The following proposal relating to automatic import licensing is circulated at the request of the delegation of Mexico.
PROPOSAL BY MEXICO CONCERNING AN
AUTOMATIC LICENSING CODE

Preamble

CONSIDERING the desirability of simplifying and harmonizing the
various procedures and administrative practices used in international trade
for the processing of import licence applications, in order to diminish the
restrictive effects of such measures,

TAKING into account that for the objective of expansion of, and
restoration of an orderly situation in, world trade, the active partici­
pation of countries members and not members of the General Agreement on
Tariffs and Trade (GATT) is essential,

HAVING regard to the recommendations contained in Part IV of the
General Agreement, recognized in the Tokyo Declaration and adopted in
Resolution 96(IV) of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development
UNCTAD), for differential treatment to be granted by developed countries
in favour of developing countries,

The adherents hereby agree the following:
Automatic Import Licensing

1. For the purposes of this Code, automatic import licensing is defined as the administrative procedure whereby licences or other documents needed to import products whose entry is authorized systematically prior to the contracting of the imports, are granted and/or issued promptly.

2. The automatic import licensing shall not be administered in a manner that has a restricting effect on imports of the products covered by that system, in particular imports from developing countries.

3. As from ..., developed countries shall eliminate automatic licensing for import of goods from developing countries.

4. In the course of the period set for elimination of automatic import licensing by developed countries, the latter shall not remove from that system products from developing countries in order to bring them under a stricter system, except for the purpose of eliminating the licence requirement.

5. The rules governing presentation of applications for automatic licences and related forms, and the lists of products subject to automatic import licensing shall be published promptly. The said rules and lists may be amended at any time by developing countries without prior notice.

\(^{1}\text{Note:} \) "Forms" are the documents that must be filled in to initiate the formalities for obtaining a licence.
Any changes in either the rules governing automatic import licensing or
the lists of products subject to automatic licensing shall also be
published promptly.

Similarly, the rules governing presentation of applications for
automatic licences and related forms, and changes thereto, shall be
notified annually to . Each country shall likewise promptly notify
the said whenever an automatic licensing requirement is introduced
or removed in respect of the product concerned.

6. All persons, firms and institutions which fulfil the legal requirements
of the importing country for engaging in import operations involving
products subject to automatic import licensing shall be equally eligible
to apply for and obtain licences or other documents needed for effecting
importation.

7. Application forms for automatic licences and forms required for other
formalities shall be as simple as possible. Where absolutely necessary,
a pro forma invoice may be required together with the application or other
form, to determine the value, quantity, nature and composition of the
product.

Similarly, if domestic legislation existing at the time of signature
of this Code so provides, other documents necessary for determining the
value, quantity, nature and composition of the product may be required.

8. No application or form shall be refused by reason of errors that do
not alter the basic data contained therein.

No adherent shall impose substantial penalties or refuse an application
or form because of minor and easily rectifiable errors in the documentation
annexed thereto. In particular, no penalty in respect of any omission or
error in the documentation obviously made without fraudulent intent or gross negligence shall be greater than necessary to serve as a warning.

9. To obtain a licence or other document needed to effect the importation, the applicant shall have to approach only one competent organ previously specified in the relevant rules referred to in paragraph 5 above.

Adherent countries whose domestic legislation still provides for the presentation of the licence application or form to more than one department shall harmonize their procedures as rapidly as possible in such a manner that the applicant has to apply to only one competent organ.

10. Applications for licences or forms may be presented on any business day, as prescribed by the legislation and practices of the importing country.

11. Applications for licences and forms which are properly presented and duly executed shall be granted or issued as soon as possible.