography and radiotherapy apparatus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 22 19</td>
<td>Apparatus based on use of X-rays radiation, with other destination, including radiography and radiotherapy apparatus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 22 21</td>
<td>Apparatus based on alpha, beta or gamma radiation used for medical, surgical, dental or veterinary purpose, including radiography and radiotherapy apparatus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 22 29</td>
<td>Apparatus based on alpha, beta or gamma radiation, with other destination including apparatus for radiotherapy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 22 30</td>
<td>X-ray tubes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 22 90</td>
<td>Others, including parts and accessories</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 30 10</td>
<td>Instruments and apparatus designed for nuclear radiation measurement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) The general term "nuclear radiation" designates any of the following types of radiation: x-ray, alpha, beta, gamma, neutrons, electrons, high energy protons or other atomic particle.

Radiowave, visible radiation, infrared radiation and ultraviolet radiation are not included.
NOTE - In order to obtain import and/or export licences for the above-mentioned goods, economic operators must prove that competent authorities in the final user's country have given explicit assurance that:

- the goods will be under effective physical protection, in order to prevent unauthorised use and manipulation;

- the goods will be submitted, as the case may be, to International Agency for Atomic Energy guarantees, according to the provisions of document AIEA GOV/1621;

- the goods will be transported with the observance of the specific requirements;

- as the case may be, all provisions concerning protection against radiation will be observed.

The applicant must also prove that he has deposited a financial guarantee to cover the ceiling established by law for civil responsibility for nuclear damages.

The issuing of import and/or export licences for radioactive materials and nuclear installations is also subject to the presentation of import/export authorisation granted for this purpose by the National Commission for the Control of Nuclear Activities of the Ministry of Rivers, Forests and Environment, according to Law No. 61/1974.
ANNEX 3

LIST OF COUNTRIES WITH WHICH TRADE OPERATIONS ARE SETTLED THROUGH CLEARING, BARTER OR CO-OPERATION ACCOUNTS BASED ON GOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

1. Albania
2. Bulgaria
3. Czech Republic
4. Slovak Republic
5. Germany (former G.D.R.)
6. Poland
7. Hungary
8. Republic of Moldova
9. Russian Federation
10. Turkmenistan
11. People’s Republic of China
12. India
13. Cuba
14. Ukraine
15. Brazil
16. Ghana
17. Syria
18. Sudan
19. Egypt

NOTE: Romania may also carry on, at the same time, classical import and export transactions with the countries listed above in accordance with the provisions of this Order.
ANNEX 4

LIST OF COUNTRIES FROM WHICH ROMANIA HAS TO RECOVER CLAIMS IN THE ACCOUNT AND ON BEHALF OF THE STATE AS A RESULT OF EXPORTS ON CREDIT ON MORE THAN ONE YEAR

1. People's Republic of China
2. People's Democratic Republic of Korea
3. Mongolia
4. Vietnam
5. Sri Lanka
6. India
7. Indonesia
8. Pakistan
9. Bangladesh
10. Turkey
11. Hellenic Republic
12. Cuba
13. Peru
14. Angola
15. Guinea
16. People's Arab Jamahirya of Libya
17. Mozambique
18. Egypt
19. Central African Republic
20. Democratic Republic of Congo
21. Somalia
22. Sudan
23. Zambia
24. Syria
25. Iraq
26. Iran
ANNEX 5

LIST OF GOODS PROHIBITED FOR EXPORT AND IMPORT

I. EXPORT

1. Weapons and ammunition, not included in Government Decision No. 547/1992;

2. Military equipment and other special products not included in Government Decision No. 547/1992;

3. Explosives and toxic products, except those authorized by law;

4. Drugs and narcotics, except those authorized by law;

5. Medicines, medical apparatus and technico-sanitary materials not authorized by the Ministry of Health;

6. Goods belonging to National Cultural Patrimony, except those for which, according to the law, authorization has been granted to be temporarily taken out of the country;

7. Precious metals, precious stones and objects thereof, except those which are permitted to be taken out of the country by law.

II. IMPORT

1. Weapons and ammunition, not included in Government Decision No. 547/1992;

2. Military equipment and other special products not included in Governmental Decision No. 547/1992;

3. Explosives and toxic products, except those authorized by law;

4. Drugs and narcotics, except those authorized by law;

5. Medicines, medical apparatus and technico-sanitary materials not authorized by the Ministry of Health;

6. Written documents and printed matter of any kind, not authorized by law;

# ANNEX 6

**LIST OF RADIOACTIVE WASTES PROHIBITED FOR IMPORT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Heading</th>
<th>Product Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28 44</td>
<td>Radioactive wastes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 44 10</td>
<td>Wastes of natural uranium and its compounds, alloys, dispersions (including cements) ceramic products and mixture containing natural uranium or natural uranium compounds economically unprofitable for recovering radioactive compounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 44 20</td>
<td>Wastes of plutonium and uranium enriched in U 235; compounds and wastes of plutonium or uranium enriched, alloys, dispersions (including cements), ceramic products and mixtures economically unprofitable for the production of radioactive products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 44 30</td>
<td>Wastes of depleted uranium in U 235 and thorium and their compounds, alloys, dispersions (including cements), ceramic products and mixtures containing uranium depleted in U 235 or compounds economically unprofitable for the recovering of radio-active compounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 44 40</td>
<td>Wastes of radioactive elements and isotopes and compounds other than those of sub-headings Nos. 28 44 10, 28 44 20 and 28 44 30, alloys, dispersions (including cements), ceramic products and mixtures containing these elements economically unprofitable for the recovering of radioactive compounds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANNEX 7
INSTRUCTIONS ON ISSUING IMPORT AND EXPORT LICENCES

1. Import and export licences are nominally issued, on request, to any economic operator who has headquarters in Romania and who, according to law, carries out foreign trade activities.

Licences are issued to any economic operator, on a non-discriminatory basis, irrespective of their form of ownership, organisation, country of origin or, as the case may be, country of destination, in compliance with the international agreements to which Romania is a party.

Import and export licences shall be used only by the economic operators to whom they are issued. They cannot be transferred to other economic operators.

2. Applications for import and export licences filed on printed forms, in three copies, shall be signed and stamped by the representative of the economic operator who is responsible for the data included in the application form.

Printed and registered licence application forms can be obtained, against payment, from the Computing Center SICOMEX.

3. Application forms for import and export licences filled in, signed and stamped by the economic operator shall be submitted, after checking for their correctness, through SICOMEX to the General-Directorate for the Administration of Trade Policy.

Application forms may be accompanied by a note in which the applicant can present details deemed necessary for his request.

4. The General-Directorate for the Administration of Trade Policy has to process the applications for import or export licences and, within a period of time not exceeding 10 days from the date of registration, approve or reject it.

In case it is necessary to supplement the documentation in support of the licence application, this period of time starts from the date the respective supplementary documentation is received.

5. As a rule, export and import licences are issued for a period of validity which corresponds to the respective calendar year.

In the case of goods under quota, the period of validity is established in such a manner as to prevent the blocking of the quota, but not exceeding the period of validity of the quota. The period of validity shall be inscribed on the licence.
The validity of a licence is understood to mean the deadline up to which the goods can be cleared through customs. The period of validity can be prolonged after the end of the calendar year only by Order of the Minister of Trade.

6. Import and export licences are issued only for one country and one product or category of products precisely determined by the tariff heading or the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, as well the quantity and/or value. For stock exchange goods, import and export licences can be issued without mentioning the country of origin for imports and the country of destination for exports.

For goods under quota, the quantity allocated on the licence must be in the same unit of measure as that established for the quota.

For goods under a control régime (according to Government Decision No. 594/1992), the applicant must observe the provisions of the above-mentioned Decision.

7. In case of participating in international tenders where, according to the tender documents, the partner requires the existence of an export licence, the licence will have a provisional character and will carry the mention "Provisional for tender....Not valid for Customs".

8. For the export of finished goods under quota or temporarily prohibited for export resulting from outward processing operations, the economic operators shall apply for licences with the observance of the present instructions, enclosing a copy of the customs import declaration showing that the import is performed under temporary régime for outward processing and attesting that the finished product to be exported results from such processing.

These applications for export licences will compulsorily carry the mention "For outward processing export operations, based on customs import declaration number .... herein annexed".

9. The allocation of the quota can be made according to one of the following criteria:

A. First come, first served;

B. Previous performances.

(a) Each economic operator (with the exception of new-comers in the market) can initially receive export licences for 20-30 per cent of the whole quota, taking into account the level of demand and ensuring at the same time tradable quantities.

When establishing the 20-30 per cent level, previous export performances of the Romanian economic operators and of the foreign companies when importing from Romania shall also be considered, as well as the actual degree of utilisation of the licences previously requested.
Each economic operator new-comer in the market can initially receive export licences for quantities not exceeding 10 per cent of the whole quota established for the respective product, taking into account the conditions mentioned in paragraph 1 above.

(b) Supplementary export licences shall be issued for the remaining quantity available, according to paragraph 1(a), and only if the applicant has proven effective delivery of about 65 per cent of the quantity mentioned in the licence initially received.

(c) Expired and/or unutilized export licences will be cancelled; the quantities of goods involved will be made available to exporters other than those to whom licences were initially issued.

(d) For the benefit of economic operators new-comers in the market, 10 per cent of whole quota shall be reserved until 30 June of the calendar year; the quantities, for which until the above-mentioned date no request for licences are registered from economic operators new-comers in the market, will be allocated to other applicants in the order of their applications.

C. Organization of tenders for licences.

10. The quantities of goods, resulting from the non-utilization of licences within the validity period shall be made available.

11. The decision of establishing quotas and temporary prohibition of exports shall be announced by the Ministry of Trade at least 30 days prior to their coming into force, by publishing the lists of goods and respective quantities.

12. For goods under quotas, licences shall be issued only until the whole quota is used and licences shall carry the mention "QUOTA".

13. The issuing of import and export licences can be rejected in the following situations:

(a) the applicant is not authorised to carry out foreign trade activities or his authorisation was suspended;

(b) the quota is exhausted;

(c) goods are prohibited for export or import;

(d) goods are under control and the issuing conditions provided for by the legislation ruling the régime of the respective goods are not observed.

The refusal to issue import or export licences shall be justified in writing.
14. An applicant whose application for import or export licence was rejected may appeal against it within 15 days from the date of return of the licence application.

Appeals are to be considered within 15 days from the date of their presentation to the General-Directorate for the Administration of Trade Policy in the Foreign Trade Department and the decision is to be communicated in writing.

Economic operators who are not contented have the possibility to act according to the Law on Administrative Solicitor's Job No. 29/1990.

15. The modification of the term of validity of licences issued shall be done only through their partial or total cancellation, and new licences shall be issued under the new requested conditions. In such cases, the applicant is to present together with the new licence application the original and the copy for the customs of the initial licence.

16. The whole responsibility for the foreign trade operation, its efficiency, terms of performance, correctness of the price, observance of Romanian regulations, as well as of those of the partner or transit country, including standards, phyto-sanitary measures, anti-dumping rules, threshold prices, etc. are the applicant's responsibility.

The economic operator is also fully responsible for the utilization of the export and import licence according to the conditions established on issuance.

17. Non-observance of the régime of import and export licences bring about the cancellation of the licence and, as the case may be, the responsibility of the economic agent, according to Government Decision No. 764/1991.
## ANNEX 8

### CODIFICATION OF TERMS OF PAYMENT

The code number for the terms of payment is made up of 4 digits disposed as follows: a / b / c

a = Time of payment (2 figures)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>DENOMINATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Payments in advance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Payment on the spot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Payment at term</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b = Means of payment (one figure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>DENOMINATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Effective payment (order of payment, letter of credit, incasso, cheque etc).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Exchange of banking documents</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C = Modality of payment (one figure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>DENOMINATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Counter-purchase at the economic agent level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Barter at the governmental level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Clearing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Recovering of claims abroad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Credits at the governmental level</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Example of Code

3011: Cash at term by letter of credit
ANNEX 9
CODIFICATION OF IMPORT/EXPORT LICENCE NUMBER

1. The code number of the import/export licence has the following main compounds:

   E / a / b / c respectively I / a / b / c

Where:
- E = export;
- I = import;
- a = figure indicating the calendar year for which the licence is issued, as follows: 2 for 1992, 3 for 1993, 4 for 1994, etc.
- b = letter which indicates the category of import and export goods, as follows:

  C: goods under normal quota;
  L: goods under quota resulting from outward processing operations in Romania;
  P: goods under quota resulting from processing operations;
  A: goods under quota destined for the supplying of foreign ships and airplanes;
  B: goods under quota destined for the supplying of Romanian personnel on building sites abroad;
  M: goods under quota for delivery under building-assembling and complex installation contracts abroad;
  N: goods under quota shipped abroad for outward processing operations;
  R: goods under quota shipped abroad for processing operations;
  S: goods liberalized for export and import;
  D: goods temporarily prohibited to export, resulting from outward processing operations;
  T: goods under control;
  E: goods temporarily prohibited for export, resulting from processing transactions;
F: goods temporarily prohibited for export for delivery under building-assembling and complex installation contracts abroad;

G: goods temporarily prohibited for export destined for supplying of foreign ships and airplanes;

H: goods temporarily prohibited for export destined for supplying Romanian personnel on building sites abroad;

J: goods temporarily prohibited for export shipped abroad for outward processing operations;

K: goods temporarily prohibited for export shipped abroad for processing operations;

V: other categories of goods than those mentioned above;

- c = six-digit registration number issued by the Computing Center SICOMEX;

2. Example of code number for export licence:

E/3/g/127623

- E = export;
- 3 = valid in 1993;
- G = goods temporarily prohibited for export destined for supplying of foreign ships and airplanes;
- 127623 = registration number issued by Computing Center SICOMEX.
### CATEGORIES OF PRODUCTS HAZARDOUS FOR HUMAN HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, CODIFIED BY TARIFF HEADING
(GOVERNMENT DECISION NO. 340/1992)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>CATEGORY OF PRODUCTS (GENERIC DESCRIPTION)</th>
<th>TARIFF HEADING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Various products of animal origin</td>
<td>05.01-05.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Lacquers, resins and vegetable extracts</td>
<td>13.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Tars, oils, vaseline, paraffin, bitumen</td>
<td>27.06-27.10; 27.13-27.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Inorganic chemical products and organic and inorganic compounds</td>
<td>28.01; 2804.70-2804.90; 28.05-28.09; 2811.11; 2811.19; 28.11.23; 2811.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Halogen or sulphur compounds with metalloids</td>
<td>28.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Salts and peroxides, salts of the inorganic acids</td>
<td>28.28; 28.29; 28.37; 28.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Various inorganic compounds</td>
<td>2843.90; 28.44; 28.45; 28.48; 28.50; 28.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Hydrocarbons and derivates</td>
<td>29.02-29.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Phenols and derivates</td>
<td>29.07; 29.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Ethers, epoxides, acetals</td>
<td>29.09; 29.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Carboxylic acids, halogens, peroxides and peroxiacids</td>
<td>29.18 - 29.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Nitrate compounds</td>
<td>29.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Organo-inorganic compounds, heterocyclic compounds</td>
<td>29.31; 29.34; 29.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Vitamins and hormones</td>
<td>29.36; 29.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Heteroids and alkaloids</td>
<td>29.38; 29.39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
17. Antibiotics and other organic compounds 29.41; 29.42
18. Pharmaceutical products 30.01-30.06
19. Fertilizers 31.01-31.05
20. Tanning extracts, colouring substances, colours, paints, putty and martics 32.04-32.10
21. Essential oils, perfumery products and preparations and cosmetics 33.01-33.07
22. Soaps, washing products and lubricants 34.01; 34.02; 34.07
23. Albuminoid substances; amidon and enzymes 35.01-35.07
24. Various articles of inflammable materials 36.06
25. Oils, essences, resins, tars 38.04; 38.07
26. Pesticides 38.08
27. Various products of chemical industry 38.11; 38.13; 38.14; 38.17; 38.21; 3823.90
28. Plastic materials and products of plastic materials 39.01-39.14; 3917.10
29. Raw leather 41.01-41.03
30. Raw furs 43.01
31. Various sprays 96.16